Quantitative Ability Exercise 1A

- 1.Selling an article at 2/3rd its Marked Price leads to a loss of 20%. If the MP is Rs 120, what is
the Cost Price of the article?
a.80b.125c.100d.120e. none of these
- Babu, Govind and Ramu have to push a cart-load to a shop 10km away. When both Babu and Govind push the cart, it moves at the speed of 5km/hr while Govind and Ramu can push it at 6km/hr. Govind alone can push it at the speed of 3kms/hr. How long will it take to reach their destination if all 3 push it together?

 a. 1hr 15 mins
 b. 2hrs
 c. 1 hr
 d. 1.5hrs
- 3. A, B and C start a venture together. B and C invest Rs 4000 and Rs 3000 respectively while A invests Rs 1000 initially and after 6 months withdraws his capital and decides to work as a working partner with 30% stake in the profits. If A gets Rs.1040 at the end of the year, what was the total profit? a.1200 b.3600 c.2400 d.4800 e.3000
- 4. 1728 3 * 35 * 12 = ? a. 628 b. 468 c. 768 d. 568 e. none of these
- 5. A tree is standing 200mts away from cliff. The angle of elevation to the top of the cliff from the top of the tree is 30° while that from the bottom of the tree is 45° . What is the height of the tree? a.200($\sqrt{3}$ -1)/ $\sqrt{3}$ b. 200 $\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}$ -1) c. 200 $\sqrt{3}/(\sqrt{3}$ -1) d. 200m e. none of these
- Ketan Parikh bought a certain number of shares for Rs. 27,400. When the market price of each share increased by Rs13 each, he sold them to make a profit of Rs2400. What was the market price at which Ketan bought the shares if the brokerage is ½ % in each transaction?
 a. Rs150
 b. Rs 137
 c. Rs 140
 d. Rs130
 e. Rs 133
- 7. A,B,C and D are 4 brothers standing in a row (not necessarily in that order) such that the difference between the ages of two neighbouring brothers is constant. A and B are twins while C is younger than A but older than D. If A is not standing at either of the extremes then B must be standing at
 - a. The first positionb. at either extremesc. Next to Ad. none of thesee. Cannot be determined
- 8. A thirsty crow stops by a spherical pot containing water. But unfortunately the water level in the pot is too low. The smart crow puts in 576 round pebbles in the pot and the water level rises upto the top thus bringing the water into the reach of the crow. If the radius of each pebble is 1cm and the pot was initially 2/3rds full, what is the radius of the pot? a. 12 b. $12(3/2)^{1/3}$ c. $12/(3)^{1/3}$ d. 576 e.None of these

How many kgs of sugar costing Rs18 a kg should be mixed with 24kgs of sugar costing Rs 20 per kg so as to get sugar costing Rs18.50 per kg?
a. 8 b. 16 c. 24 d. 72 e. 75

- 10. Two trains of same length moving in opposite directions have their speeds in the ratio 2:3. They take 10 seconds to cross each other. The faster train takes 25 seconds to cross a stationary train 500 meters long. What is the length of either train?
 a. 500 Mts.
 b. 250 Mts.
 c. 750 Mts.
 d. 400Mts.
- A shopkeeper sells a carpet at 15% profit and a shawl at 15% loss. If the SP of both the carpet and the shawl was the same, how much percent loss or profit did he make in the overall transaction?
 a. 2% loss
 b. 2.25% profit
 c. 2% profit
 d. 2.25% loss
 e. none of these

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- 12. Decrease of 20% in the SP increases the sale by 50% but decreases the profit to 0%. What was the initial profit percentage? a.10% b.12% c.25% d.30% e.none of these
- 13. In year 2000, following is the break-up of a certain group of 58 students who at least appeared for one of the entrance examination of various institutes viz. BIM, IIFT and CET.

CET	BIM only	IIFT	CET & BIM	IIFT only
30	10	23	0	8

What is the difference in the number of students who appeared only for CET and for CET as well as IIFT? a. 10 b. 15 c. 20

e. cannot be determined.

a. 10	b. 15	C. 2
d. 25	e. cannot be determined	

- A cone of radius 14 cm and height 15cm is cut in a plane parallel to its base. If the area of the circle at the intersection is 154sqcm then what is the height from the base at which the cone is cut?
 a. 10cm
 b. 5 cm
 c.15cm
 - a. 10cm d. 7.5cm
- 15. 5 men working for 12 hours a day can complete a work in 30 days. How much time would 15 men take to do ½ the work if they work for 12 hours a day ? a. 5days b. 4 days c. 10days d. 15 days e. 7.5 days
- 16.
 $x^6.y^5z^{11} \div x^7y^3z^2 \ast z^2y^{-3}$ for z = 2, x = 8 and y = 16 is.....?
 a. 4
 b. 8
 c. 16
 d. 1
 e. 32

 17.
 What is the angle between the hands of the clock at 8:24 p.m.?
 a. 100
 b. 107
 c. 106

 d. 108
 e. cannot be determined
 c. 106
 c. 106
 c. 106
- 18. Two sample CAT papers containing equal number of questions were to be prepared by Marlie and Bouncerdee. Marlie had tough and simple question in the ratio of 19 : 6. Bouncerdee had tough and simple question in the ratio of 47 : 3. Later it was decided that the two papers should be merged. What is the percentage of tough questions in the final paper? a. 87 b. 85 c. 59 d. 67 e. none of these
- 19. A person earns 1/3rd of his total income from his salary while 1/5th of the rest by working for an office on week-ends. He earns ½ of the remaining from royalty payment as the author of a best seller he had written some time back and the remaining amount from investments in stocks. If he earns Rs 1200 by working on the week-ends, what is the interest he gets from the investments?

 a. 2400
 b. 1200
 c. 3300
 e. cannot be determined
- 20. The ratio of the speeds of two trains is 3/2. The distance between them is 1000 meters and length of each train is 100 meters. What is the ratio of the time required for them to pass each other completely when they are moving in the same direction to the time required when they are moving in opposite directions?

a. 2:3	b. 3:2	c. 5:1
d. 1:5	e. can not be determined	

Quantitative Ability Exercise 1B

1.		class & III class passeng al no. of passengers is		el in an express train is & III class passengers is
	a. 35, 105, 245	b. 105, 35, 245	c. 245, 35, 105	d. 35, 245, 105
2.	What is the number wh a. 6467	nose square is equal to t b. 5442	the sum of the squares c. 1170	of 4683 and 4460. d.7863
3.		nooting competition, who nly once, in the given or b. 1/8		s the trip to the US. They of C winning the trip ? d.3/5
4.	two kinds of tea of rate		er Kg, respectively, be	100 kgs. In what ratio the mixed so that the cost of d. 11:13
5.	At what time between hand?	3 o' clock and 4 o'clock	the minutes hand is 4	minutes behind the hour
	a. 15 min. past 3	b. 27 min. past 3	c. 12 min. past 3	d. 6 min. past 3
6.	The relation between F	F1(x) and F2(x) is		
	a. $F1(x) = -F2(-x)$	b. $F1(x) = F2(-x)$	c. Both a and b	d. None of the above
7.	Mid-term(s) in the expansion $^{7}C_{3}(4x) & ^{7}C_{3}(32/x)$	ansion of $(x/2 - 4/x)^7$ is/a) b. $^7C_3(4x) \& - ^7C_4(32/x)$	are) c ⁷ C ₃ (4x) & ⁷ C ₄ (32x)	d. $-^{7}C_{3}(4x)$
8.		quarters of a kilometer a speed of man in still wat		1/4 minutes and returns in
	a. 4.2 kmph	b. 5 kmph	c. 5.5 kmph	d. 6 kmph
9.		d triangle ABC is 6 units n not be the third vertex		e (-2,-2) and (1,-2). Which
	a. (-2,-6)	b. (1,-6)	c. (-2,4)	d. (1,2)
10.	If 1, ω , ω^2 are three cu n factors equals	be roots of unity, then ($1 - \omega + \omega^{2}$) $(1 - \omega^{2} + \omega^{4})$	$(1 - \omega^4 + \omega^8)$ to
	a. Zero	b. 1	c. 2 ⁿ	d. 2 ⁿ – 1
11.		om each stock, find the		. 3200 in 4%
12.	Sum to infinity for 1 ² + a. 12	$-2^{2}/2! + 3^{2}/(2!)^{2} + 4^{2}/$ b. 24	$(2!)^3 + 5^2/(2!)^4 + \dots$ c. 27/2	d. None of these.

13.	Minimum value of f(x) = 3- x + 2+ x + 5 - a. 0	x I, will be c. 8	d. 10
14.	If m and n are integers and $\sqrt{mn} = 10$. Which a. 29 b. 25	of the following can not c. 52	be the value of m + n? d. 50
15.	An electric pump can fill a tank in 3 hours. Bee how much time, the leak can drain all the wate a. 20 hours b. 20.5 hours		.5 hours to fill the tank. In d. 22 hours
16.	Find fofof(x) if $f(x) = x/(1+x^2)^{1/2}$ a. $x/(1+3x^2)^{1/2}$ b. $x/(1+x^2)^{1/3}$	c. x/(1+2x ²) ^{1/2}	d. x/(1+2x ²) ^{1/3}
17.	For real x the equation $ x/(x-1) + x = x^2/ x $ a. exactly one solution c. at least two roots	 k-1 has b. exactly two solution d. infinite number of s 	
18.	From a pack of 52 cards, all face cards are probability that they are of different suit and di a. $(9/10)^4$ b. $(10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7)/10^4$	fferent denomination is	
19.	In what ratio should water be added to liquid 25% by selling the mixture at 12.50 per litre? a. 2 :1 b. 3:1	costing Rs.15 per litre c. 1:2	so as to make a profit of d. 1:3
20.	The real term of the sequence a+bi, (a-1)+(b-1 a. (b-1)th term b. bth term	l)i, (a-2)+(b-2)i, c. (b+1) th term	is d. none of these
21.	A can do a piece of work in 90 days, B in 40 o in turn i.e. first day A does it alone, second o cycle is repeated till the work is finished. They in proportion to the work each had done. Find the amounts a. Rs.14, Rs.64, Rs.162 c. Rs.34, Rs.64, Rs.142	lay B alone and third da get Rs. 240 for this job	ay C alone. After that the . If the wages are divided 42
22.	If I sell a horse for Rs.620 and a cow for Rs.2 sell the horse for Rs.630 and cow for its or horse and cow respectively is, a. Rs. 710, Rs. 90 c. Rs. 700, Rs. 100		
23.	The points (2a, a), (a, 2a) and (a, a) encloses a 2 b. 4	a triangle of area 2 unit c. $\sqrt{2}$	s then the value of a is d. 2√2
24.	A shopkeeper buys 150 articles on which he marked for sale at Rs.12.50 each. The sho remaining after allowing a discount of 20% c makes a profit of 38% on his outlay. Calculate a. Rs. 10 b. Rs. 9	pkeeper sells 90 of th on the marked price. Al	em at this price and the together he finds that he
25.	A and B start a business by investing Rs. 5 months A withdraws half of his capital. At the capital and C enters with Rs. 7000. At the enshare of each in the profit. a. Rs. 1400-A, Rs. 1900-B, Rs. 1780-C c. Rs. 1600-A, Rs. 1800-B, Rs. 1680-C	e end of 6 months, B v	vithdraws one-third of his ts are Rs. 5080. Find the 00-B, Rs 1780-C

26. The sides of the triangular piece of ground measure 15547, 17647, 3521 feet respectively. Find the length of the largest hurdle that can be used to fence it exactly without bending or cutting a hurdle.

a. 6 m	b. 6.5 m	c. 7 m	d. 7.5 m
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- 27. If x satisfies the inequality $x-1 + x-2 + x-3 \le 6$ a. $0 \le x \le 4.5$ b. $x \le 0$ or $x \ge 4$ d. none of these c. 0 ≤ x ≤ 4
- 28. A sum of money amounts to Rs.880 in 2 years at 5% p.a. simple interest. What will be the amount if the interest were compounded annually? d. Rs. 884 a. Rs. 881 b. Rs. 882 c. Rs. 883
- A man, who looked like a tourist, came to Ram's bicycle shop one day and bought a bicycle 29. from him for Rs.350. The cost price of the bicycle was Rs.300. So Ram was happy that he had made a profit of Rs. 50 on the sale. However, at the time of settling the bill, the tourist offered to pay in travelers cheques as he had no cash money with him. Ram hesitated. He had no arrangement with the banks to encash travelers cheques. But he remembered that the shopkeeper next door has such a provision, and so he took the cheques to his friend next door and got cash from him.

The travelers cheques were all of Rs.100 each and so he had taken four cheques from the tourist totaling to Rs.400. On encashing them Ram paid back the tourist the balance of Rs. 50. The tourist happily climbed the bicycle and pedalled away whistling a tune.

However, the next morning Ram's neighbour, who had taken the travelers cheques to the bank called on him and returned the cheques which had proved valueless and demanded the refund of his money. Ram guietly refunded the money to his neighbour and tried to trace the tourist who had given him the worthless cheques and taken away his bicycle. But the tourist could not be found.

How much did Ram lose altogether in this unfortunate transaction? a. Rs. 350 b. Rs. 250 c. Rs. 450

d. Rs. 400

- A bus number had a certain peculiarity about it. The number plate showed the bus number was 30. a perfect square and also if the plate was turned upside down, the number would still be perfect square. The bus company had only five hundred buses numbered from 1 to 500. What was the number? a. 169 b.36 c. 196 d. cannot say
- If $g_{1,}g_{2,}\dots,g_{2n+1}$ are in GP and $g_{n+1} = 50$, then g_{1} . g_{2n+1} is 31. b. 250 a. 200 c. 2500 d. 1250
- A man has a job which requires him to work 8 straight days and rest on the ninth day. If he 32. started work on a Monday, the 12th time he rests will be on what day of the week? a. Sunday b. Wednesday c. Tuesday d. Friday
- The sum of n terms of an A.P. is an+bn² where a, b are real numbers. Then common difference 33. of A.P. is a. 2a b. 2b c. a+b d. a-b
- 34. Three containers P,Q, and R have volumes p,q, and r respectively; and container P is full of water while the other two are empty. If from container P water is poured into container Q which becomes 1/3rd full, and into container R which becomes half full, how much water is left in container P? a. p - q/2 - r/3 b. (6p-2q-3r)/6 c. (5p-3q-2r)/6 d. (p-q-r)/6
- Five balls of different colours are to be placed in three boxes of different sizes. Each box can 35. hold all five balls. The number of ways in which we can place the balls in the boxes so that no box remains empty is a. 132

b. 155 c. 143 d. 150

36.	If r - 1, r, and r + 1 are a. greater than 3 c. less than 4	sides of a triangle; ther	n r cannot be b. less than or equal d. less than or equal	
37.		in which 10 candidates	s A1, A2,,A10 car	n be ranked so that A1 is
	always above A2 is a. 10!/2	b. ¹⁰ C ₂ [.] 8!	c. ¹⁰ C ₂ 9!	d. a. & b.
38.	In the adjacent diagra cuts an intercept of -1 What are the co-ordin a. (0, 21/2) c. (10,0)		h X (1,4) В С С	
39.	If $A_n = \{x \mid x \text{ is a mult} a. A_3 \subseteq A_{15}$	iple of n; where $n \in \mathbb{N}$ } b. A $_3 \subseteq A_5$	Then which of the follow c. $A_3 \cup A_5 = A_{15}$	
40.		is 8 hours and regular	week is 5 working day	s. A man is paid Rs. 2.40
F			If he earns Rs. 432 in	4 weeks, what is the total
	number of hours he waa. 180	orks? b. 175	c. 160	d. 195
41.	There are three pictur	e nails on a wall and sev	ven different pictures. Ir	n how many different ways
	can pictures be hung on a			
	a. 210	b. 420	c. 105	d. 120
42.	How many diagonals o a. 25	does a decagon have ? b. 45	c. 35	d. 55
43.		ch quadratic equation 3x	$x^{2} + 2(a^{2} + 1)x + (a^{2} - 3a^{2})$	a + 2) = 0 possesses roots
	of opposite sign lies in		(1.2)	
	a. (-∞,1)	b. (-∞,0)	c. (1,2)	d. (3/2,2)
44.		es through the given rec e formed. Which numbe s?		
	a. 7	b. 11	c. 9	d. 12
45.	The value of $ \log_{10} e $			
40.	a. 1	b. 2	c. less than 2	d. greater than 2
46.	•		-	mension is 60x40, with a ow many days will the cow
	a. 2	b. 18	c. 24	d. 6
47.	Find the area of the per- where O is center of th a. $\sqrt{3} + \pi$ c. $\sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{6}\pi$	ortion marked 'a' of the f ne circle. b. (3√3 - π)/6 d. √3π	igure below,	

48.	If a # b = $[ab/(a^2 - b^2)]$ a. a = 0, b = 1	+ a/b, for which values b. a = $\sqrt{2}$, b = $\sqrt{3}$	of a and b is a # b mean c. a = 0, b = 2	ngless? d. a =4, b = 4
49.	The remainder when 2 a. 1	. ³⁰¹⁵ is divided by 17 is, b. 2	c. 4	d. none of these
50.	An ant can crawl in the inches per minute, and and BD each equals to 29 an ant to crawl from A to F?. Start	d the area marked	at 5 inches per minu	area marked 2 at 3 ate. If BE = 51 inches, AC dow long would it take for <i>Finish</i>
	Α	ВС	D E	F
	a. 41 minutes	b. 47 minutes	c. 52 minutes	d. 75 minutes

Quantitative Ability Exercise 2A

1.	If the price of sugar inc sugar that could be bou a.10			ss in Rs 50. What is	the amount of c.16
	d.12		e. cannot be determ	nined	0.1.0
2.	Selling an article for R price of the article?	s.5 less results t	to a drop in profit fro	om 25% to 20%. Wh	nat is the cost
	a. Rs150 d. Rs125		b. Rs 80 e. data insufficient		c. Rs100
3.	A man earns 6% SI of deposits in Bank B. If t Rs 9000, what is the ar	he total interest h nount invested at	ne earns is Rs 1800 i 6%?	in three years on an	investment of
	a.3000 b.6	6000	c. 4000	d.4500	e.2400
4.	A man bought stock we Rs234 per share. He ir of Rs. 200 per share. It left with?	nvests the amour	nt thus obtained in 40	00 shares at 8% with	n market price
		13,600	c.12,800	d.16,000 e.n	one of these
5.	Zhansilal invests Rs15 earns Rs. 1,200 on th investment?				
		8.77%	c.12.33%	d.9.77%	e.10%
6.	What is the conversion a. 10100 d. 10110	of 24 in base 8 to	b base 2? b. 10010 e. none of these		c. 11000
7.	Two cones with same to cone to that of other is				
	thus formed is? a. 616 cm ³ . d. 1728 cm ³		b. 1858 cm ³ . e. cannot be determ	nined	c. 890 cm ³ .
8.	Two identical trains A cross each other comp much more time would	pletely. The num	ber of bogies of A a	re increased from 1	2 minutes to 2 to 16. How
		50s	c. 60s	d. 20s	e. 30s
9.	$F(G(x)) = x^2 - 4$ while $G(x)$ a. 5) = x(x-1), where :	x∈R. What is F(12)? b. 12		c. 10
	d. does not have uniqu	e value	e. none of these		
10.	If a shopkeeper incurs of 20%, what will be the		he article?	him Rs.50 after givi	-
	a. 40 d. 47.25		b. 56.25 e. none of these		c. 45
11.	A has 4/5 th of the numb which B sells, and B ha a. 10% profit		t is the profit or loss		orice per kg at
	c. 20% profit	d. 10% l		e. neither profit no	r loss
12.	If $\log_5 64 = x$ then $\log_5 82$ a. $x/2$ b.	3 =? x ^{1/2}	c. 1	d. ½	e. 2

13.	A regular six pointed star will be	d star is formed by jo	ining six rhombuses	with side 4cm. T	he area of the
	a. 52√3 d. 48√3		b. 45√2 e. cannot be detern	nined	c. 48
14.		15 got candies. If	ibuted among 45 ch 5 children got no cł		
	a. 5	b. 10	c. 4	d. 6	e. None of these
15.	What is the distance a. 0	e of the point P(3,5) f b. 2√2	rom the line given by c. 4√3	the equation: 4 d. 2.6	x – 3y + 1= 0? e. None of these
16.	How many times are a. 156	e the minute hand an b. 312	d the hour hand at ri c. 168	ght angle in a we d. 161	eek ? e.none of these
17.	Which is greater (i) a. i d. the numbers are		b. ii e. none of these		c. are equal
18.	Rs.4000 invested at invested at 0.5%per a. 5500		annum for 3 years is c. 5000	equivalent to wh d. 6000	at principle e.none of these
19.	man and the dog is dog to overtake the	300meters when the man?	a dog running at 16 dog started running	, how much time	will it take for the
	a. 5minutes	b.4.5min	c.3mins	d.6mins	e.250secs
20.	Ghelaram sells a mi		xed with 88 kg of ar ualities. He charges he two?		
	a. 1 : 2 d. Indeterminable		b. 2 : 3 e. none of these		c. 4 : 5

Quantitative Ability Exercise 2B

1.				m are 2 cm, 3 cm and 4 the corresponding sides
	a. 18, 36, 27	b. 18, 27, 36	c. 27, 18, 36	d. 36, 27, 18
2.	A distinct digit is repea	ated on all the even pos		on all the odd positions. wo digits is 10. Find the mum. d. 82828
3.	scheme, which gives him		0 %, compounded annuall	e of interest and saves in a y. Find the least number of d. 8 years.
4.				and 10% in both. If 2600 didates appearing in the d. 4500
				u. +300
5.	How many numbers div a. 95	visible by 8 are there bet b. 100	tween 900 and 1700 ? c. 105	d. 110
6.	diameter PQ, in a point T the circle is	8 cm, of a circle with cent such that CT = TQ, If RT		
	a. 14 cm c. 16 cm	b. 8 cm d. None of these		R
7.		fruits; Apples and ora	nges for Rs. 17. Had	he purchased as many
0	of an apple and an ora	nge.		Find the cost of one pair
	a. 70 paise	b. 60 paise	c. 80 paise	d. 1 rupee
8.				/hr. After going a certain at 4 ½ kms/hr. Find when
	cycle is punctured if the a. 50 kms	e total time for the journe b. 52 kms	ey is 8 ½ hrs. c. 54 kms	d. 56 kms
9.		shows two squares, e 0. If BC = 6 and CF = =?		D E
	a. 12 c. 18	b. 15 d. 19		F 5
10.		0 partly in 3% stock at 96. If the total income f		ind the sum invested in
	a. Rs. 1500 in 3%, Rs. c. Rs. 1200 in each.	900 in 4%	b. Rs. 900 in 3%, Rs. 1 d. Rs. 2000 in 3%, Rs.	
11.	How many three digit c a. 24	odd nos. can be formed t b. 4	from the digits: 2, 0, 3, 5 c. 12	? d. 6
12.	How many roots are po a. 3	bssible for the equation: b. 2	$\log_2 x^2 + \log_x 2 = 3?$ c. 1	d.None

13.		of a train including stop any minutes did the train b. 15 min		and excluding stoppages d. 20 min
14.	I) b!c! is least possible	, b, $c \in N$ and c is a con le among the three: a!b! sible among the three: a all distinct	, b!c!, c!a!	e following is true?
	a. I and III	b. II and III	c. III only	d. None of these
15.	forming a single word able to decode the me	I. He knows the correct ssage correctly.	position of all the A's. F	h he has to decipher by Find the chance that he is
	a. 3/10	b. 36/10!	C. ½	d. 1/13!
16.				ctively, both pipes being m may be just filled in 16
	a. 10 minutes	b. 12 minutes	c. 14 minutes	d. 16 minutes
17.	Greatest value of y = (a. 1	$(x + 1)^{1/3}$ - $(x - 1)^{1/3}$ on b. 2	[0,1] is, c. 3	d. 2 ^{1/3}
18.		number and n is any n - n is always divisible b b. 3		by type of permutations of d. 9
19.		ns a kilogram and a lit 1.250 kg/litre. The volun b. 5/7, 2/7		eighs 1.350 kilograms. A d in a litre of mixture is, d. ¼, ¾
20.	If f(x) is a polynomial sat a. 63	tisfying $f(x) . f(1/x) = f(x) + f(x)$ b. 65	1/x) and f(3) = 28, then f(- c. 67	4) is given by d. can not determined
21.	was caught by a smart In the cross examination up with the accused we to run after him. 'Yes S 'But then officer', intern 'That easy' explained to of his. So the number where I captured him'.	policeman who overtoo on, the lawyer of the acc who had already taken to Sir', the officer replied, he rogated the lawyer, ' how the officer, 'I have got a of steps I required wer A member of the jury v	k him. cused asked the police of wenty seven steps ahea e takes 8 steps to 5 step v did you ever catch him longer stride. Two steps e fewer than his and th who was quick at calcula	
22.	The equation e ^{sinx} – e ^{-s} a. one real value of x	^{sinx} – 4 = 0 will have b. two real value of x	c. no real value of x	d. none of these
23.			Iltiplied together, then th	ne probability that the last
	digit in the product is 1 a. 4/ 25	b. 4/ 10	c. 2/5	d. 16 / 625
24.	If a ² >a ³ >a ⁴ then which a. a<0	of the following represe b1 <a< 0<="" td=""><td>nts all possible values c c. a<1</td><td>of a d. 0<a<1< td=""></a<1<></td></a<>	nts all possible values c c. a<1	of a d. 0 <a<1< td=""></a<1<>
25.	Supposing a clock pe strike 10 ?	ndulum takes 7 second	s to strike 7, how long w	vill the same clock take to
	a. 10 seconds	b. 9.5 seconds	c. 10.5 sec	d. 11 seconds.
		13	Pankaj Gandh	ni's Academy/Quantitatiive Ability

26.	If 0 <a,b,c<1 a+b+<br="" and="">a. ((1-a)/a)((1-b)/c)((1 c. ((1-a)/a)((1-b)/c)((1</a,b,c<1>	-c)/c) ≥ 8 -c)/c) < 8	b. ((1-a)/a)((1-b)/c)((1 d. none of these	-c)/c) ≥ 6
27.	The value of the expre	ssion $\left[\frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{2(\sqrt{2}-1)} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2(\sqrt{2}-1)}\right]$	$\left[\frac{-1}{2+1}\right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$	
	a. (√2 + 1) / (√2 - 1)	b. √2	c. √2 / (√2 + 3)	d. √2 / (√2 + 1)
28.	If S9 = 1+22+333+444 a. 10 ⁹	4++9999999 b. 10 ⁹ -1	999, then S9- S8 is c. 10 ⁹ +1	d. 10 ⁸ -1
29.	In a chessboard total ı a. 1296	number of rectangles wil b. 204	ll be, c. 1200	d. 408 0 1 2 3
follor The and P pa on li and line	ctions : Qns.30-34 are wing figure. three number lines and are equally spaced. A firs each point on line A ne B by drawing a line the point on line A. The B are paired with points rawing lines parallel to I If a represents the var point on line B? a. a + 2	re parallel fixed point to a point through P e points on s on line C ine XY.	S R R	alue of the corresponding $d.a \times 0$
31.	If b represents the va point on line C ? a. b + 2	alue of a point on line E b. b - 2	3, what would be the va c2b	alue of the corresponding d. 2b -1
32.	If PT is parallel to XY, a2	what is the value at poin b4	nt T? c5 ^½	d 6
33.	With reference in Qn. a10	32, What is the sum of t b. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	the values at the points I c 7 ^½	R and T? d. – 8
34.				nd Q also pairs points on rs with the point on line A d. 2a
35.				are of thirty one days. A tly three days less than
	a. 15 /16	b. 1	c. 3/48	d. None of these .
36.		numbers is a, and when en x is equal to which of b. m(a + b)		nbers, the average of the d. (b - a)m+b
37.	All the five angles ma each of them equals t a. 30 ⁰ c. 36 ⁰	rked in the given figure o b. 45 ⁰ d. Insufficient data	are equal, then	
38.	How many different c anywhere from 1 to 3 a. 3		ed using three men? A c. 7	committee can consist of d. 5

39. A bag contains 10 blue marbles, 10 green marbles, and 5 red marbles. The marbles are removed one by one in a dark room, where their color cannot be seen. What percent of the marbles must be removed to insure that at least two of each color have been taken out?
a. 88 b. 24 c. 72 d. 100

40.						
	Height (inches)	48	54	60	66	72
	Weight (pounds)	100	120	140	160	180
	Using the table shown	n above, what	would you exp	ect to be the v	veight of a per	son who is 75
	inches tall?	h 100		00		-
	a. 185	b. 190	c. 2	.00	d. 205)
41.	A school has S students. both a team and a squad a. $S + Q + T + B$		lents are not on		a team?	students are on Q + T - B
42.	A five digit number x_1x side are in decreasing a. 9C_5 . 4C_2		mber of such			om x_3 on either ne of these
43.	M,N,O are consecutive a. $M + N + O$ is always c. $M + 2N + O$ is always	even.	b. N	ving is true? ⁄I + N + O is alv ∕I + 2N + O is a	•	
44.	If α , β are the roots of the $\frac{1}{2}(a + b\alpha + c\alpha^2 + d\alpha^3)$ a. $a + b/2 + c/3 + d/4$ c. $a + b + c + d$		$c\beta^2 + \beta^3) = b.a$	x + 1 = 0 then 1/4 + b/3 + c/2 + 1/2 + b/3 + c/4 +	+ d	
45.	Nitesh writes letters to four different persons chain is not broken, an spent on postage (in ru a. 17640	with the reques nd that it costs	at that they con 25 paise to n th set of letters	ntinue the chair nail one letter, y	n similarly. Ass what will be th	uming that the
46.	The intersection of two a. cube	cubes cannot b. triangle		rectangle	d. Noi	ne of these.
47.	A rainy day occurs o percent of all the days			of the rainy da	iys produce ra	ainbows. What
	a. 95%	b. 10%	c. 5	0%	d. 5%	
48.	Anil has 3 books and S always have three bo exchange the books in	oks with him a , is,	nd Sunil will I	have 6. The nu	umber of ways	
	a. 81	b. 82	c. 8	3	d. 84	
49.	A student walks from late. The next day he How far is the school f	increases his s rom his house.	speed by 1 km	/hr and reache	s his school 6	minutes early.
	a. 1 ½ Kms	b. 1 ¼ Kms	C. 2	kms	d. 1 ¾	₄ ƘMS
50.	If $\log^2 x - 5 \log x + 6 = a$. 2	0, then the valu b. e ²	ue(s) of x coul c. e	d be	d. e ² a	and e ³ both.

Quantitative Ability Exercise 3A

1.	There are 550 chocolates which have the child gets as much more than the second gets more than the fourth and so on. He gets at least 9 chocolates? a. 10	d as the second gets more than t	the third and the third
	d. 11	e. cannot be determined	0. 54
2.	70 students in a class have to choose Sanskrit. A subject may not be taught a students take English and 20 students and English alone, what is the maximum a. 30 d. 25	inless there are at least 10 stude opt for English and Hindi alone a	nts opting for it. If 40 and 5 opt for Sanskrit
3.	AB is the longest chord in a circle. C is a AC) = 2 x length(minor arc BC) and heigh circle will be.		
	a. 64π/3 d.4π	b.16 π e. cannot be determined	c.12π/5
4.	A person invests Rs24,000 in a 5% stoc every six months, what will be his incom 1%?		
	a. Rs3840 d. Rs.6600	b. Rs7680 e. none of these	c. Rs.3080
5.	Tap A fills a tank in 20 minutes while 12:00noon, A and C are simultaneously At what time will the tank be empty?	turned on and when the tank is ha	alf full, A is turned off.
	a. 12:35pm b. 12:45pm these	c. 12:30pm d. 12:55pm	e.none of
6.	When A walks at 4km per hour from hi walks at 5km per hour, he reaches 3 mir office?		
	a.1km d.0.5km	b.2km e.cannot be determined	c.3km
7.	Some amount of money is distributed distributed among 40 men, what is the the old amount?		
	a. 50% b. 60%	c. 75% d. 64%	e. 72%
8.	A quality of rice costing Rs 5 / kg is mix shopkeeper sells a mixture of these two has mixed the two?	qualities at Rs 6.66 / kg. What is	
	a. 4 : 5 d. 5 : 6	b. 1 : 2 e. none of these	c. 3 : 4
9.	How much % profit can be earned by s Price being 3 times of the CP?	elling an article at ½ its Marked F	Price with the Marked
	a.33.33% d.37.5%	b. 25% e. insufficient data.	c.50%

10. 3 Men working at 8 hours a day can paint a closed room made up of 4 walls, each of height, width and thickness 12, 24 and ½ feet respectively, in one day. How many days would be required to paint two rooms of the same dimensions if 4 men work 6 hours a day?

	a. 1 day d.2 days		b.3days e. none of these.		c.2 ½ days
11.	5 times a number is a. 1 d. both a and c	4 more than its squa	are. What is the num b1 e. none of these	per?	c. 4
12.			height but one-third	he base radius of a d	cylinder of
	volume 81cubic unit a.81 d. 9	S?	b.273 e. insufficient data		c. 3
13.	A line with equation D? a. 2 and 5	3x-2y = C cuts anoth b. 0 and 5	ner line x + y = D at (2 c. 2 and 3	2,3). What are the va d. 0 and 3	lues of C and e. 1 and 4
14.			angle to its height is	1: $√$ 3. What are the o	ther two
	angles of the triangl a. 30,60 d. 60,90	e :	b. 45,45 e. cannot be determ	nined	c. 56,34
15.			than that of Ben Jo en Johnson in a race		
	a. 580 m	b. 590 m	c. 600 m	d. 480 m	e. 595 m
16.	number of candles	they make everyday	iid Rs. 20 per day p y. Sadashiv gets Rs. ie ratio 2:1. Then La:	5 more than Lakshn	nan while the
	a. 25 d. 40		b. 30 e. cannot be detern	nined	c. 20
17.			the ratio 4:3 for 6 mo		espectively. If
	a.24000 d.48000	nent is 15% and A g	ets Rs 2700, what wa b.12000 e.insufficient data.	is the investment?	c.36000
18.		km with a speed of 2 age speed of the jour	20km per hour and tw	ice the distance at 2	5km per hour.
	a. 23.5kmph	b. 24kmph	c. 23kmph	d. 27.5kmph	e. 28kmph
19.	If log _x 288 = 2 then a. 2/3	$log_{x} 12\sqrt{2} = ?$ b. 3/2	c. 2	d. 3	e. 1
20.	points are marked of	on each of the lines	angle between any t with equal distance fr		
	a. 60° d. 135°	f the polygon thus fo	b. 120° e. insufficient data		c.180º

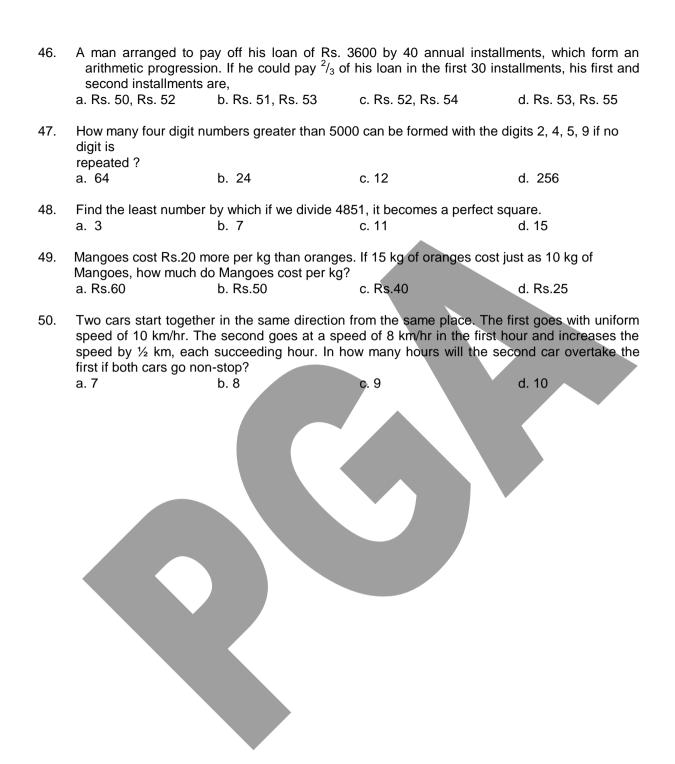
Quantitative Ability Exercise 3B

1.	Roots of 3x ⁴ –10x ³ + 4 a. 3, 2/3, 1, 1		c. 3, -2/3, -1, 0	d. none of these
2.		ne woman for 14 days an 3 : ¼ : 1/5. 7, Rs. 22.44		
3.	The angle between lin degrees. If line m is ro counterclockwise abo what is the angle in c and m'. a. 180 - (a+b)	tes I and m measures a stated b degrees ut point P to line m', legrees between lines <i>I</i> b. a - b		m' m b m P
	c. 90 + a - b	d. a + b	¥8	1 / /
4.	What is the maximum a. 3/2	value of x/y if $(x+y)^2 = 9$ b. 1	and (y+3) ² = 25 ? c. 5/8	d. None of these.
5. I. II III. IV		n A and B is equal to n t ween A and B is equal to		
IV	a. All	b. Only II and III	c. I, II and IV	d. I,II and III
6.		th uniform speed. They		a planchestpur running in ney in 42 minutes and 56 d. 28 min.
7.	travels 120 kms by tra	in and the rest by car. É and the rest by car. The	But he would take 20 mi	
8.	allows as many times lift is assumed to be which the lift can wo accommodate is	non-smoking adults as t equal to the weight of a rk is 134 Koni. The ma	the no. of smoking adult all the persons on the aximum no. of non-smo	don't smoke. Besides, it ts. The weight(in Koni) on lift. The safety limit unto king persons the lift can
	a. 121	b. 169	c. 123	d. 146
9.	99. He then invests th now holds and the alter a.Rs. 30,000 and Rs.	ne proceedings in 5% st	ate loan at Rs. 118. Fir b Rs. 25,000 and Rs.2	t 98 and the remaining at nd the amount of loan he 200 increase in income 400 increase in income
10.	20% profit, he never g		ls the horse at 5% gain	10% loss and carriage at and carriage at 5% loss,

a.Rs. 450 b. Rs. 500 c. Rs. 300 d. Rs. 400 **Directions :** Questions 11 and 12 are based on the following notations. If stands for addition, J stands for subtraction, stands for division, stands for multiplication. $\sqrt{1}$ stands for equal to and \leftarrow stands for greater than Which of the following is true 11. a. 10 $|2|4 \int 2\sqrt{5} \int 2|6|4$ b. 4 $|2|10\sqrt{5} \int 9|3|5$ c. 10 $|2|4 \int 2\sqrt{1} \int 8|6|9$ d. 4 $|2|10 \leftarrow 5 \int 9|3|5$ d. 4 $|2|10 \leftarrow 5 [9|3]5$ Value of the expression 15 3 2 2 2 4 6 2 is x then 12. a. x √ 3 b. x ← 11 C X √ 9 d. None of these 13. The C.I. of a sum of money in 3 years at the rate of 5% per annum is Rs.1261. What is the simple interest of the same sum of money in the same number of years but at 4% per annum of simple interest? a. 960 b. 900 c. 840 d. 800 Rs.1261.50 is divided between a brother and sister who are respectively 12 and 10 years old, 14. in such a way that if their portions are invested at 5% p.a. compounded interest, they shall receive equal amounts on reaching 21 years of age. The brother and sister respectively get Rs.. b. 600, 661.50 c. 630.75 each a. 661.50, 600 d. None of these 50% like Dharam, 25% like Hema, 30% like Sunny. All those who don't like any of these like 15. Bobby. All those who like Hema like both Dharam and Sunny. All those who like Sunny like Dharam as well. Number of people who like Sunny and not Hema is what percent of people who like Bobby ? b. 5 d. 50 a. 0 c. 10 16. The Middle number of the three numbers which are in the ratio 5 : 2 : 3 and sum of whose squares is 1862 is b. 12 a. 11 c. 13 d. 14 Reena and Neena are partners investing Rs.700 and Rs.1200 respectively. Reena is a working 17. partner and gets Rs.250 p.m. as working allowance. The shares of Reena and Neena respectively, in a profit of Rs.8700 after one year are, a. Rs. 5100, Rs. 3600 b. Rs. 3600, Rs, 5100 c. Rs. 3500, Rs. 5200 d. Rs. 5200, Rs. 3500 18. Last time I visited a friend's farm near Bangalore he gave me a bag containing 1000 peanuts. From this I took out 230 peanuts for myself and gave away the bag with the remainder of peanuts to three little brothers who live in my neighborhood and told them to distribute the nuts among themselves in proportion to their ages which together amounted to 17 ½ years. Tinku, Rinku and Jojo, the three brothers, divided the nuts in the following manner: As often as Tinku took four Rinku took three and as often as Tinku took six Jojo took seven. With this data can you find out what were the respective ages of the boys ? a. 7, $4^{1}/_{2}$, 6 b. 6, $4^{1}/_{2}$, 7 c. $4^{1}/_{2}$, 6, 7 d. $4^{1}/_{2}$, 7, 6 A cistern contains 50 kg of milk, 5 kg of milk is taken out of it and replaced by water. Then 19. again 5 kg of mixture is taken out and replaced by water. The proportion of milk and water in the resulting mixture is. a. 19 : 81 b. 81 : 19 c. 80 : 20 d. 20 : 80 20. There are three switches: BULB, FAN, MULT. Pushing BULB or FAN switch puts on the respective appliance. Pushing the same switch twice puts off the appliance, while pushing the same switch thrice puts on the alternate appliance. Pushing MULT odd no. of times puts off the appliance that's on while pushing it even number of times makes the bulb blink for a while.

		hat none of the applia). Each switch is operate b. 49/97	nces are on, if the switcl ed only once. c. 4/7	nes are pushed 1,2,3 d. 7/12
21.	Find the minimum valu a. abc	ue of bcx + cay + abz, wl b. 2abc	nen xyz = abc c. 3abc	d. 6abc
22.	By selling 200 chikkies a 20%	s, a seller gains the selli b 25%	ng price of 40 chikkies. The c 18 ² / ₅ %	e gain of seller is d 30 %
23.	If f be greatest integer be equal to a. 0	function and g be the n b. 1	nodulus function, then (gof) c1/3	(- 1/3) - (fog)(-1/3),will d2/3
24.			rs high, ascending 5 meter beating his process. In what	
	a. 10 minutes	b. 9 minutes	c. 8 ³ / ₅ minutes	d. 6 minutes
25.	For what values of the real values of x?	e parameter m, is the in	equality I (x ² +mx+1)/(x ² +x-	+1)I< 3 satisfied for all
	a. m < -11 or m > 7	b. m < -11 or m > 5	c. m < -1 or m > 7	d. m < -1 or m > 5
26.		n, n, o, t, u, w }. Define V	"follow", "thumb", "flow" an V _j = { x ∣ x is letter in the wo	
~-				
27.	shall never come together is		arranged on a shelf so the	āt two particular books
	a. 8!	b. 7!	c. 8! - 7!	d. 8! - 2 × 7!
28.	Let n (>1) be a positive $(1+n+n^2++n^{127})$ is	e integer. Then the large	est integer m such that (n ^m +	-1) divides
	a. 127	b. 63	c. 64	d. 32
29.	An orange seller sold second	I ½ an orange more tha	an half his oranges to the	first customer. To the
	customer he sold ½ a customer he sold ½ a	nd orange more than ha	If of the remainder and to If he now had, leaving him er had to cut an orange ?	
	a. 5	b. 7	c. 9	d. 11
30.	lf x < 1 & y < 1 th a. x+y > 1 + xy	nen, b. x+y < 1+xy	c. both a & b	d none of these
31.		hour. If the taps A,B,C a	and B can fill it in 3 and 4 I re opened at 1 p.m.,2 p.m.	
	a. 5.00 pm	b. 4.30 pm	c. 4.20 pm	d. 5.12 pm
32.	The (n+1) th term of a a. 3 ⁿ	GP is 3. The product of b. 3 ⁿ⁺¹	the first (2n+1) term is c. 3 ^{2n + 1}	d. none of these
33.			each in a library .The num	ber of ways in one or
	more than one book ca a. p ⁿ + 1	an be selected is, b. (p+1) ⁿ - 1	c. (p+1) ⁿ - p	d. p ⁿ

34.	In the diagram, if AD m following is always true a. angle A + angle D = b. angle A + angle B = c. angle 1 + angle 2 = d. angle A is supplement	angle B + angle C angle D + angle C 90°	he A	2 E
			с	
35.			ne largest of the five number	ers, what is the
	smallest value that m c a. 30	an have? b. 35	c. 28	d. 27
36.	lf the ratio of m to n an a. 5/6	d the ratio of p to q are t b. 1/12	both equal to 1/6, find the rac c. 1/3	atio of m+p to n+q. d. 1/6
37.	deals the cards, he tak	kes his 13 cards first an of the remaining in cl	equally divided in four pland distributes the remaining ockwise direction. Then the c. $52 \times 12! \times 39! / 52!$	cards by giving one
38.			against Pakistan is ½. Ass match series India's seco c. ½	
39.	If both the roots of the a. a>12	equation x ² – 6ax + 2 – 5 b. a<10	2a + 9a ² = 0 exceed 3, ther c. a>11/9	d. a>1/9
40.		les pass through each o cle is 1, what is the period b. $({}^{3}\!/_{2})\pi$ d. $({}^{8}\!/_{3})\pi$		вс
41.	If $a > b > c > d$, which c true?	of the following statemen	ts must be	
	I. a-b > c-d a. I only	II. a+b > c+d b. II only	III. a-d > c-d c. I and II only	d. II and III only
Divid	e the unit square into n		owing construction: neans of two pairs of lines ares in the same way. Then	
42.	Area left after two step a. 64/81	s is equal to b 46/ 54	c. 8 ² / 9 ² - 17	d. None of these
43.	Number of squares left a. 8 ²	after three steps are b. 8 ³ - 3	c. 8 ³	d. 8 ³ - 65.
44.	Length of the small squ a. 1 /27	uare after three steps is b. 1/9	c. 1/9 ³	d. None of these.
45.	If n is very large, then t a. 0	he sum of the areas of r b. 1	emoved squares after n ste c. approaches 0	eps is d. approaches 1

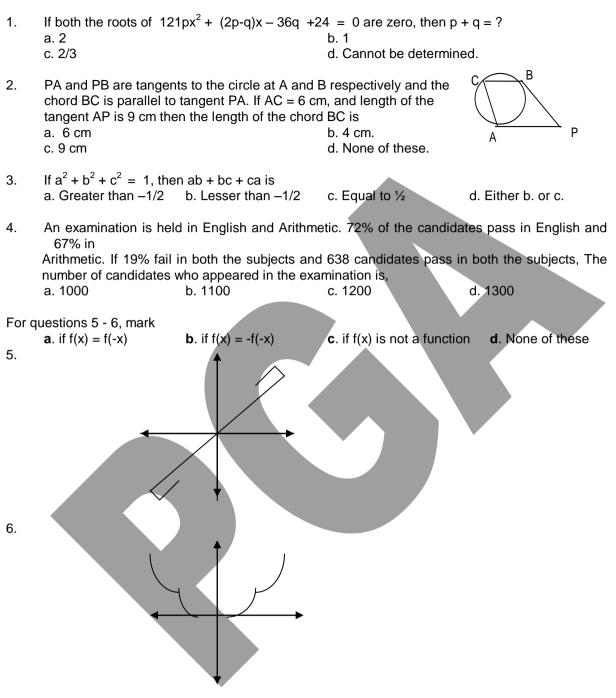


Quantitative Ability Exercise 4A

			-		
1.		is removed from a c to wine becomes 5: b. 25			
2.		es Black label and so		oda. How much so	da should be
	added so that the r a. 10 d. 30	nixture contains 40%	6 soda? b. 20 e. cannot be dete	ermined	c. 25
3.	doing his mathem number of marks then he should be	ulated a lot of marbl atics homework. Sa hat Johnny gets for given more marbles h did Johnny score in	atish agrees under the home-work exc equal to the 4 time	one condition that ceeds the no of ma s of the excess. Fi	t if square of the arbles that he gets
4.	5	running at speed 60	0kmph takes two m	inutes to overtake	a car. What is the
	speed of the car? a.50km/hr	b.56km/hr	c.52km/hr	d.54km/hr	e.60km/hr
5.		percentage if a disc	ount of 12% is give	en over the price the	nat is marked 25%
	above the cost pric a.11%	b.13%	c.10%	d.12.5%	e.none of these
6.		Rs 3000, 2,500 and F the year was 9,700. b.4,800			ectively. If the total e.none of these
7.		B are mixed in the ra		alloy costing Rs.13	per gm. If A costs
	a.Rs10 per gm, what a.Rs14 d. Rs.15	is the cost of B per (gm? b. Rs.10 e.can't be detern	nined	c.Rs.12
8.		rm in the following se	eries?		
	5, 8, 17, 32, 53, [•] a.67	ć b.80	c.74	d.64	e. 82
9.	3 women do a cert	omen do twice the w tain work in 9 days te double the work b	when they work 8	hours a day. How hen if they work 6 h	many days will be
10.	least one of the give	ople in Kolkata, 3 tra ven modes of comm			
	the population of th a. 720,000 d.480,000	ie city?	b. 600,000 e. can't be deterr		60,00,000
11.	soldiers. If the ratio	made to stand in a o o of the number of ro			
	are there? a. 70 d. 100		b. 35 e. cannot be dete	ermined	c. 50

12.			metal are melted an ones. The ratio of the		
	a. 1:2 d. 2:5		b. 2:1 e. cannot be deter	mined	c. 1:3
13.	What is log 2 to the a. 1/10	base 1024? b. 10	c. 9	d. 1/9	e.none of these
14.	What is the angle t a. 198	between the hands of b. 145	f the clock at 2:18 p.r c. 39	n.? d. 140	e.none of these
15.		ept 0 passes through will be the y co-ordir	the point (5 ² / ₃ , 11 ¹ / ₃) nate of P? b. 8 ¹ / ₂ e. none of these	P is a point on	the line with x co- c. 8
16.	2.6. The third daug	hter receives Rs 52,	e sons and 3 daughter 00. What is the differ efit and the son with I c. 4800	rence between th	
17.			ds 50 and 60 km per a station M at 2:00pr c. 100kms		
18.		ngle ABC are (2,3), (ts of the sides of ABC	4,3) and (3,0). What C? b. 0.75 sq. units e. insufficient data		angle obtained by c. 1.25 sq. units
19.	lf 27 in a certain ba a. 1102	ase is written as 1000 b. 2100) then how will 42 be c. 1010	written? d. 1120	e. 1210
20.			a cistern in 20 min ar d on simultaneously		
	a.1hr d.75min		b.1.5hr e. Can't be determ	ined	c.2hrs

Quantitative Ability Exercise 4B



7. In a certain year, the income-tax for taxable value over Rs.25,000 but not exceeding Rs.30,000 is computed according to the following rule: Total income-tax = Tax + Surcharge Surcharge = 15% of the Tax Tax = Rs.3200 + 30% of the amount by which the taxable income exceeds Rs.25,000. The total income-tax on a taxable income of Rs.27,400 would be, a. Rs. 4502 b. Rs. 4504 c. Rs. 4506 d. Rs. 4508

8.	Find the area of a tr	iangle XYZ shown in t	he adjacent	Y
	figure. a. 16	b. 20y		
	c. 5√2y²	d. 10y		30
			4/	4 y
9.	one lamp post to the n lamp burns 10 cubic fe	ight 100 gas lamps. To lext he takes 60 seconds eet of gas per hour. If he on the gas burnt when he b. 1000 ft ³	s. Each lights the x	d. 762.5 ft ³
10.	A vehicle covered a d	listance AB – 40 kms a	s follows: the first 10 km	ns at 5 kms per hour, the
10.	next 10 kms at 10 kms 30 kms per hour. The	s/hour, the subsequent [.] e return journey BA was e speed of the vehicle fo	10 kms at 20 kms per ho performed at a uniform	bur and the last 10 kms at n rate which was 23/24 s, B. Determine the average d. 10.6 kmph
	·			
11.	and no		gnt lines in a plane, of	which no two are parallel
	three are concurrent is a. 100	s, b. 110	c. 120	d. 130
12.	If three consecutive te a. 1	erms in the expansion of b. –1	(x ² + 1/x ³) ⁿ are in G.P. t c. Any value	hen the value of n is d. No value
13.			e ratio of 3:4:5 but by m this mistake, find the lo C : profit Rs.91 C : profit Rs. 91 C : loss Rs. 91 C : loss Rs. 91	histake this sum of money ss or profit of each.
14.	double that of the othe	•		and a half years at 5 % is d. none of these
15.				e mixes it with water and
	thereby gains 25%. Th a. 5%	ne percentage of water in b. 10%	n the mixture is, c. 15%	d. 20%
16.	If a,b,c € R and a>0, a. (4ac - b ²)/4a	then the least value of t b. $(4bc - a^2)/4b$	he expression $ax^2 + bx$ c. $(4ab - c^2)/4c$	+ c where x \in R is d. (4ac - c ²)/4c
17.	Find the least number a. 3974	which when doubled wi b. 3976	Il be exactly divisible by c. 3978	68,102,117 and 78. d. 3980
18.	escape pipe in half ar the same time accident the cistern be full?	n hour. The three taps a ntally left open and not	are turned on at noon, b closed for a quarter of	ively, and emptied by an out the escape pipe is at an hour. At what time will
	a. 12:10 pm	b. 12:15 pm	c. 12:20 pm	d. 12:30 pm
19.	A coin is tossed 6 time is	es. If A be the event the	at fourth toss results in a	a tail then, probability of A
	a. 1/(16)	b. 1/8	C. 1/2	d. 2/3

20.	A began business with Rs.6500. After 4 mon of the year the profits were divided in the ratio a. Rs. 3800 b. Rs. 3900	ths B joined with him a certain capital. At the end of 5:2. How much did B invest? c. Rs. 4000 d. Rs. 4100	
21.	125 gallons of a mixture of wine and water conadded to itto make the water 25% of tha. 8 gallonsb. $8^{1}/_{3}$ gallons		
22.	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{Let } f(x) = Sinx \hspace{0.2cm} ; \hspace{0.2cm} g(x) = n x \hspace{0.2cm} \text{if the ranges of th} \\ \text{respectively , then} \\ a. \hspace{0.2cm} R_1 = \{U: -1 \leq U < 1\} \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ b. \hspace{0.2cm} R_1 = \{U: -\infty < U \leq 0\} \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -1 \leq V \leq 1 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_1 = \{U: -1 < U < 1\} \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ d. \hspace{0.2cm} R_1 = \{U: -1 \leq U \leq 1\} \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V \leq 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = \{\hspace{0.2cm} V: -\infty < V < 0 \\ c. \hspace{0.2cm} R_2 = $	} 0}	
23.	For the equation $ x ^2 + x - 6 = 0$ a. there is only one root c. the product of roots is -4	b. sum of roots is 0 d. b & c	
24.	The number of students in three rooms is 138 2^{nd} room is 3:4. The ratio of the no. of student in the 1 st , 2 nd & 3 rd room respectively is, a. 56, 40, 42 b. 42, 56, 40	a. The ratio of the number of students in 1 st and ts in 2 nd & 3 rd room is 7:5. The number of studentsc. 40, 56, 42d. 56, 40, 42	
25.	The sum of the series $1 + 3 - 5 + 7 + 9 - 11$ a. 2n (3n - 1) b.3n ² - 4n	+ 13 + 15 - 17 + up to 3n terms is c.4n ² - 6n d. n (6n - 8) /3	
26.	For a real number x, [x] denotes the integral p [1/2] + [1/2 + 1/100] + [1/2 + 2/100] + a. 49 b. 50		
27.	Let $a > 0$, $b > 0$, $c > 0$, then both the root of th a. are real and negative	e equation ax ² + bx + c =0 b. have negative real part	
	c, are rational numbers	d. none of these	
28.	c. are rational numbers Both the triangles are equilateral triangles, wh circumscribed about a circle. Then, the ratio of a. 1/3 b. 2/5 c. 4 d. 5/2	nich are inscribed and	
28. 29.	Both the triangles are equilateral triangles, wh circumscribed about a circle. Then, the ratio of a. 1/3 b. 2/5	hich are inscribed and of areas of the triangles is	
	Both the triangles are equilateral triangles, which circumscribed about a circle. Then, the ratio of a. $1/3$ b. $2/5$ c. 4 d. $5/2$ The sum of the series $1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + \dots + 3^2$ a 21000 b. 21000 Sunil bought 100 wine glasses. He collected	hich are inscribed and of areas of the triangles is 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	
29.	Both the triangles are equilateral triangles, which circumscribed about a circle. Then, the ratio of a. $1/3$ b. $2/5$ c. 4 d. $5/2$ The sum of the series $1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + \dots$ a 21000 b. 21000 Sunil bought 100 wine glasses. He collected paise for every glass delivered safely and the broke. On settlement the servant received Restricts	hich are inscribed and of areas of the triangles is 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	
29. 30.	Both the triangles are equilateral triangles, which circumscribed about a circle. Then, the ratio of a. $1/3$ b. $2/5$ c. 4 d. $5/2$ The sum of the series $1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + \dots$ a. -21000 b. 21000 Sunil bought 100 wine glasses. He collected paise for every glass delivered safely and the broke. On settlement the servant received Resta. 3 b. 4 If x is very large, then $2x/(1+x)$ is a. close to 0 c. close to 2 Cost of cleaning a tall chimney of height 100 after that is x paisa more than that of the pred Rs. 204, then the value of x is	hich are inscribed and of areas of the triangles is $1.11111 + 199^2 - 200^2$ is c. -20100 d. 20100 d through his servant, offering him for delivery 3 hreatened to forefeit 9 paise for every glass he s.2.40. How many glasses did he break? c. 5 d. 6 b.arbitrarily large d.greater than 2 ft is 6 paisa for first foot and the cost of each foot ceding foot. If total cost of cleaning the chimney is	t
29. 30. 31.	Both the triangles are equilateral triangles, which circumscribed about a circle. Then, the ratio of a. $1/3$ b. $2/5$ c. 4 d. $5/2$ The sum of the series $1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + \dots$ a. -21000 b. 21000 Sunil bought 100 wine glasses. He collected paise for every glass delivered safely and the broke. On settlement the servant received Restar a. 3 b. 4 If x is very large, then $2x/(1+x)$ is a. close to 0 c. close to 2 Cost of cleaning a tall chimney of height 100 after that is x paisa more than that of the prediction of the server of th	hich are inscribed and of areas of the triangles is 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	t
29. 30. 31.	Both the triangles are equilateral triangles, where circumscribed about a circle. Then, the ratio of a. $1/3$ b. $2/5$ c. 4 d. $5/2$ The sum of the series $1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 + \dots$ a. -21000 b. 21000 Sunil bought 100 wine glasses. He collected paise for every glass delivered safely and the broke. On settlement the servant received Rest a. 3 b. 4 If x is very large, then $2x/(1+x)$ is a. close to 0 c. close to 2 Cost of cleaning a tall chimney of height 100 after that is x paisa more than that of the pred Rs. 204, then the value of x is a. 2 b. 3 A teacher wants to demonstrate an experiment	hich are inscribed and of areas of the triangles is $\begin{array}{c} & & \\ &$	t;

34.			ot ball, 70 % play voll ren playing all the th c. 25 %	ey ball and 75 % play basket ball. ree games. d. 65 %
35.		k points on I3, the	maximum number o	ane. A total number of m points or f triangles formed with vertices a
	a. ${}^{m+n+k}C_3$	b. ^{m+n+k} C ₃ - ^m C ₃ - ⁿ C ₃	$^{-k}C_3$ c. $^{m}C_3$ + $^{n}C_3$ +	$^{k}C_{3}$ d. none of these
36.	What is the smalles a. 30	t possible value of x b. 150	y if 2x - 4 ≥ 6 and 8 - c. 15	$y \le 5$? d. 52
37.		tices of a regular he hree vertices is equi b. 1/5		random. The probability that the d. 1/20
38.		he equation, (1/x) + (but opposite sign is b. b = m	(1/(x+b)) = (1/m) + (1) c. b ² = 2m ²	/(m+b)) has real roots that are d. none of these
39.	age to his sister's a	ge?		puble, what will be the ratio of his
	a. 4/3	b. 2	c. 2 ¹ / ₂	d. 6/5
40.	interest after two y		One fourth of the first	other at 7 % S.I. His income from at sum is equal to one fifth of the
	a. 1200	b. 2400	c. 2500	d. 2700
ordir	nate axis		wing diagram in whi	
ordin	nate axis	C	A E C O F D H	B lines <i>IJ, GH,</i> and <i>EF</i> are parallel,
41.		= OG then which of t b. OI = OD	A E C O	lines <i>IJ, GH,</i> and <i>EF</i> are parallel,
	If we know that OF a. $OE = OH$	b. OI = OD	A E C O F D H H J J	lines <i>IJ, GH,</i> and <i>EF</i> are parallel, ont is true? d. OA = OB
41.	If we know that OF a. $OE = OH$ Given OB is equal S a. 3 Triangles OCD and and OG is unit long.	b. OI = OD 5 units, CD equal 3 u b. $4^4/_5$ OGH are congruent. . Find the length of A	A E C C F D H H J H H J H H J H H H J H H H H J H H H H H H H H H H H H H	lines <i>IJ, GH,</i> and <i>EF</i> are parallel, ent is true? d. OA = OB units, find BD. d. $3^{1}/_{8}$ 2 units long, OA is 3 units long,
41. 42.	If we know that OF a. OE = OH Given OB is equal 8 a. 3 Triangles OCD and and OG is unit long a. $4^2/_3$ How many pairs of 5	b. OI = OD 5 units, CD equal 3 u b. $4^4/_5$ OGH are congruent. Find the length of A b. 8 similar triangles are t	the following stateme c. $EF = CD$ mits, and AB equal 8 c. $5^{1}/_{5}$ Furthermore, GH is B. c. 5 there in the diagram?	lines <i>IJ</i> , <i>GH</i> , and <i>EF</i> are parallel, d. OA = OB units, find BD. d. $3^{1}/_{8}$ 2 units long, OA is 3 units long, d. 6
41. 42. 43.	If we know that OF a. OE = OH Given OB is equal s a. 3 Triangles OCD and and OG is unit long a. $4^2/_3$	b. OI = OD 5 units, CD equal 3 u b. $4^4/_5$ OGH are congruent. Find the length of A b. 8	the following statemet c. $EF = CD$ mits, and AB equal 8 c. $5^{1}/_{5}$ Furthermore, GH is B. c. 5	lines <i>IJ</i> , <i>GH</i> , and <i>EF</i> are parallel, d. OA = OB units, find BD. d. $3^{1}/_{8}$ 2 units long, OA is 3 units long, d. 6

45.	For which value of m is a. 1	s it impossible to have a b. 1 ¹ / ₂	triangle with sides m, m c. 3	h + 2, m + 3? d. π
46.	What is the value of th log (9/14) - log(15/16) a. 0	e following expression ? + log (35/24) b. 1	с. 2	d. 3
47.		license plates can be m lowed by three different b. 1560		each contains one letter d. 1580
48.	preceding year by half		eding year. If he had sa	unt saved by him in the ved Rs. 6650 in 6 years, d. Rs. 360
49.		olayers made an average of runs scored by other d. 206		d. 218
50.	If r, s, and t are conset a. rs = t	cutive odd integers with b. r + t = 2t - s	r < s < t, which of the fol c. $r + s = t + 2$	lowing must be true? d. r + t = 2s

Quantitative Ability Exercise 5A

1.	 There are some ants that are walking down a trail of sugar crystals dead cockroach and half of the remaining are too tired to move continue the sugar trail, 19 stop to drink water and thus only destination. What is the number of ants that are tired? a. 6 b. 114 d. 38 	ve ahead. Among those that 1/6 th of the total reach their c. 25
2.	36km/hr and 30km/hr respectively while C ran his 100m in 12se 10m/s. If the other 3 teams took 45, 44, 48 and seconds, who cros	conds. D ran at the speed of
3.	 B. The last digit of a certain number in decimal number system when well as in base 8 is 1, while the second-last digits have difference digits in base 12 as well as base 8, what is the number? a. 25 b. 37 c. cannot be determined 	e 1. If the number has only 2 c. 49
4.	4. $(12^3. 25^{3/2} 16^4 3^3) \div (4^2 5^{-3} 8^3 45^3 / 24^3) \times x^{y} = 1$. Which of the followi	ng can be the values of x
	and y?	
	a. 320, 2 b. 960, 3 c. 160, 5 d. 3	20, 3 e.none of these
5.		take to kill 100 mice? 0 minutes e.none of these
6.	6. What is the difference between the compound interest received interest received for 3 years at the rate of 10% pa on a principal of a.1800 b.600 c.790 d.69	Rs10000?
	4.1000 0.000 0.100 0.000	0 0.1210
7.	7. What is the profit earned when selling price of 20 articles is same a.4.25% b.5% d.4.76% e. cannot be determined	c.6%
0	Company work for 20 hours a work to complete a work in 5 works if	2 warman are an ivelant to 5
8.	3. 5 men work for 20 hours a week to complete a work in 5 weeks. If men, how many days will 2 women take to finish the same work week?	
	a.5weeksb.4 weeksd.2 weekse.insufficient data	c.2.5 weeks
9.	 The 'n'th root of product of n numbers in GP is 2, where n is an cube root of the product of the middle three numbers if the common a. 2 b. 4 c. 6 d.insufficient 	n ratio for the GP is ½?
10.	10.A money lender borrows some money at a simple interest of 8 compound interest. If he earns Rs 944 after 2 years, what was the a.Rs12,000b.Rs15,000c.Rs10,000d.Rs25	principal he borrowed?
11.	and another with line $x = 6$. Then P will lie on the line	nciding with the positive axes b and c e. all a, b and c
	a. $y = 3$ b. $x = 3$ c. $x = y$ d.both	
12.	12. Among 80 people who go for an expedition in the dessert, 57 carrying mirrors. According to the instructions of the director of the goes out for investigation must have at least 5 people who hav What is the maximum number of groups that can be formed? a. 4 b. 5	e expedition every group that
	d. 22 D. 5 e. inconsistent data.	U. 1

13.	How many times are	e the minute hand an	d the hour hand coin	cide in a week ?	
	a. 89	b. 156	c. 154	d. 158	e.None of these

- 14. The square of the custom duty is proportional to the selling price of the article paid for it after deducting the production cost. The selling price of a lipstick is Rs 202 while that of face cream is Rs. 73. If the production cost for each of them is Rs 2 and Re. 1 respectively and the custom duty for the lipstick is 10, find the custom duty paid on the face cream.
 a. 5
 b.6
 c.7
 d.36
- 15.An article is sold at a loss of 10% and another of 1/3rd that cost price is sold at a profit of 20%.
The total loss or profit on the total transaction is:
a.profit 10%
d. loss 2.5%b.no profit no loss
e.cannot be determined
- 16. What is the length of a train that overtakes a man cycling at the speed of 20km/hr in 27 seconds and a lamp-post in 18 seconds? a.250m b.300m c.350m d.400m e.450m

17. A hemisphere of radius 3½ is cut out of a solid cone with base radius 7 and height 4√2. What is the surface area of the resultant solid?
a. 390.5
b. 512.5
c. 212.3
e. none of these.

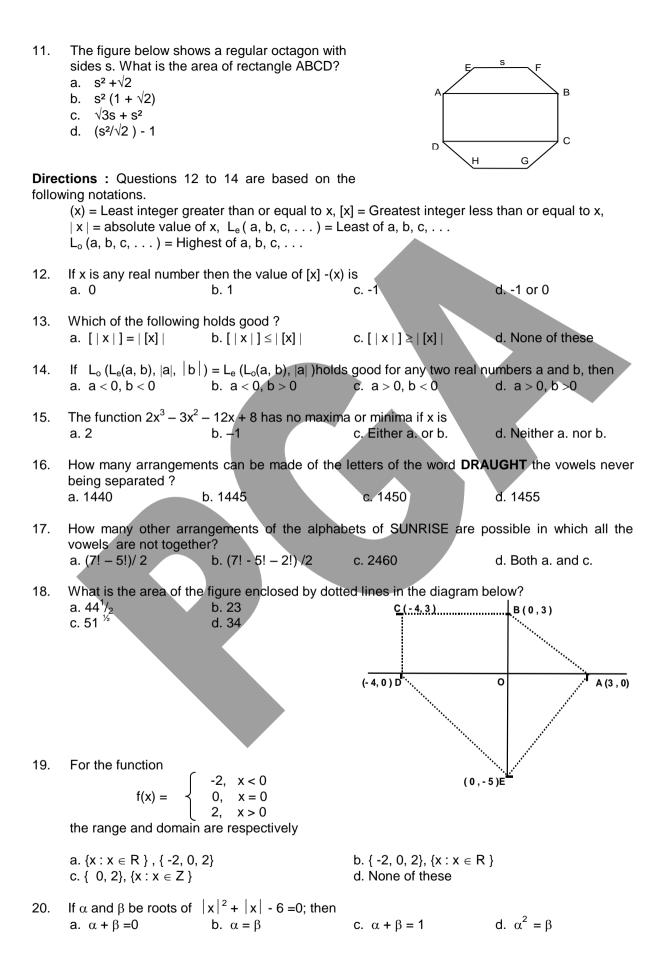
- 18. An ant is on the inside wall of a cylindrical glass vessel, 14 cm in diameter, at a distance of 5 cm from the rim. It sees a cube of sugar on the outside wall of the vessel, diametrically opposite to where the ant is, and at the same distance from the rim. What is the shortest distance the ant has to traverse to get to the cube of sugar? a. $18\sqrt{2}$ b. 24 c. $12\sqrt{3}$ d. 14 e. $14\sqrt{3}$
- 19. The expenditure of Mr & Mrs Nene is Rs.1,700 and Rs.2,900 and that of Mr. & Mrs. Dixit is 9 : x. If their combined spending of the husbands and that of their wives is in ratio 35 : 57, find the value of x if the expenditure given that the husbands together spend Rs.3,500.

		_	
Mr.	Mrs.		
1700	2900		
9	Х		
35	57		
b.12	c.28	d.14	e.none of
	1700 9 35	1700 2900 9 X 35 57	1700 2900 9 X 35 57

20. Mr. Batliboi invests some amount in gold. After one year he makes a profit of 100% on his investment and invests half of it in shares, where he makes a loss of 50%. If he invests the other half in gold again, what is the profit % age profit that he must make on his gold investment to have an overall profit of 100% on his original amount?
a.25
b. 50
c. 75
d. 100
e. 200

Quantitative Ability Exercise 5B

1.	In the diagram, what is th triangle ABC, if AD is p a. 16 + 2√10 c. 20		7 A	5
2.	A sum was invested a compound interest in the annual rate of inter a. 5 %	at compound interest pa December 1995 was Rs	yable half yearly, in Ju s. 225 and in June 1996 c. 6 %	ne and December. If the 5 it was Rs.236.25. Then d. 8 %
3.	Which of the following a. $x \neq 0$	conditions is necessary b. y ≠ 0	so that $x^2 - xy = 2x - 2y$ c. $x > 0$	will imply that $x = 2$? d. $x \neq y$
4.			and 60 miles per hour g 100 miles uphill and the c. 33 $^{1}/_{3}$	
5.	In the figure below, AB ED. What is the measu a. 45 ⁰ c. 30 ⁰		A	C 30 ⁰ E D
6.	The times between 7 a to the nearest minute, clock will form an angl a 7.23 and 7.52	when the hands of a	c 7.23 and 7.53	d 7.21 and 7.49
7.	If third term of a G.P. is a. 243	s 3, then the product of f b. 342	irst five terms is c. 234	d. Insufficient data.
8.		supply last for 10 days		nk, 5 litres of water waste /s less will the supply last
	a. 15 days	b. 16 days	c. 18 days	d. 20 days
In an Also		ice 3, product of 1 st and he first term and commo		e square of the third term. term of AP, then 4 th term
9.	The no. of terms in AP a. 8	are b. 10	c. 11	d. 13
10.	The G.P. has common a. 1	ratio of b. 2	C. ½	d. Data insufficient



21.	If x is real, then the lea a. −1	st value of the expressi b. −1/2	on (x ² -6x+5)/(x ² +2x+1) is c. –1/3	d. none of these
22.	rate of 16 miles and 27	1 miles per hour respect		owards each other at the was found. that one train the two stations. d. 620 miles
23.	The number of integra a. 0	l values of x for which (5 b. 1	x-1) < (x+1) ² < 7x-3 is c. 2	d. 3
24.	the former class and 2		manent employees. The	ne rest unskilled. 80% of number of employees of d. 190
25.	the warehouse is valu	ed at Rs.9600. The pro		valued at Rs.23,600 and 60% of the value of the e respectively is,
26.			ells 6 cows at 10% loss. n a profit of 10% on tota c. Rs. 1750	4 cows die. At what rate l investment? d. Rs. 1775
27.			ted by 10, 15 and 20 me ted to the different distric c. 45!/(10!×15!×20!)	
28.				5 days, a reinforcement e. What is the strength of
	a. 1700	b. 1800	c. 1900	d. 2000
29.		b. 1800 inequality 4 ^{-x+0.5} - 7(2) ⁻² b. (-2, ∞)		d. 2000 d. (2,7/2)
29. 30.	The solution set of the a. (-∞,∞)	inequality 4 ^{-x+0.5} - 7(2) ⁻³ b. (-2, ∞) can beat B by 40 meter	⁶ – 4 < 0 (x € R) is c. (2, ∞)	
	The solution set of the a. $(-\infty, \infty)$ In a kilometer race, A meters can A beat C in a. 44 m	inequality $4^{-x+0.5} - 7(2)^{-3}$ b. (-2, ∞) can beat B by 40 meter a 500 meter race?	^c – 4 < 0 (x € R) is c. (2, ∞) rs and B can beat C by	d. (2,7/2) 50 meters. By how many
30.	The solution set of the a. $(-\infty, \infty)$ In a kilometer race, A meters can A beat C in a. 44 m If x is real and k = $(x^2 - a. 1/3 \le k \le 3)$ If I(OP) = 3 units, and is	inequality $4^{-x+0.5} - 7(2)^{-x}$ b. (-2, ∞) can beat B by 40 meter a 500 meter race? b. 45 m $x + 1)/(x^2 + x + 1)$ then b. k ≥ 5 P, Q, R, and S are equ	 ⁶ - 4 < 0 (x € R) is c. (2, ∞) and B can beat C by c. 45 m c. k ≤ 0 aidistance from O, then t 	d. (2,7/2) 50 meters. By how many d. 46 m d.none of these he area of square PQRS
30. 31.	The solution set of the a. $(-\infty, \infty)$ In a kilometer race, A meters can A beat C in a. 44 m If x is real and k = $(x^2 - a. 1/3 \le k \le 3)$ If I(OP) = 3 units, and	inequality $4^{-x+0.5} - 7(2)^{-3}$ b. (-2, ∞) can beat B by 40 meter a 500 meter race? b. 45 m x + 1)/(x ² + x + 1) then b. k ≥ 5	f - 4 < 0 (x ∈ R) is c. (2, ∞) rs and B can beat C by c. 45 m c. k ≤ 0	d. (2,7/2) 50 meters. By how many d. 46 m d.none of these
30. 31.	The solution set of the a. $(-\infty, \infty)$ In a kilometer race, A meters can A beat C in a. 44 m If x is real and k = $(x^2 - a. 1/3 \le k \le 3)$ If $I(OP) = 3$ units, and is a. 36 A man is picked-up by one hour earlier, so he pm. He started walking and arrived 10 minute picked up by his wife.	inequality $4^{-x+0.5} - 7(2)^{-3}$ b. $(-2, \infty)$ can beat B by 40 meter a 500 meter race? b. 45 m $x + 1)/(x^2 + x + 1)$ then b. $k \ge 5$ P, Q, R, and S are equ b. 18 his wife from the station is took an earlier train a ghome. En route he me s earlier than the usual	6 – 4 < 0 (x € R) is c. (2, ∞) rs and B can beat C by c. 45 m c. k ≤ 0 nidistance from O, then t c. 6 √21 n everyday. One day he and arrived at the station t his wife and got into th time. How long did the	 d. (2,7/2) 50 meters. By how many d. 46 m d.none of these he area of square PQRS d. 16√2 was left off from the work 5 pm instead of usual 6 he car. They drove home man walk before he was
30. 31. 32. 33.	The solution set of the a. $(-\infty, \infty)$ In a kilometer race, A meters can A beat C in a. 44 m If x is real and k = $(x^2 - a. 1/3 \le k \le 3)$ If $I(OP) = 3$ units, and is a. 36 A man is picked-up by one hour earlier, so he pm. He started walking and arrived 10 minute picked up by his wife. a. 55 minutes	inequality $4^{-x+0.5} - 7(2)^{-x}$ b. $(-2, \infty)$ can beat B by 40 meter a 500 meter race? b. 45 m $x + 1)/(x^2 + x + 1)$ then b. $k \ge 5$ IP, Q, R, and S are equ b. 18 his wife from the station e took an earlier train a ghome. En route he me s earlier than the usual b. 15 minutes	6 - 4 < 0 (x ∈ R) is c. (2, ∞) rs and B can beat C by c. 45 m c. k ≤ 0 nidistance from O, then t c. 6 √21 n everyday. One day he and arrived at the station t his wife and got into th time. How long did the c. 45 minutes	 d. (2,7/2) 50 meters. By how many d. 46 m d.none of these he area of square PQRS d. 16√2 was left off from the work 5 pm instead of usual 6 he car. They drove home man walk before he was d. 50 minutes
30. 31. 32.	The solution set of the a. $(-\infty, \infty)$ In a kilometer race, A meters can A beat C in a. 44 m If x is real and k = $(x^2 - a. 1/3 \le k \le 3)$ If $I(OP) = 3$ units, and is a. 36 A man is picked-up by one hour earlier, so he pm. He started walking and arrived 10 minute picked up by his wife. a. 55 minutes	inequality $4^{-x+0.5} - 7(2)^{-x}$ b. $(-2, \infty)$ can beat B by 40 meter a 500 meter race? b. 45 m $x + 1)/(x^2 + x + 1)$ then b. $k \ge 5$ IP, Q, R, and S are equ b. 18 his wife from the station e took an earlier train a ghome. En route he me s earlier than the usual b. 15 minutes	6 – 4 < 0 (x ∈ R) is c. (2, ∞) rs and B can beat C by c. 45 m c. k ≤ 0 nidistance from O, then t c. 6 √21 n everyday. One day he and arrived at the station t his wife and got into th time. How long did the c. 45 minutes	 d. (2,7/2) 50 meters. By how many d. 46 m d.none of these he area of square PQRS d. 16√2 was left off from the work 5 pm instead of usual 6 he car. They drove home man walk before he was

35.	work together but A le		ys before the completion	s. All the three began the of work. How many days d. 24 days
	a. 21 uays	D, 22 uays	0. 23 uays	u. 24 uays
36.	The value of (0.2) \log_{100}	^{I/4 + 1/8 +1/16+∞)} is		
	a. 2	b. 4	c. 8	d. 16
37.	In the given diagram, <i>J</i> unitslong, CD is 3 unit 3/2 units long and ABC area of 20, KJGD has and DHFE has an area the area of IJGH. a. 10 c. 12	s long, DE is CK has an an area of 5,	10	C 5 3 D G H $3y_2$ 6 F
38.		U		at of Green horn is 0.509. d. 6
39.	per day and receive t more and receives pr	he same hourly wage oportional increase in aid to them was Rs. 27, 60, Rs. 10.70	s. After 3 days, each st	Rs. 10.60
40.	second class ticket co		other lot of 16 tickets in	et costs Rs.50 and each which the present number d. Rs. 600
41.	which it can be done if	A wants to speak befo	, are to speak at a function ore B, and B wants to spe c. 10!/3!	
42.		ng meets a man going onds. At what rate is the b. 45 kmph		the rate of 10 kms/hr and d. 55 kmph
43.				at 20% profit. B sold it to C ht. The amount at which A
	a. Rs. 850	b. Rs. 870	c. Rs. 890	d. Rs. 910
44.		ere sold and now he w		ad become rotten; 80% of s. The number of eggs he
	a. 450	b. 600	c. 550	d. 500
45.	An unbiased die is tos number of tossed need a. $\frac{1}{2}$		eater than 4 appears. Th c. 1/5	ne probability that an even d. 2/3

46. A cistern can be filled separately by two pipes A & B in 45 minutes and 36 minutes. respectively. The tap C at the bottom can empty the cistern in 30 minutes. If the tap C is opened 7 minutes after the two pipes A and B are opened, find when will the cistern be filled? b. 46 minutes c. 44minutes d. 39 minutes a. 48 minutes 47. Solve the equation for x, $x + \log(1+2^x) = x\log 5 + \log 6$ b. 1 d. –1 c. 2 a. 0 The area of the region bounded by y = |x-1| and y = 1 is 48. d. none of these a. 2 b. 1 C. $\frac{1}{2}$ A sequence is such that the difference between successive terms form an A.P. Then it's nth 49. term is given by $b.(n^2 + 2n + 2)/4$ a.(n² +n+2) /2 c.n(n - 1) d. All of these It is a small town railway station and there are 25 stations on that line. At each of the 25 50. stations the passengers can get tickets for any of the other 24 stations. How many different kinds of tickets do you think the booking clerk has to keep? a. 600 b. 625 c. 300 d. 150

Quantitative Ability Exercise 6A

1.	A and B walk from their homes to their of than B's house. If A walks at a speed 3 to reach the college, then the distance fr a.2km d.5km	/2 times that of B ar	nd takes the sam	
2.	A person gets Rs 60 more as interest years. If the rate of interest is 10%, wha a.200 b.2000			interest for 3 more e.none of these
3.	A pipe when turned on for 20 minutes will fill what fraction of a tank B which ha a.1/2 b.2/3			n for 40 minutes, it e.none of these
4.	A lends Rs.2000 to B at a rate of 12% p 1 year, a simple interest of 15% will be period. If the total interest that B pays is first year? a.1000 b.1200	e charged on the re	maining principle	e for the remaining
5.	The ratio of ages of A and B two years to are the ages of A and B? a.12, 17 b.15,10			
6.	A man buys a new car at a 10% discour is 25% lower than the market value. Wh a.15% b.16.66%	at is his loss percen		it at a value which e.none of these
7.	5 bees can clean a certain number of o bees are added, they can clean 30 mo clean in 3 minutes? a. 5 d. 15			
8.	Find the number of pairs of natural numb a. 3 d. 11			c.10
9.	There are 5 consecutive natural number is equal to the 5 th number. What is the s a. 0 d. 15	rs with LCM as 60. 1 um of the 5 numbers b. 19 e. can't be determ	s?	e first two numbers c. 20
10.	How much water should be mixed with 1 at cost price, there will be 33.33% profit a. 1 d. 6		ing Rs.16 per lite	r so that on selling c. 3
11.	Nikhil buys a certain number of eggs an But a smart customer cheats him off Rs the cost price of the eggs? a.Rs.50			
12.	d.Rs.80 What is the angle in degrees between th a. 191 b. 171	e. none of these.	k at 9:18 p.m.? d. 76	e.none of these

sells it at 40 lira a litre. If he still makes a profit of 14.28%, what is the ratio in which he mixes water with milk? a.17:5 b. 7:3 c. 7:5 d. 3:7 e.none of these The weight of person is partly proportional to the amount of daily intake of calories and partly 14. proportional to his age. A person aged 36yrs weighs 61kgs when his intake is 2500calories everyday while a person aged 60 years weighs 70kgs when he takes in 1000 calories per day. How much would a person of age 24 yrs weigh when his calorie intake is 3000 per day? a. 64 b. 70 c. 54 d. 78 e. none of these 15. A man is walking on a railway platform that is 200m long. An express train passes through the station at 60kmph and overtakes the man in 20 seconds while completely passes the platform in 30 seconds. What is the speed at which the man is walking on the platform? b.5kmph c.6kmph d.4kmph a.10kmph e.none of these Two of the vertices of an equilateral triangle are given by (4,0) and (8,0). The third vertex lies 16. on the line $y = x/\sqrt{3}$. The third vertex is... a. (6.-√3) b.(-6,√3) c.(6,√3) d. both a and c e. none of these If thrice of A is equal to twice of B and 7 times B is equal to 9 times C then the ratio between A 17. and C is a. 2/3 b. 4/7 c.9/5 d.6/7 e, cannot be determined There are 0.5 million cars in Bangalore distributed over 0.20 million households. In as many as 18. 0.1 million households, both husband and wife own a car and in 0.02 million of these, the eldest son or daughter owns a car. There are 0.1 million households owning a total of at least 3 cars and 0.02 million do not own a car at all. What is the maximum number of households who own exactly three cars? a.0.15 million b. 0.1 million c. 0.05 million d. 0.12 million e.none of these A and B invest into a business in the ratio 5:6. B gets Rs12000 for managing the business, 19. which leaves A with Rs25,000 share of the profit. What is the total profit? a.75.000 b.67.000 c.87.000 d.88.000 e.none of these 20. If 25 is written as 100 in some number system, how will 24 be written as? a. 99 b. 96 c. 44 d. 24 e. none of these

Mario sells milk in the vicinity of Florence. He gets milk at 50 lira a litre and after mixing water

13.

Quantitative Ability Exercise 6B

1.		aly and Vikshipta.In ho		wadi with any of his girl- lan his trip, if only one of
	a. 11	b. 4	c. 7	d. 10
2.	and $x^2 - 4 < 0$ are sat		> 8x/(x-3)	
	a. –2 < x < 2	b. −2 < x < -1	c. 9 > x > 2	d. None of these
3.	ABCE is an isosceles 10 and EC = 20. Then a. $5\sqrt{2}$ c. $5\sqrt{3}$	trapezoid and ACDE is a , AE is b. 10 d. 5 (√2 + √3)	a rectangle. AB = A E	B
4.	is calculated at 5% of end of 4 years is,	its value at the beginni	ng of the year. The valu	reciation of the machinery le of the machinery at the
	a. Rs. 22000	b. Rs. 22310	c. Rs. 22317.47	d. Rs. 22345.40
5.	nos. got obliterated. T the effaced no. is ever	wo nos. were examined	and found to be odd. V	bugh handling, one of the Vhat is the probability that d.None of these.
	a.1/2		c.3/4	
6.	emergent conditions,	the work was to be f		w months. Due to certain w many men should be time? d. 400
7.				13 days, a reinforcement days more. What is the
	a. 575	b. 600	c. 625	d. 650
8.		4 kms. the sum of their of A & B respectively ar		the sum of the time taken
9.			comes B∀D . How many unchanged by reflection c. 729	three letter words can be n in a horizontal line. d. None of these.
10.	quickens his pace, ar	nd for the remainder of ore he quickens his pac	the race runs 20 p.c. * æ?	p.c. faster than B. B then faster than A. How many
11.		b. 800	c. 850 here m \in N and n can b	d. 900
11.	a. 3	b. 6	c. 9	d. 15
12.		tion, Range Union Dom	ain = Range lue function equals no. (of elements

	(III)There exist two sul a. I and III	o-sets of range of a cons b. I and II	stant value function. c. II and III	d. l only
13.	If the roots of $3x^2$ - (may have equal roots.		reciprocal, then find 'n'	so that $x^2 - nx + m^2 = 0$
	a. 1	b. 2	c. –2	d. both b and c
14.	second and one third %, then the three pays	of the third. If the comp ments are,	ound interest is calculat	ayment being half of the ed annually at rate of 10
	a. Rs. 2662, Rs. 5324 c. Rs. 2700, Rs. 5400,		b. Rs. 2600, Rs. 5300, d. Rs. 2700, Rs. 5400,	
15.	2:3, second quality is	obtained. How many k		and if they are mixed as should be mixed with 10 4? d. 99
16.		would be the cash value		one year and the Rs.289 interest being calculated d. Rs. 1160
17.		ive real numbers , then a + (c+d+a)/b + (d+b+ b. 6	minimum value of expres a)/c c. 8	ssion d. none of these
18.	minutes respectively.	The cistern being emp utes, the third tap is c	inutes, 15 minutes and 1 ty, all three taps are ke losed, in how many mo	ept
19.	each containing the sa then 8 in each and afte	erwards 12 in each, but I	y arranged on shelves He tried 6 in each shelf, nad always 3 volumes le /hat is the smallest numb c. 68	ft.
20.	If we know that $x > y$ that $x > y$ that $x > y$ that $x > y$	then which of the followin b. $x + 2 > y + 1$	g need not be true? c. x/3 > y/3	d. x ² > y ²
21.	A natural number x is of that $x + \frac{100}{x} > 50$ is	chosen at random from t	he first 100 natural numl	pers. then the probability
	a. 1/2	b. 11/20	c. 53/100	d. None of these.
22.	The number of solution a. 3	$log_4(x - 1) = log_2(x - 1)$ b. 1	- 3) is c. 2	d. 0
23.	the mixtures. If 2 gallo wine to water in new m	ns of first be mixed with	3 gallons of the second	m being 0.25 and 0.75 of I, what will be the ratio of
	a. 9:11	b. 2 : 3	c. 3 : 2	d. 11 : 9
24.	If $2x = a + a^{-1}$ and $2y$ a. $\frac{1}{2}(ab^2 + ab^{-2})$	y = b + b ⁻¹ , then value o b. ½[ab + (ab) ⁻¹]	f 4xy + [(x ² -1)(y ² -1)] ^{1/2} c. (ab + ab ⁻¹)	d. none of these

Dire	ctions : Questions 25 and 26 are based on the following information (a, b, c,) = Greatest Common Divisor of a, b, c, ϕ (n) = Total number of natural numbers less than n and relatively prime to n. Two numbers are said to be relatively prime if their GCD is 1
25.	The value of ϕ (p), where p is any prime number is a. 1 b. less than or equal to p c. greater than p d. p - 1
26.	If one of a, b, c, d is a prime number then the value of (a, b, c, d) a. always 1 b. Greater than 1 c. a prime number or 1 d. None of these
27.	The smallest integer x for which the inequality $(x-5)/(x^2+5x-14) > 0$ is satisfied is given by a6 b5 c4 d3
28.	The equation $\sqrt{(x+1)} - \sqrt{(x-1)} = \sqrt{(4x-1)}$ hasa. no solutionb. one solutionc. two solutiond. more than one solution
29.	Two pipes can fill a cistern separately in 24 minutes and 40 minutes respectively and wastepipe can drain off 30 gallons per min. If all the three pipes are opened, the cistern gets filled in1 hour. The capacity of the cistern in gallons is,a. 550b. 600c. 650d. 700
30.	If a,b,c are any real numbers then a. max.(a,b) < max.(a,b,c) c. min.(a,b) = $(\frac{1}{2})(a+b-a-b)$ b. min.(a,b) < min.(a,b,c) d. none of these
31.	The sum of $1 + 2.2 + 3.2^2 + 4.2^3 + \dots + 100.2^{99}$ is a. $100.2^{100} - 1$ b. $99.2^{99} - 1$ c. $99.2^{100} + 1$ d. $100.2^{100} + 1$
32.	Container A of volume a, is half full. Container B, of volume b, is one third full. Container C, of volume c, is empty. If all the water in the containers is divided equally among the containers, what part of container C will be full? a. (3a+2b)/18c b. (a+4b)/6c c. (2a+b)/24c d. (a+b)/3c
33.	A square oven tray 2 meters on a side filled with n ² circular cherry pies. What is the total area of pie crusts on top of the pies? a. π b. $\pi/2$ c. 2π d. 2π n
34.	There are 20 persons among who are two brothers. The number of ways in which we can arrange them around a circle so that there is exactly one person between the two brothers is a. 2.17!b. 2.18!c. 17!d. 18!
35.	A box contains 24 identical balls of which 12 are white and 12 are black . The balls are drawn at random from the box one at a time with replacement. The probability that a white ball is drawn for the 4 th time on the 7 th draw is a. 5/64 b. 27/32 c. 5/32 d. $\frac{1}{2}$
36.	If x and y are positive integers, then what is the smallest value of $x + y$ such that $2x + 5y$ is divisible by 16? a. 7 b. 3 c. 10 d. 5
37.	In a school there are 14 teachers, a P.T. instructor, and five captains of different games. In how many ways can a game committee be formed consisting of the P.T. instructor, two other teachers and two of the captains. a. 700 b. 800 c. 910 d. 1000
38.	A circular disc of area $9/\pi$ square feet rolls 120 feet. How many revolutions does it make? a. 14 b. 16 c. 18 d. 20

39.	$[(n + 1/n)^2 - (n - 1/n)^2]/(1/n - 1) = 4n/(1-n)$			
	a. all real values c. all real values great		b. no real value d. all real values exce	ot 0 and 1.
40.	40 sheep respectively.	A sells 1/7 of his flock	to C after 4 months an	onth. They put 70, 50 and d after 3 months more C pay after one year is, in
	a. 304,280, 184	b.280, 304, 184	c. 184, 304, 280	d. 280, 184, 304
41.	The adjacent figure sho of a relation between x each value of x between is (are) a.at least one value of b.exactly one value of c. at least 2 values of y d.exactly 2 values of y	and y. For a and b there y y		X
42.	A man pays in all Rs.1 tax, which was charged special surcharge on deduction of 20 %. a. 20,000	100 as income d at 5%, and 10%		come if he is allowed a d. 35,000.
43.		e is 1 paisa per five lette 61 letters. What is the c b. Rs.112.12		o be set has 30 lines per ? d. Rs.121.17
44.	Which of the following a. 4π	is the circumference of a b. 3π	a circle whose radius is c. 4	an odd integer? d. 44.
45.	Digit in the units place a. 1	of (13) ¹³ is b. 3	c. 7	d. 9
46.	seventy five paise on times as many as one Shubha thought for a	the counter and reques paisa stamps, and for	sted, 'Please give me s the rest of the amount g lly she handed over th	man walked in and kept ome 2 paise stamps, six give me 5 paise stamps.' e exact fulfillment of the d. 8
47.				begins alone and after a
47.				B worked together for
	a. 4	b. 5	c. 6	d. 7
48.	If n is any integer, whic a. 3n + 1 is odd c. n(3n+3) is divisible l	th of the following must b by 6	be true? b. n(n+2) is even d. n(n+1) is divisible b	y 3
49.	innings he scored 28,3 innings did he play ?	4 and 37 runs and his a	verage thus increased l	21.75. In the next three by 1.125 runs. How many
	a. 27	b. 28	c. 29	d. 30
50.	lf (4+√15) [×] + (4-√15) [×] = a. 2	e 62 then x is b. −2	c. +2 or -2	d. none of these

Quantitative Ability Exercise 7A

1.	The ratio of two numbers is 2:3 which number. What is the larger number?	changes to 1:3 whe	n 6 is subtracted fr	om the smaller
	a. 12 b. 15	c. 18	d. 21	e. 24
2.	The average age of the students in a cl of age increases by 0.5 considering the the class is:			
	a. 24 d. 39	b. 36 e. can't be determi	ned	c. 48
3.	Bozo invests some amount in the bullio two years, the bullion prices rise by 20 everything and puts the amount in stor 20,000 in real estate, what was the tota a. Rs. 10,000 d. Rs. 12,000	% and the real estat	e prices rise by 5% 0% of the value. If h him in the end?	. He disinvests
4.	9 men can do a piece of work in 24 day to finish the same work by 16 men work a. 18 days b. 9 days			ng would it take none of these
5.	Leon bought two Uzis for some amoun second he sold to Carlos at a discount the price of a single Uzi paid by Leon?	of 20%. If Jackal pa		
	a.800 d.1300	b. 1000 e. none of these		c. 1200
6.	12 men working for 5 hrs a day finish $15 \times 12 \times 1/2$ in two days. How long wou hours a day? a. 1 b. 3			
_				
7.	A and B together complete a certain v work. How much time would A, B and C			
	a. 6 d. 3	b. 5 e. none of these		c. 4
8.	a. 6	b. 5 e. none of these		c. 4
8.	a. 6d. 3If a cube is placed inside a sphere of the boundary of the sphere, what is the	b. 5 e. none of these radius R such that th volume of the cube?		c. 4 cube just touch
8.	a. 6 d. 3 If a cube is placed inside a sphere of t	b. 5 e. none of these radius R such that th		c. 4
8. 9.	a. 6 d. 3 If a cube is placed inside a sphere of the boundary of the sphere, what is the a. $2R^2$ d. $8/(3\sqrt{3})R^3$ What should be the difference in the sin is reduced by half for the same principal	b. 5 e. none of these radius R such that th volume of the cube? b. $4/3 \times R^3$ e. insufficient data mple interests earned l?	e 8 corners of the	c. 4 cube just touch c. 2√3R ³ ed and the time
	a. 6 d. 3 If a cube is placed inside a sphere of the boundary of the sphere, what is the a. $2R^2$ d. $8/(3\sqrt{3})R^3$ What should be the difference in the sin	b. 5 e. none of these radius R such that th volume of the cube? b. $4/3 \times R^3$ e. insufficient data mple interests earned	e 8 corners of the	c. 4 cube just touch c. 2√3R ³
	a. 6 d. 3 If a cube is placed inside a sphere of the boundary of the sphere, what is the a. $2R^2$ d. $8/(3\sqrt{3})R^3$ What should be the difference in the sin is reduced by half for the same principal a. 0	b. 5 e. none of these radius R such that th volume of the cube? b. $4/3 \times R^3$ e. insufficient data mple interests earned l? b. Rs. 400 e.insufficient data arm. He has taken a hing costs are twenty year, at what rate do	te 8 corners of the of the fit the rate is double bank loan of ten lake thousand per annues he have to sell	c. 4 cube just touch c. 2√3R ³ ed and the time c. Rs. 600 kh, on which he im, and the out
9.	a. 6 d. 3 If a cube is placed inside a sphere of the boundary of the sphere, what is the a. $2R^2$ d. $8/(3\sqrt{3})R^3$ What should be the difference in the sin is reduced by half for the same principal a. 0 d. Rs. 1000 Rito grows flowers in his horticultural fat has to pay an interest of 12%. His runn put of his farm is one lakh roses per y make a net profit of 500% on his runnin	b. 5 e. none of these radius R such that th volume of the cube? b. $4/3 \times R^3$ e. insufficient data mple interests earned l? b. Rs. 400 e.insufficient data arm. He has taken a hing costs are twenty year, at what rate do g costs after paying t c. 12	bank loan of ten lak bank loan of ten lak thousand per annu es he have to sell he bank interest? d. 12.4	c. 4 cube just touch c. $2\sqrt{3}R^3$ ed and the time c. Rs. 600 ch, on which he im, and the out them apiece to e. 2.4

12.		cm and height 7 cm.		total volume of three ght of the larger cylir	
	a. 7 cm	b. 10 cm	c. 15 cm	d. 21 cm	e. 24 cm
13.	How much water wł a. 300 ml d. 144 ml	nen added to 270ml o	of 18% nitric acid b. 240 ml e.insufficient d	l give an acid of 10% ata	concentration? c. 216 ml
14.		h start at the same ti		lozo takes 5 hours t e ends, how much tin	
	a.1 7/8 d. 2	-,	b. 1 1/8 e. none of thes	e	c. 1 5/6
15.	If the radii of two sp a. 8:27 d. 27:8	heres are in the ratio	2:3, what should b. 4:9 e. none of thes	d be the ratio of their se	volumes? c. 9:4
16.		nber of people who	drank coke but n	pepsi, 25 drank pep ot pepsi preferred pu insufficient data	
17.	Suketu is travelling hour after he star remaining part of th	on his bike, Shogun ts, he almost bump	, from Nashik to s into a dog a nr. If his average	Pune, at a speed of nd thence proceeds speed over the entir d. 160	80 km/hr. But, one to complete the
18.	the tank is thrice th	at of the pipe that en	npty it. The tank i	. The rate at which p is full up to height h. pipes are simultaned etermined	What is the height
19.	CI, compounded ar	nnually, and the othe	r at SI, both at 5	nks by Shehnaz Tre % pa. If after two ye eposited with each ba d. 8400	ars, the difference
20.	There are five nos must have the midd		II as GP with the	first term as a. The	numbers therefore

a. 0b. 1d. equal to the common differencee. cannot be determined

c. a

Quantitative Ability Exercise 7B

1.	sand-dunes,1 has treas the probability that the	every 3 sand dunes form sure and only 2 out of 5 s blown-out sand dune w	sand-dunes formed have ill contain both the thing	e lucky coupons. Find s.
	a. 2/25	b. 4/75	c. 7/75	d. 3/5
2.	What is 11 th term of 2 a2	/9, ¼, 2/7,1/3 b. 1	c3/13	d. None of these.
3.		candidates passed in E 248 candidates passed i nation?		
	a. 400	b. 450	c. 500	d.550
4.	A(x) is an identity funct a. x	ion, $x \in R$. Value of AoA b. x^2	(x) is c. 1	d. None of these
5.	obtained 10% less that together. Does C pass	or fail?	⁴ / ₁₉ % less than the mar	ks obtained by A and B
	a. Passes	b. Redundant Condition	nc. Insufficient Data	d. Fails
6.	Doubling the perimeter a. 2	of a triangle, keeping th b. 3	he shape the same, multi c. 4	plies the area by d. 8
7.		ogether and decided to k ce. Each cat killed more		
	a. 1009	b. 919	c. 991	d. 999
8.		n two towns arrives at its inutes late when it goes		
	a. 11 km	b. 12 km	c. 13 km	d. 14 km
9.	50 litres per minute. If a	ern in 30 and 36 minutes all the three tapes are op apacity of the cistern in l	pened simultaneously, th	
	a. 4500	b. 4700	c. 4800	d. 5000
10.	At a game of billiard, A many points can B give	can give B 10 points in C in a game of 90?	60 and he can give C 15	5 points in 60. How
	a. 8	b. 9	c. 10	d. 11
11.	A month is chosen at ra than maximum of 31?	andom. What is the prob	ability that the chosen n	nonth has two days less
	a .45 /48	b. 1/2	c. 1/48	d. None of these .
12.	The perimeter of the fig	ure is	4	5
12.	a. a whole number c. greater than 40	b. less than 30 d. 22		6
	S. grouter main to			
13.	If $\sqrt{6x^2 - 5x + 11} + \sqrt{3x^2 - 5x}$ value of $6x^2 - 5x$ is	$(6x^2 - 5x - 25) = 12, \sqrt{6}$	$5x^2 - 5x + 11) - \sqrt{6x^2 - 5x}$	5x - 25) = 36, then
	a. 181/4	b. 200	c. Many solutions	d. No solution

14.		nts to Rs.944 in 3 years ants to Rs.980 during the b. Rs. 700, 4%		rate of interest be raised um and rate of interest. d. Rs. 800, 6%
15.	In a box 42875 tablets a. 25	are stacked in the form o b. 45	of a cube. Find the numb c. 55	ber of layers in the box. d. 35
16.	If $(x+y)/z = 1$, then a. x not equal to z c. x + y + z not equal to	0	b. z not equal to 1 d. x not equal to y	
17.	velocity of the tumtum i			
	a. 6	b. 1	c. 3	d. No real value
18.	been a(an)	two squares by drawing	one straight line. The or	
	a. trapezoid	b. triangle	c. square	d. octagon
19.	kms/hr in the same dire	traveling at a 42 kms/hr ection. How long will it ta	ke to fully cross it?	
	a. 42 sec	b. 43.2 sec	c. 44.2 sec	d. 45.2 sec
20.	0 < x < π/4. Then (Sea a. Tan(x- π /4)	c2x – Tan2x) equals b. Tan(π /4 - x)	c. Tan(x+ π /4)	d. Tan2(x+ π /4)
21.	12 officers is Rs.400. T workers in the institutio		ead of the rest is Rs.56.	Find total number of
	a. 1030	b. 1032	c.1034	d. 1036
22.	each glass is as follows	s: in the first glass as 3:4 ents of the three glasses	, in the second glass as	
	a. 920 : 1159	b.1159 : 920	c. 11 : 9	d. None on these
23.	to a, then	natural numbers such tha		duct ab and c is coprime
	a. b is a factor of c c. a is a factor of b		b. c is a factor of b d. b is a factor of a	
24.		of 20% of his cost price		s of 25% and 15%. The e discount (on list price) set ? d. Rs.700
25.		fit of 20% and shopkeep		t's wholesale price to a he manufacturing cost of
	a. Rs. 20	b. Rs. 21	c. Rs. 25	d. Rs. 30
26.	respectively. A and B a moving towards A and	are moving in the same I B from the opposite d aintain their speeds, the	direction with B being 3 lirection, and the distant	0 kms/hr, and 50 kms/ hr 0 Kms ahead of A . C is ce between A and C is eet at the same point, by
	a. 30 kms/hr	b. 15 kms/hr	c. 10 kms/hr	d. 5 kms/hr

27. If the three segments inside the rectangle are equal,

	then the sum of their lo a. 5 c. 18	ength is b. 12 d. 15	4	9
28.	Least value of 2log ₁₀ x- a. True	log _x (0.01) , x > 0 & x ≠ 1 b. False	is 4, This statement is. c. Cannot say	 d. none of these
29.	3, then 4, then 5 and		left. On trying 7, he ha	plant 2 in each row, then ad none left. What is the d. 301
30.		distributed among few b ut 9 mangoes fell short t b. 33		ven as many mangoes as s were there ? d. 37
31.	quick calculation in r seconds to reach the require eighteen second	ny mind. I found that i bottom. However, if I a nds to get to the bottom. d to the time I step off t	f I walk down twenty-s m able to step down thin . If the time is measured	a tube station. I did some six steps, I require thirty rty-four stairs I would only I from the moment the top m, can you tell the height d. 42
32.	Number of positive intended a. 30	egral solutions of $x_1 x_2 x_3$ b. 27	= 30 is c. no solution	d. infinite solution
33.	If a,b,c and d are four a. > 81abcd	unequal quantities and s b. < 81abcd	S = a+ b+ c+d, then (s-a c. > 16 abcd	a)(s-b)(s-c)(s-d) will be, d. < 16 abcd
34.	If $a/b = c/d$ and $d/c = x$ a, y / a = x / b	/y. Which of the followin b. xy = ab	g is true? c. ac/bd = x/y	d. x = c + d - y
35.				pound interest at the rate e years. Find the amount d. Rs. 9400
36.	How many triangles are a. 10 c. 12	there in the figure? b. 11 d. 15		
37.		tive real numbers, which dab)/c + (abc)/d ≥ ab + b o + bc + cd + da		lds ?
38.	a. only 1	b. only 2 + 3/7 ⁵ -4/7 ⁶ + b. 23/48	c. both 1 & 2 ∞ c. 35/49	c. none of these d. none of these
39.	If a < b < 0 then a. a / b < 1	b. a+b>-1	c. a/b > 1	d. ab > 1

40.	average of the first the fifth by .004 g while the	ree experiments is 54.0 e average of sixth and t	05 g, the fourth experim	eriments is 53.735 g. The ent was greater than the less than the average of periment. d. 55.072 gm
41.	the correct decision a probability 'p' of making	nd a third member tossen ng the correct decision. f decision in three man j	es a coin for every decis	
42.	1/(1-n) is approximate a. greater than 2	y equal to 1 + n. Then n b. close to 0	is probably c. a whole number	d. negative
43.	If a, b, c are in AP, the a. real	n the roots of the equati b. imaginary	on ax ² + 2bx +c = 0 are c. equal if a = c	d. both a. and c.
44.	B has 4. Each question	on in part A has an al	ternative. A student has	ains 5 questions and part s to attempt at least one student can attempt the d. none of these
45.		s of $x^{2} + px + q = 0$ then b. p = 1 or 0		d. p = -2 or 0
46.	books to the number of	of note books is the sam		he ratio of the number of nber of note books to the e 20 & 5 respectively. d. 10
47.	A box is made by using area 9. The volume of a. 216		as the sides. The bottom	of the box is a square of d. 33
48.	m + n = 0, but 1/m + a. m = n		c. m < 0	d. m ² > n ²
49.	If a ² + b ² + c ² = 1 , then a. [-1/2,3]	n bc + ca + ab lies in the b. [-1,2]	e interval c. [-1/2,1]	d. [-1,1/2]
50.	The expressions y + x a. y = 0	$x^{3} + yx$ and $y^{3} + y^{2} + x$ ar b. $x^{2} = 1$	e equal if c. $y + x^3 = x + y^3$	d. $x^2 = y^2$

Quantitative Ability Exercise 8A

		,	
1.	A dam is to be completed in 80 days and day. After 40 days only 2/5 of the work employed so that the work is completed in a.35 men d. 50 men	was completed. How many additional	men must be
2.			returns B Rs c. 4%, 200
3.	c.200,200,500	s 200 more.At the end of the year total	
4.	Milo Minderbender buys eggs from Malta piece to a dealer in Bologna. Then he Bologna and sells them to his mess at mentioned, what is his percentage profit/lo a. 40 loss b. 40 profit	buys eggs at 11 cents per piece from t 5 cents apiece. If he owns all the in	n a dealer in
5.			ore days they c. 6 days
6.			
7.			
8.			ge age of the c. 24
9.	John is a wheat dealer who buys from the 14000/- per tonne and sells at Rs 2000 come to 5% of the selling price. What is he a.43.2 b. 40.4	0/- per tonne. His processing and ship	
10.		between 7 & 8 O' clock? b. 7:38 $^{2}/_{11}$ e. none of these	c. 7:32 ³ / ₁₁
11.	A square of side 10 cm and a right angle inside a rectangle of length 20 cm and wi		

11. A square of side 10 cm and a right angle triangle of height 10 & base 10 cm are both placed inside a rectangle of length 20 cm and width 10 cm. What fraction of the area of the rectangle remains uncovered?

	a.1/2 d. 1/5	b. 1/3 e. insufficient data	c. ¼
12.	a and b are two natural numbers such following is necessarily true? a. a = b = 1 d. none of these	that their GCD is same as th b. a = b e. cannot be determined	eir LCM then which of the c.a divides b but a ≠ b
13.	Rishi was going from Paris to Budapest he takes the TGV, which travels at 500 takes a bike and rides the remaining part total of three hours from Paris to Budape a. 800 b. 900	km/hr, and gets down at Ro art of the journey at a speed	ome. Then, he immediately of 200 km/hr. If he take a ims) from Paris to Rome?
14.	The number of students in a class is do what could possibly be the total marks of a. 75 d. 34		the class. Of the following, c. 200
15.	The shadow of a pole standing on a l altitude is 30° than when it is at 60° .find a. $2\sqrt{3}m$ d. $3m$	-	6m longer when the sun's c.4√3m
16.	A tribe on the ke-lu-lu mountains have of represent the zero by the \times . In what way a. $\nabla \nabla \times \times$ d. $\times \times \nabla \nabla$		
17.	The base and height of a right angle tria what is the ratio of old area and new are a.2:3 d. 5:6		tio 4;5 and 5:6 respectively c. 4:5
18.	When Pinto walks down from his home he cycles down at 10 km/hr, he can af time. What is the distance from his home a. 2/3 b. 5/6	ford to take a 5-min tea bre	ak enroute and still be on
19.	Little Johnny took a certain number of mother would catch him, he put back h he had taken, he admitted to have taken his mother calculated how many toffees actual number is 5 short. How many toffees a. 60	alf of them into the jar. When n only 1/3 rd of what he had in s should have been left in the ees did Johnny take initially? b. 120	n asked how many toffees itially taken. Based on this e jar, but observes that the
20.	d. 25 A battalion consists of 990 soldiers. T soldiers joined the battalion. For how ma a. 40 days b. 54 days		ood last?

a. 40 days b. 54 days c. 60 days d. 65 days d. 30 days

Quantitative Ability Exercise 8B

1.	G(x) is any function and $F(x)$ is an odd function a. Odd, if $G(x)$ is even b. Even, if $G(x)$ is e		d.None of these
2.	Four letters are randomly chosen from the the four letters can be used to spell MATH?	word MATHEMATICS. W	/hat is the probability that
	a. $\frac{4}{165}$ b. $\frac{1}{330}$	c. $\frac{4}{330}$	d. None of these.
3.	The points (2,3) and (2,10) are 2 vertices of a a. (2,5) b. (10,2)	a square. Another vertex c. (3,3)	of the square could be d. (-5, 3)
4.	The no. of real solution(s) of $\cos(\log x) = 3^2$ a. zero b. one	^{2x} + 3 ^{-2x} is/ are c. two	d. infinite
5.	The range of the function sinx + cosx is a. $[-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}]$ b. $[-1, 1]$	c. [0, 1]	d. [-2, 2]
6.	If two poles 20 m. and 80 m. high are 100m lines joining top of each pole to the foot of opposit a 12m. b 14m.		d 18 m.
7.	The no. of different outcomes if three indistin a.108 b. 56	guishable dice are rolled c. 216	are d. 215
8.	Two men starting from the same place walk How many kms will they be apart at the end of for first half an hour and there after they reve a. 10 km b. 5 km	of 3 $^{\frac{1}{2}}$ hrs if they walk in a	opposite directions initially
9.	Let m # n = (m + n)/2. Given (a # b) # c = a # a. b = 0		d. abc = 0
10.	A race course is 880 m long. A and B run a same course and C wins by 30 m, B and D r it who would win and by how much? a.A wins by 1/3m b.C wins by 880/3741r		
11.	The coefficients of x in the $(2r + 1)$ th term an equal. The rth term is a. ${}^{15}C_3 x^3$ b. ${}^{15}C_5 x^5$	nd (r - 2)th terms in the c. ${}^{15}C_6 x^6$	
12.	An officer's pension on retirement from serv	ice is equal to half the a	
	36 months of his service. His salary from 1-1- as from 1-10-1954, 1-10-1955 and 1-10-1956 draw?	6. If he retires on 1-1-19	57, what pension does he
10	a. 210 b. 215 The number of the point of intersection of the	c. 220 two curves $y = 2Siny on$	d. 225
13.	a. 0 b. 1	c. 2	d y = 5x + 2x + 5 is d. ∞
14.	A grey hound pursues a hare and takes 5 lea hound are equal to 5 of the hare; compare the a. 25 : 24 b. 24 : 25		
15.	The sides of a rectangle are whole numbers could not be the area of the rectangle: 8, 9, 4 a. 1 b. 2		low many of the following d. 4

Pankaj Gandhi's Academy/Quantitatiive Ability

16.	Find the greatest value of xyz for positive values of x, y, z subject to the condition $yz + zx + xy = 12$				
	a. 64	b. 8	c. 16	d. 32	
17.			4 days and B in 5 days vork which A can finish ir c. 22	as much as C in 6 days, n 18 weeks? d.24	
([a, b, c,) = Greatest a, b, c,] = Least Co o (n) = Total number of	nd 19 are based on the Common Divisor of a, b ommon Multiple of a, b, c natural numbers less the prime if their GCD is 1), C,	e to n. Two numbers are	
18.		t exist any real numbers Ilue of (a, b) can be Max	a and b such that (a, b) imum of a and b c. (I) and (III)	= 0 d. (I) and (II)	
19.	• ()			rime number, then which	
	of the following is more $a.\phi(y) < \phi(x)$	e correct	c.φ [y, z] = φ [x, y]		
20.	The distance from the from the origin is the p a. $4.50 < D < 4.75$ c. $5.00 < D < 5.25$		dimensions is given by b. 4.75 < D < 5.00 d. 5.25 < D < 5.50	$D = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \text{How far}$	
21.	The number of solution a. two	n of $\sqrt{x+3} + \sqrt{x} = 1$,is b. one	c. none	d. none of these	
22.				vater. After this has been a ratio of 16:65. Find the	
	a. 20 litres	b. 25 litres	c. 30 litres	d. 35 litres	
23.	deep, what is the brea	dth of the water surface?	?	nen water in it is 10 cm.	
	a. 60 cms	b. 70 cm.	c. 50 cm.	d. 55 cms.	
24.	The value of cos1°.cos a. 0	s2°.cos3°cos92° is b. 1	c1	d. none of these	
25.	Which one of the follow $1.7^7 > 1.3.5.7.9$ $2.2^n > 1 + n\sqrt{2^{n-1}}$ 3.1/(7+1) + 1/(7+2) + .	13			
	a. 1'	b. 2 & 3	c. 3 & 1	d. all of these	
26.	Sum of n terms of follo $(2n - 1) + 2(2n - 3) + a$. $1/6 n^{2} (n+1) (2n+1)$	+ 3(² n – 5) +	 c. 1/6 n (n+1) (2n+1) ²	d. none of these	
27.		he number of possible o	ut comes in which at lea	st one die shows 3 is	
28.	a. 664 If $(a + 1/a)^2 = 3$, then a		c. 671	d. 1352	
Pank	a. 0 ai Gandhi's Academy/Quantita	b. $3\sqrt{3}$ tive Ability 52	c. 10√3 / 3	d. 6√3	

29.	If a triangle has sides o a11/3	of 1, 1-c, and 1-2c. Wha b1, 1/3	at are the bounds for c? c1/3, 1	d. 1/3, 1
30.	'a _n ' is the nth term of a ratio is a. x/y	a GP. If ∑ a _{2n} = x and b. y/x	$\sum_{a_{2n+1}} a_{2n+1} = y$. Then for n c. $\sqrt{x/y}$	={1,2200) the common d. √y/x
31.		rette can be rolled ou e and smoked from 36 b b. 7		garette butts. How many d. 7.5
32.	Bisectors of the interio a. Rectangle	r angles formed by a tra b. Square	ansversal and two paralle c. Rhombus	el lines form a d. None of these.
33.	opposite direction, are the same direction at t he passes the other in	observed to pass each he same rates as befor 31 ½ seconds. Find the	other in 8 seconds and e, a person sitting in the	tively on parallel rails in when they are running in faster train observes that d. None of these
34.	of teeth? Disregard th	he shape and size of	teeth. Consider only th	son have an identical set e positioning of teeth in and no person has more d. 2 ³²
35.	(x+1)²+(y-1)² = 0. Ther a. 0	n x + y = b. 1	c1	d. 2
36.			cle of radius 7 feet. How es a square instead? (us c. 121 sq.feet	v large an area could he e $\pi = 22/7$) d. 44 sq.feet
37.	The average of n cons a. n is greater than 3 c. n is the square of a		will always be a whole n b. n is less than 5 d. n is odd	umber if
38.	In how many different v a. 8	ways could couples be b. 5	picked from 8 men and 5 c. 13	women? d. 40
39.	Let p, q belongs to {1, roots is a. 15	2,3,4}. The number of e	equations of the form px ² c. 7	² + qx + 1 = 0 having real d. 8
40.	From a pack of 52 ca without replacement. denomination is	rds , all face cards are Then the probability	e removed and four carc	ls are drawn one by one ame suite and different
41.		sions is denoted by x. T minus the square of the b. x (x + y)	Twice the first expression second is denoted by c. x(y - x)	n is denoted by y. Then d. x² - y²

42.	In the figure, L ₁ is parallel to L ₂ . If AB = CD, then	L 1	A	В
		L <u>2</u>	C E	×
	a. ABE is an equilateral triangle c. AD = BC		b. AC = BD d. AC = AD	
43.	You are given three consecutive true? I. Two of the numbers are even. II.One of the numbers is divisible III.The sum of the numbers is ne a. I b. II	e by 3.		llowing statements is(are) d. II and III
44.	In what time would A, B, C toget one hour more and C alone in tw a. 60 minutes b. 40 mi	vice the time?		n 6 hours more, B alone in d. insufficient data
45.	Jagadish divided his marbles int divide them into 5 equal piles, h smallest number he could have? a. 11 b. 41	e had 1 left o		
46.	If $y = x + (1/x)$, then $x^4 + x^3 - 4x^2$ a. $x^2(y^2 + y - 2) = 0$ b. $x^2(y^2 + y - 2) = 0$	$+x + 1 = 0 be^{2}$ +y - 3 = 0	ecomes c. $x^{2}(y^{2} + y - 4) = 0$	d. $x^2 (y^2 + y - 6) = 0$
47.	I had about Rs. 14.40 in one ru When I returned, I found that nu 20 paise coins respectively, tha started out with. How many one a. 10 b. 12	mber of 20 pa at I had origi	aise and 1 rupee coins a nally. I came back with	are exactly as 1 rupee and
48.	Probability of not getting a sum of a. 1/6 b. 2/3	of seven in a s	single throw with pair of c. 1/3	dice is d. 5/6
49.	The four squares in the diagram of length one. What is the area of t a. $\pi/2$ b. π c. $3\pi/2$ d. 2π	-		
50.	We are given four positive numbers then which of the following is fals a. $a < y$ b. $y > x$ c. $x - a > y - a$ d. $2a < y$	se?	d z. If a <x, z="">x, y>z,</x,>	

Quantitative Ability Exercise 9A

1	A man gave 100/ of his manay to his wi	if 100/ of the remaining	to bio con and 1	OU/ of the rest
1.	A man gave 10% of his money to his wi to his daughter. He is now left with a su a. Rs. 9,500 b. Rs. 8,000	im of Rs.65,610. How mu	ch did his wife ge	
2.	If a+b =2 and a, c, b are in harmonic pr	rogression then the geon	metric mean of a a	and b is given
	by a. c ^{1/2} d. 2	b. 1 e. can't be determined	l.	c. ab/2
3.	Fullyautomatix is the blacksmith of the fabricates swords that weigh half a po 16.66% of the raw iron has to be waste 10 swords? (In sesertii) a.260 b. 240	ound apiece, which he s ad in making the swords,	ells for 50 sesert	ii each. Now,
4.	25 men working 8 hours a day can com join the team and all of them together fin 10 hours a day. Find the number of add	inish the remaining 9/10 th ditional men.	work 6 days earl	ier by working
	a. 6 b. 4	c. 5 d.	. 12	e. 7
5.	In a class there are 89 students who h and 20 others are of age 14. If the age what is the maximum number that can to 12yrs and less than 16 years?	e of every student must l be of age 13 if all of the	be an integer, of	the remaining than or equal
	a. 41 d. 13	b. 35 e. can't be determined		c. 4
6.	When the price of rice falls by 25% a p fallen by 40%, how much more rice cou	Id he have bought for the	e same sum?	
	a. 25 kg b. 20 kg	c. 12 kg d.	. 18 kg	e. 15 kg
7.	A merchant has 100 kg of apples. He 15% profit. If he gains 12% overall, find a. 60 kg b. 40 kg	d how many apples he sol		e remaining at e. 75 kg
0		Ū	Ū	Ū
8.	In a 19878m race Runbhau beats Bha Padtaman by 4572m. By how many met a. 7898 mm d. 8909 km			
9.	A, B, C move 100kg of grain from one		e day. A and C m	ove 240 kg in
	3 days. How many days will B take to m a. 3 days d. 6 days	nove 100kg? b. 4 days e. can't be determined	I	c. 5 days
10.	Winespirix is a wine merchant in Alesia each. The price of the wine increases I the same time 10% of the wine evapor 100 sesertii, what is the change in h maturing, rather than selling it fresh? (Ir	by 20 sesertii per litre for prates every year? If the his profits if he sells a s	r every year of ma price of a litre of	aturing, but at fresh wine is
	a.64 more d. 80 less	b. 64 less e. indeterminable		c. 80 more
11.	At a certain bank, compound interest minimum number of years required to d	louble a sum of money in	vested at 20% C.	l.?
	a. 4 b. 5	c. 6 d.	. 7	e. 8

55

12.					sec and crosses a e speed of train Y (
	a.56	b. 58	c. 60	d. 63	e. 72
13.		th C.P. Rs. 90 per osting Rs. 1,700. Wh			0 per kg to make a c. 15 and 5
	d. 10 and 10 kgs		e. insufficient da	ita	
14.	ABC is a triangle w a.Obtuse-angled	/here A is (-2,1), B(3 b. Isoceles	3,1) and C(3,6). Wh c. Equilateral	at is the type of the d. Scalene	e triange? e.none of these
15.		king from his home ain he took a turn in ?			
	a. 120m d. 200m		b. 140m e. can't be deter	mined	c. 172m
16.	What is the total of the ratio 2:3? a. 30 d. 35	f the two natural nu	mbers with LCM = 3 b. 10 e. can't be deter		the numbers are in c. 15
17.	cm. A square with	parallel sides of a t maximum possible a quare and the area b. 9:16	area is drawn inside	e the trapezium. W	
18.	Two numbers bear the larger number. a. 80 d. 100	ratio 3:5. If each o	f them is increased b. 60 e.insufficient dat		c. 140
19.	speed of the convo is moving at 30 km a.25	ng at a certain spe by to the front and r /hr, how long is the	eturns to its positio convoy? (in km) b. 33.75	n in one and half h	ving at double the nours. If the convoy c. 35.25
	d. 37.45		e.indeterminable	9	
20.		substances are in th			e weight of equal weight of the three
	0 14.20.27		0 14:20:25	d 15.00.07	0 15:01:07

a. 14:20:27 b. 15:21:28 c. 14:20:25 d. 15:20:27 e. 15:21:27

Quantitative Ability Exercise 9B

- 1. The numerator of a fraction is multiple of two nos. One of the nos, is greater than other by 2. The greater no. is smaller than the denominator by 1. If the denominator is given as 5+c (c is a constant), then the minimum value of the fraction is a. 2 b. –2 d. 1/2 c. –1/2
- 2. In how many ways can 7 Englishmen and 7 Americans sit down at a round table, no two Americans being together ? b. 3826800 a. 3628800 c. 3268800 d. cannot say

3-5 are based on following data:

In a locality of 400 people, there are three ways of saying Welcome: Namaste, Wandakam and Hello. No. of people who speak only one of these are 245.Out of every 16 only 1 speak all the three. An equal no. of people(5%) of the locality speak both Wandakam and Hello only, and Namaste and Wandakam only. The difference in the no. of people speaking Hello and Wandakam equals the no. of people speaking none of the words which in turn is twice the no. of people speaking both Namaste and Hello only. People who speak only Wandakam are 50.

3.	The no. of people spea a. 50	aking only Hello are b. 70	c. 100	d. 175
4.	The no. of people who a. 45	speak none of the three b. 32	words c. 60	d. 80
5.	The no. of people who a. 300	speak Namaste or War b. 240	ndakam are c. 135	d. None of these
6.		brothers as sisters. How	s family has as many sis v many brothers and sis b. 3 brothers, 4 sisters d. cannot say	
7.	If the air flight distance	e from Delhi to Calcutta		s and 2 hour respectively. Delhi to Bombay is 1225 hi-Calcutta). d. 14/15
8.	How many seven digit without repetition of the a. 4 x 7!		be formed from single dig c. 7!	git natural numbers d. 2 x 9!
9.	The number of diagona a. 170	als of a polygon having 2 b. 176	20 sides is c. 190	d. 180
10.	If sin α , cos α are the ro a.a ² - b ² + 2ac = 0 c.a ² + b ² - 2ac = 0	pots of the equation ax ²	+ bx + c = 0 ; (c not equ b.(a+c) ² = b ² + c ² d. a & b both	ual to 0) then
11.	Three cards are draw consist of a king, a que a. 64/22100		ordinary pack. Find the c. 32/5000	probability that they will d. cannot say
12.	A ball is rolled at 45 ⁰ f	rom the corner of a 3 m		nuously rolls of each wall
13.	A stock yields 5% to a was its price ? a. Rs. 50	an investor. A fall of Rs. b. Rs. 53 57	c. Rs. 54	yield of 5 ^½ % to it. What d. Rs. 55 <i>i's Academy/Quantitatiive Ability</i>

14.	reach its destination 45 minutes late. Had the pr been delayed by only 27 minutes. Find the speed a. 90 Kmph, 180 kms	oblem occur 54 Kms f	urther on, it would have
15.		ts maximum value at the $\frac{1}{2}$	e point d. 1/3
16.	sold for Rs. 1.90 more, his profit would have bee		
17.	a. no solution	(– 1)] = 1 b. only one solution d. more than two solution	n
18.		c2 ≤ y ≤ 2	d1/√2 ≤ y ≤ 1/√2
19.	I. 2 points II. a circle I	which of the following? II. an ellipse c. II and III only	d. I and III only
20.	1.1/a + 1/b + 1/c + 1/d ≥ 16/x 2.(x-a)(x-b)(x-c)(x-d) ≥ 81abcd 3.(x-a)(x-b)(x-c)(x-d) ≤ 81/256 (x^4)	= x, then which holds ? c. 3	d. all of these
21.	few months an additional capital of Rs.500 in ne they closed the business with a profit of Rs.252 the additional capital after,	eded which is invested	d by B. After 12 months
22.	A mixture of 70 litres of wine and water contains added to make water 12.5% of the resulting mixtu a. 1 litre b. 2 litres co		ow much water must be d. 4 litres
23.		a ₂ ,a _{3 ,} ,if a ₁ +a ₅ +a c. 900	a ₁₀ +a ₁₅ +a ₂₀ +a ₂₄ = 225 d. none of these
24.	distance from the figure 3 a. 15 and 24 minutes past 3 b	ock when the hands of b. 13 $^{11}/_{13}$, 16 $^{4}/_{11}$ minute d. None of the above.	-
25.	Values of x which satisfies $\left \frac{10-x}{3} \right < 2$ are		
	a. 4 < x < 16 b 4 > x > - 16 c		d. x < 16.
26.	A tradesman marks an article with a price which we price. If the customer pays cash however, the trademarked price. Find the actual profit received from is paid Rs.28.50.	desman makes a dedu the sale of an article f	ction of 5% from the
		c. Rs. 4.50	d. Rs. 5.50
27.	A reservoir is 2 metres long, 1 metre broad and 0 of water. How many such pots can be watered fro 1/1000 cu. m.?		
. .	a. 1000 b. 2000 c	2. 3000	d. 4000
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28.	The L.C.M. and H.C.F. of two numbers are 4125 by how much is the second number less than the		One number is 375. Find
	•	c. 75	d. 25
29.	If the sum of the roots of the quadratic equation squares of there reciprocals then a/c, b/a, c/b a		0) is equal to sum of the
		c. HP	d. none of these
30.	In a certain community, the market value of taxa was assessed at 45% of the market value. (i) If taxes, what must be per cent tax rate? (ii) Find Rs.52,000.	the community needed d the tax on a house v	a total of Rs.441,000 in
		b. 3.5%, Rs. 819 d.1.575%, Rs. 819	
31.	'm' men and 'n' women are to be seated in a r then the number of ways in which they can be se a. m! $^{m+1}P_n$ b. m! mP_n		nen sit together. If m>n, d. none of these
32.	If x, y and z are the sides of a triangle satisfyin two sides is 5, then the sum of the squares of it's a. [5, 7.5] b. [5, 10]		
33.	A man standing on a platform notes that a train him; a train of the same length going in the opp they take to pass each other? a. 1 second b. 24 seconds		
34.	If two sides of a triangle are 7 and 8, which of the to the third side ? a. 8 b. 7	e following cannot be t c. 6	he length of the altitude d. 4
35.	Two clubs, Y and Z, have together x members; N known that some people belong to both clubs, w who belong to only one club?	which expression gives	the number of people
26		C. $yz - x$	d. 2x -(y +z)
36.	What are the values of x that will satisfy the cone a. $2 < x < 5$ b. $x < 2$ or $x > 5$		d. 1/3 < x <3 ¹ / ₃
37.	Two taps can separately fill a cistern in 20 and 3 opened	30 minutes respectively	. Each of the taps is
	for a minute in turn, but due to a hole in the bo through that it takes 3 minutes more to fill the ci taken by the hole to empty it.		
		c. 3.8 hours	d. 3.25 hours
	ections : Qns.38-39 : refer to the definitions of the b = ab + 1/ab and c ##d = (c+1/c)(d+1/d), where a,		
38.	Which of the following is equal to 99 # 1/99?a. 20 # 20b. 5 ## $\frac{1}{2}$	c. ½ # 2	d. 10 # 5
39.	Which expression is equivalent to c ## d? a. c ## (c # d) b. (c # d) + (c # 1/d)	c. c # (c # d)	d. c # (d ## d)
40.	Oranges cost anywhere from 15 ps. per pound to number of pound of oranges you can buy with R	ls.5?	-
41.	a. 33 b. 20 How many arrangements can be made with the I 479001600 b. 79833600 c.1663200	c. 16 letters of the word " Ind d. 79833600	d. 17 lependence"? a.
	479001000 D. 79033000 C. 1003200 59		's Academy/Quantitatiive Ability

42.	The equations of a pair equations $x^2 - 5x + 6 =$ a. $x + 4y = 13 \& y = 4x$ c. $4x + y = 13 \& y = 4x$	0 and $y^2 - 6y + 5 = 0$. T - 7	parallelogram are give the equations of its di b. $4x + y = 13 \& 4y =$ d. $y - 4x = 13 \& y +$	= x - 7
43.	In the given figure if AE equal to a. 2.6 c. 2.4	B = 4 cms, and BC = 3 cr b. 5 d. can't be determined	ΕŃ	D A B
44.	boat, sailing against a find the length of the te	river current of 4 kms/hr	crosses a temple on	t is 40 kms/hr. If the motor the bank in 10 seconds,
	a. 70 m	b. 80 m	c. 350 m	d. 200 m
45.		room 6 metres long is F ave been Rs. 240. The w b. 3.5 m		n been 0.5 metres less d. None of these
46.	which he had to sell at a lo		ercentage of profit a	ne-third of it was spoiled t which he should sell the whole? d. 15%
47.		ing 60 metres high the a respectively. The height b. 30 m		of the top and bottom of a d. 50 m
48.	If x,y and z are integers a.both x and y must be b.either x is a perfect s c.z cannot be a perfect d.z has to be greater th	perfect squares quare or y is a perfect s square	quare	
49.	Three identical dice are them is	e rolled. The probability	that the same numbe	r will appear on each of
	a. 1/ 6 ³	b. 1/36	c. 25/36	d. 20/36
50.	A survey shows that 63 like both Hirithik and Bi		irithik and 76 % like E	ig B. If x% of the Indians
	a. x = 39	b. x= 63	c. $39 \le x \le 63$	d. None of these

Quantitative Ability Exercise 10A

1.	A man can buy 10 kg more rice wher 12.5%, how much less can he buy for R a. 15 kg, Rs.12 d. 9 kg, Rs. 20		ne original price?	increases by g, Rs. 15
2.	Mr. Batliboi invests some amount in g investment and invests half of it in sha other half in gold again, what is the prof to have an overall profit of 100% on his a. 25 b. 50	ares, where he makes it %age profit that he	s a loss of 50%. If I	ne invests the
3.	Two men and 3 women can do a piece men can do the same work in 2 days w working along with 3 women can comp hrs/day. a. Five b. Four	when they work for 9	hrs/day. Find out h	ow many men
4.	A cistern can be filled separately by respectively. A tap C at the bottom can opened at 3:10pm and tap C is opened a.4:00pm d. 3:30pm	two pipes A and E empty the full cisterr	3 in 40 minutes an n in 60 minutes. Tap	d 30 minutes s A and B are
5.	Some birds are perched on a clothest square of the distance between the 1^{st} square of distance between the 3^{rd} and 10^{th} bird is same as the distance between the 1^{st} and 3^{rd} bird is a. 1 d. 4	and the 2 nd while that d 4 th bird, and so on. I	at between the 4 th a If the distance betwe 4 th bird then the dist	and 5 th bird is en the 1 st and
6.	A man lent some money in the ratio 1:2 2 years was Rs.420. Find the total sum. a. Rs. 1000. d. Rs. 1500		respectively. His tota	ll income after c. Rs. 3000
7.	What is the angle between the hands of a. 104 d. 102	the clock at 10:36 p. b. 98 e. insufficient data	m.?	c. 100
8.	The ratio of milk to water in a mixture is contains 80% milk. If the initial mixture v a. 250 ml b. 300 ml			e new mixture e. 350 ml
9.	A coconut tree 100f is inclined with the will be the length of the shadow of the tr a. $100/\sqrt{3}$ ft d. $50\sqrt{3}$ ft	-	tical sun rays fall on	the tree, what c. 50 ft
10.	Three brothers had their ages in the rat be in the ratio 3:4:6. What are their pres a. 2,3,5 b. 7, 11, 19		 k. Five years hence, d. 4,7,13 	their ages will e. 12,24,48
11.	A man rows 8 km upstream and back in speed in still water, what is the speed of a. 3.87 d. 4.27			6 of the man's c. 4.75

12.	12. Suketu is a Colombian drug lord. He buys heroin in Columbia at Rs. 10 lakh per kg and sells in Mexico at Rs. 20 lakh per kg in consignments of 150 kg. But as the travails of the trade ar every time one third of his consignments are seized by the authorities. If out of his profits H plans to buy a luxury yacht, which costs Rs. 600 crore, how many consignments have to H sent by him?				
	a.12	b. 20	c. 80	d. 120	e. 150
13.		000, the CI for 2 yea		for 2 yrs when rate is	11%. Find the
	a. 13.33% d. 21.333%		b. 21.11% e. can't be deter	mined	c. 20%
14.	Two successive dis will have a SP of		15% respectively	on an item of marked p	price Rs. 1000
	a. Rs. 775		b. Rs. 700		c. Rs. 800
	d. Rs.765		e. none of these		
15.		f a rectangle is resp by 20%, by what perc		The width is 65% of the	e length If the c. 8.6%
	d. 7.8%		e. none of these		
16.		etween the 2 nd least)			
17.	together, their rate their reduced rate	of work reduces by improves by 1/3 and	1/4 th and 1/3 rd r 1 ¹ / ₂ respectively. H	ays respectively. But we respectively. When the How many days would days to complete the wo d. 2	y work with C, they require to
18.			unds a circular po	and 100 feet in diamete	r. What is the
	area covered by the a.202 π d. 404 π	e waik?	b. 204π e. none of these).	c . 804π
19.	churches. At the m discount on the pu goats. What is the	narket, he finds that rchase of one goat. minimum number of	with every cow, Hence he decide cows or goats tha	ng 11 Brahmins and sor he is getting a hen fro es to buy equal numbe t he should buy so that sters. How many cows o	ee and also a r of cows and t he is left with
	a. 924, 12 d. 929, 84		b. 924, 80 e. none of these		c. 929, 12
20.				speed is half of that c	f B and three
	a.15 d. 14	If B takes 10 hrs, ho	b. 12 e. indeterminabl		c. 18

Quantitative Ability Exercise 10B

1.	The sixth term from the a. $^{11}C_5 x^{16}/80$	e end in the expansion c b. $-^{11}C_5 5x^{17}/128$	of (5x ² /4 - 2x/5) ¹¹ c. ¹¹ C ₅ 5x ¹⁷ /128	d. None of these
2.	The range of the value $\frac{2x^2 + x - 1}{x^2 - 5x + 6} < 0$			
	a. −1 < x <1/2	b. 2 < x < 3	c. Either a. or b.	d. Both a. and b.
3.		m A, B and C walk resp		direction to walk round a , 7, and 13 km an hour In d. 21 hours
4.	cards left undealt. Sa players there is one le are	me is true if you deal t eft undealt. Then the nu	to seven players. If the umber of cards that can	ive players there are two cards are dealt to three not be there in the pack
	a. 37	b. 142	c. 247	d. 107
5.		e money on compound of interest is 5% and ye b. Rs. 800		it in two years in equal 41, find the principal. d. Rs. 835
6.		area of the rectangle ne tersect atmost at one po b. 16a ²		close four circles of which 2? d. 2aπ
7.	If $x^4 + 1/x^4 = 727$, then a. 0	the value of x ³ - 1/ x ³ is b. unique	c. 625	d140
8.		the remaining squares i the same sum. What w	ould be the entry in the	e middle 25
	a. 0	b. 5	c. 8	d. 12
9.	boys and 50 % of girls the group can be form	. Two of the girls refuse ed is	d to join the group. The	s, so as to include 50 % of number of ways in which
	a. 1200	b .1800	c. 2400	d. 1600
10.				a driver who uses equal hiles to the gallon on the
	a. 100 miles	b. 200 miles	c.150 miles	d. 35 miles
11.		s 4 cm and 8 cm and ce and CD meet in E. If A is b. 3		that PQ = 15. transverse e, then AE = ? d. 5
12.	the year. He worked f cost of the bicycle is (i	or eight months. For his	s work he was given a b	nd a bicycle at the end of picycle and Rs.1700. The
	a. 600	b. 1200	c. 900	d. 850

13.	If x satisfies the inequal $0 \le x \le 8$	ality $ x-3 + x-4 + x-5 $ b. $x \le 0$ or $x \ge 8$	\ge 12, then c. x \le -6 or x \ge 5	d. None of these
14.	The third term in the e	xpansion of $\frac{\sqrt{1-x/3}}{\sqrt{2-x^2}}$ i	s	
	a. 1311x ² /288	$(2 + 4x)^2$ b. $11x^2 / 3$	c. 11x / 3	d. 1311x / 288
15.		egers { 1, 11, 21, 31, to 452.The maximum po b. 23		
16.	they were different. He of dialing the correct n	e dials the number at rai umber.	ndom. If he takes one tri	s, remembering only that al, what is the probability
	a. 1 /100	b. 1 /50	c. 1 /45	d. 1/90.
17.	In the diagram, if trian congruent, what is the a. $(x\sqrt{3})/4$ c. $x/3$	gle ABD and triangle CB length of DC? b. 2x/5 d. x√2/2	3D are	D 30 ¹ x
				В
18.		ch the sum of the square assume least value is. b. 1	s of the roots of the equ c. 2	d. 3
19.	We are given the follo r \Box s = (r + 1)/s a. a \blacklozenge b	wing two definitions: r✦s = (s + 1)/r b. b✦ a	Then a⊡b = c. (a-1)♦(b-1)	d. (a/b)♦ a
20.	A cistern can be filled	by two pipes in 18 and 2	24 minutes. The third nin	e can empty it in 12
		is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours		
21.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value	uch time will the cistern l c. 3 hours 25 paise coins and 10 p	oe filled? d. 4 hours paise coins. The total
21.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi a. 16	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17	uch time will the cistern l c. 3 hours 25 paise coins and 10 p	oe filled? d. 4 hours paise coins. The total
21. 22.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17	25 paise coins and 10 p s are in the ratio of 2,3,4	d. 4 hours d. 4 hours baise coins. The total and 6, then find the d. 20
	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi a. 16 The equation $3^{x\cdot 1} + 5^{x\cdot}$ a. no solution c. two solution	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17	 b. one solution d. more than two solution 	d. 4 hours d. 4 hours baise coins. The total and 6, then find the d. 20
22.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi a. 16 The equation $3^{x-1} + 5^{x}$ a. no solution c. two solution If the expression 2^{3n+3} a. a natural number	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17 ¹ = 34 has – 7n – 8 is divisible by 4	25 paise coins and 10 p 25 paise coins and 10 p 25 are in the ratio of 2,3,4 c. 18 b. one solution d. more than two solut 9,then n is c. not possible	be filled? d. 4 hours baise coins. The total 4 and 6, then find the d. 20
22. 23.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi a. 16 The equation $3^{x+1} + 5^{x}$ a. no solution c. two solution If the expression 2^{3n+3} a. a natural number If x satisfies the inequa a. $0 \le x \le 8$ A copper wire 0.5 cm in diameter 10cm, so as	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17 $^{1} = 34$ has -7n - 8 is divisible by 4 b. any integer alitylx-21 + 1 x-41 + 1 x-6 1 b. x ≤ 0 or x ≥ 8 n diameter is evenly wor to cover the whole surfation	uch time will the cistern f c. 3 hours 25 paise coins and 10 p is are in the ratio of 2,3,4 c. 18 b. one solution d. more than two solut 9,then n is c. not possible \geq 12 c. x \leq -4 or x \geq 6 und about a cylinder of I ce. The length of wire is	be filled? d. 4 hours baise coins. The total 4 and 6, then find the d. 20 ion d. none of these d. none of these ength 12 cm. and
22. 23. 24. 25.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi a. 16 The equation $3^{x\cdot1} + 5^{x\cdot}$ a. no solution c. two solution If the expression 2^{3n+3} a. a natural number If x satisfies the inequa a. $0 \le x \le 8$ A copper wire 0.5 cm is diameter 10cm, so as a. 7.54 m	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17 $^{1} = 34$ has -7n - 8 is divisible by 4 b. any integer alitylx-21 + 1 x-41 + 1 x-6 1 b. x ≤ 0 or x ≥ 8 n diameter is evenly wor to cover the whole surfa b. 800 cm	25 paise coins and 10 p 25 paise coins and 10 p 26 c. 3 b. one solution d. more solution d. more than two solut 19,then n is c. not possible ≥ 12 c. $x \le -4$ or $x \ge 6$ und about a cylinder of I ce. The length of wire is c. 16 m	be filled? d. 4 hours baise coins. The total 4 and 6, then find the d. 20 ion d. none of these d. none of these ength 12 cm. and d. 18 m.
22. 23. 24.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi a. 16 The equation $3^{x\cdot1} + 5^{x\cdot}$ a. no solution c. two solution If the expression 2^{3n+3} a. a natural number If x satisfies the inequa a. $0 \le x \le 8$ A copper wire 0.5 cm i diameter 10cm, so as a. 7.54 m	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17 $^{1} = 34$ has -7n - 8 is divisible by 4 b. any integer alitylx-21 + 1 x-41 + 1 x-6 1 b. x ≤ 0 or x ≥ 8 n diameter is evenly wor to cover the whole surfation	25 paise coins and 10 p 25 paise coins and 10 p 26 c. 3 b. one solution d. more than two solut 19,then n is c. not possible ≥ 12 c. x ≤ -4 or x ≥ 6 und about a cylinder of I ce. The length of wire is c. 16 m r meals, what would be	be filled? d. 4 hours baise coins. The total 4 and 6, then find the d. 20 ion d. none of these d. none of these ength 12 cm. and d. 18 m. the expenditure of 18
22. 23. 24. 25.	minutes. If 1/6 cistern a. 1 hour An urn contains 1 rupe number of coins in the number of 1 rupee coi a. 16 The equation $3^{x+1} + 5^{x}$ a. no solution c. two solution If the expression 2^{3n+3} a. a natural number If x satisfies the inequa a. $0 \le x \le 8$ A copper wire 0.5 cm i diameter 10cm, so as a. 7.54 m If 6 persons spend Rs persons for 12 weeks, a. Rs. 2700 2 men and 7 boys com	is already full, in how mu b. 2 hours ee coins, 50 paise coins, urn is 840. If their value ns. b. 17 1 = 34 has -7n - 8 is divisible by 4 b. any integer alitylx-21 + 1 x-41 + 1 x-6 1 b. x ≤ 0 or x ≥ 8 n diameter is evenly wor to cover the whole surfa b. 800 cm .750 in 10 weeks on their assuming that the meals	25 paise coins and 10 p 25 paise coins and 10 p 26 paise coins and 10 p 27 paise coins and 10 p 28 paise coins and 10 p 29 paise coins and 10 p 29 paise coins and 10 p 20 paise coins and 20 paise 20 p	be filled? d. 4 hours baise coins. The total 4 and 6, then find the d. 20 ion d. none of these d. none of these ength 12 cm. and d. 18 m. the expenditure of 18 out? d. Rs. 3000

	a. 5	b. 6	c. 7	d. 8
28.	If a ₁ ,a ₂ ,,a _{2n+1} a. 200	are in AP and a _{n+1} = 10 b. 100	00, then a ₁ + a _{2n+1} is c. 50	d. none of these
29.	Line X and line Y in the parallel. Which of the f the area of II divided b a. 2 c. ³ ⁄ ₄	ollowing equals	4 1 6	2
30.	of manufacture, and then		nt, a discount of 22% of t	profit of 60% on the cost he list price. What profit d. 26.8%
31.	old			4 years ago, because an nger is the new member d. 40 years
32.			an at 8% per annum. After ind the cost of the watch c. Rs. 470	
33.	The number of times th a. 269	ne digit 3 will be written b. 300	when listing integers from c. 271	n 1 to 1000 is d. 302
34.	If A _n is the size of an in a. 2/3	nterior angle of a regula b. 1	ar n sided figure, what is c. 4/3	6A ₆ /5A ₅ ? d. 5/3
35.	its length traveling at 0	60 km per hr and cross		eets another train of half seconds . Find the length 37 ½ seconds. d. 5000 m
36.	minutes. A person learer return the moment where the second secon	aves the bath room aft the bath should be	er turning on both the p e full. Finding, however,	hot water pipe in 11 $\frac{1}{4}$ ipes simultaneously and that the waste pipe has . In what time would the d. $7^2/_3$ minutes
37.	a certain lawn, and it o square yard?	costs Rs.3.00 to fertilize	the same lawn, how mu	es a half an hour to mow ch does fertilizer cost per
	a. 1 ps.	b. 5 ps.	c. 3 ps.	d. 1/3 ps.
38.	in business for 5 mont	hs and the capital of B	d Rs.500 more than A. T remained in business for A gets Rs.600 less than E c.Rs. 2500	1 month more than the
39.	•	-	lling price of the mixture c. Rs. 17.50	.21 per kg respectively. If per kg in order to make a d. Rs. 18.00 i's Academy/Quantitatiive Ability

40.		ment is held in which 30 now many matches are ro b. 30		ayer is eliminated as soon winner? d. 32
41.	simple interest. The fo	rmer is recovered 6 mor the sum and time for wh , 4 years	nths earlier than the late	5.5 years
42.	Find the number of wa each of them gets at le a. 16 ⁴ -1	ys, in which 16 apples c east one apple, b. 2 ¹⁶ -1	c. ¹⁵ C ₃	g four persons so that d. none of these
43.	Any four digit number a. 7	formed by repeating a tv b. 11	vo digit number is alway c. 101	s divisible by d. None of these
44.		$D = DA, AB = BC, and If the length of AE is 1, wb. 2\sqrt{3}d. 4\sqrt{3}$		в
45.	whose roots are a ¹⁹ B ⁷ is	of the equation $x^2 + x + 1 = s$ b. $x^2 - x + 1 = 0$		$\frac{1}{E} = \frac{1}{D}$ d. $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$
46.				ns. Six persons enter the t sets of tickets they can d. none of these
47.	а. π/2	des of triangle are 3,5,7 b. 5π /6	c. 2π /3	d. 3 π /4
48.	The digit in the unit pla a 1	ace of $(3^3)^{4N}$ +1 , whe b 2	re N is any natural numl c 7	ber is d 9
49.		liters of wine, 60 litres a b. What quantity of wine b. 52.5 litres		
50.		mules at Rs.50 each, sl ne average price of the a b. 2		

					wers				
4	0	0	4		ise 1A	7	0	0	401
1. c 11.d	2. a 12.c	3. e 13.c	4. b 14.d	5. a 15.a	6. b 16.c	7. e 17.d	8. a 18.b	9. d 19.a	10.b 20.c
				Exerc	ise 1B				
1. a	2. a	3. b	4. b	5. c	6. a	7.a	8. b	9. c	10.c
11. a 21. d	12. a 22. a	13. b 23. a	14. d 24. c	15. с 25. с	16. а 26. с	17. d 27. c	18. c 28. b	19. c 29. a	20. c 30. c
21. u 31. c	22. a 32. b	23. a 33. b	24. C 34. b	25. C 35. d	26. C 36. d	27. C 37. b	28. b 38. b	29. a 39. d	30. c 40. b
41. a	42. c	43. c	44. d	45. d	46. d	47. b	48. d	49. d	50. c
				Exerc	ise 2A				
1. d	2. c	3. b	4. a	5. d	6. a	7. a	8. a	9. d	10.c
11.b	12.a	13.d	14. a	15.e	16.e	17.b	18.d	19.b	20.d
	_				ise 2B				
1.b	2. c	3. b	4. c	5. b	6. d	7. c	8. C	9. c	10. a
11. a 21. d	12. b 22. c	13. a 23. d	14. d 24. d	15. b 25. c	16. b 26. a	17. b 27. b	18. d 28. b	19. a 29. a	20. b 30. c
31. b	32. d	23. d 33. d	34. b	35. c	20. a 36. d	37. c	38. c	29. a 39. a	40. b
41. c	42. c	43. c	44. a	45. b	46. d	47. a	48. c	49. d	50. d
				Exerc	ise 3A				
1. b	2. b	3.a	4.b	5.b	6.a	7. b	8.a	9.c	10.d
11.d	12.c	13.b	14.a	15.b	16.a	17.c	18.c	19.e	20.d
					ise 3B				
1. d	2. a	3. d	4. d	5. c	6. c	7. a	8. c	9. b	10. d
11. b	12. c	13. a	14. a	15. c	16. d	17. a	18. b	19. b	20. a
21. c 31. d	22. b 32. c	23. b 33. b	24. c 34. b	25. a 35. a	26. a 36. d	27. d 37. c	28. c 38. b	29. b 39. c	30. b 40. a
41. d	42. a	43. c	44. a	45. d	46. b	47. c	48. c	49. a	50. c
				Exerc	ise 4A				
1. a	2. b	3. a	4. d	5. c	6. c	7. d	8. b	9. d	10.b
11.c	12.b	13.a	14.c	15.a	16.c	17.c	18.b	19.d	20.a
				Exerc	ise 4B				
1. b	2. b	3. a	4. b	5. c	6. a	7. d	8. d	9. c	10. b
11. c 21. b	12. b	13. c 23. d	14. b 24. b	15. d 25. b	16. a 26. b	17. c	18. c 28. c	19. c 29. c	20. b
21. D 31. c	22. d 32. c	23. u 33. a	24. D 34. b	25. b 35. b	26. D 36. c	27. b 37. c	28. C 38. C	29. C 39. a	30. c 40. d
41. a	42. d	43. d	44. d	45. a	46. a	47. b	48. b	49. c	50. d
				Exerc	ise 5A				
1. d	2. d	3. a	4. b	5. c	6. b	7. b	8. c	9. a	10.c
11.e	12.a	13.c	14.b	15.d	16.b	17.a	18.b	19.d	20.b
				Exerc	ise 5B				
1. a	2. b	3. d	4. b		6. c	7. a	8. d	9. a	10. b
11. b	12. d	13. b	14. d	15. d	16. a	17.b	18. d	19. b	20. a
21. c 31. a	22. b 32. b	23. b 33. a	24. с 34. а	25. b 35. d	26. b 36. b	27. c 37. d	28. c 38. b	29. b 39. b	30. a 40. b
41.d	32. D 42. a	зз. а 43. с	34. a 44. d	35. u 45.b	36. b 46. b	37. u 47. b	38. b 48. b	39. D 49. d	40. b 50. a
				Exerc	ise 6A				
1.b	2.a	3. c	4. d	5. a	6. b	7.d	8.C	9.c	10.b
11.c	12.b	13.d	14.c	15.c	16.e	17.d	18.b	19.b	20.c

				Exerc	ise 6B				
1. d	2. b	3. b	4. c	5. b	6. c	7. b	8. d	9. c	10. b
11. d	12. a	13. d	14. a	15. c	16. c	17. d	18. d	19. b	20. d
21. b	22.b	23. d	24. d	25. d	26. c	27. a	28. a	29. b	30. c
31.c	32. a	33. a	34. b	35. c	36. d	37. c	38. d	39. d	40. a
41. b	42. b	43. c	44. d	45. b	46. c	47. c	48. c	49. d	50. c
					ise 7A				
1. c	2. d	3. b	4. b	5. b	6. d		8. d	9. a	10.d
11.c	12.d	13.c	14.a	15.a	16.d	17.b	18.d	19.c	20.c
				Exerc					
1. b	2. a	3. a	4. a	5. a	6. c	7. c	8. b	9. a	10. b
11. c	12. b	13. a	14. d	15. d	16. c	17. a	18. a	19. b	20.b
21. b	22. a	23. b	24. b	25. c	26. d	27. d	28. b	29. d	30. b
31. c	32. b	33. a	34. a	35. b	36. c	37. c	38. a	39. c	40. b
41. c	42. b	43. d	44.c	45. b	46. d	47. b	48. a	49. c	50. d
					ise 8A				
1. b	2.c	3.d	4.c	5. d	6.b	7.c	8.b	9.c	10.b
11.c	12.b	13.d	14.c	15.b	16.a	17.a	18.c	19.c	20.b
				Exerc	ise 8B				
1. b	2. a	3. d	4. a	5. a	6. C	7. b	8. b	9. c	10. b
11. b	12. b	13. a	14. a	15.b	16. b	17. b	18. c	19. c	20. b
21. c	22. c	23. a	24. a	25. d	26. b	27. c	28. a	29. b	30. b
31. b	32. a	33. c	34. c	35. a	36. c	37. d	38. d	39. c	40. d
41. c	42. b	43. b	44. b	45. d	46. d	47. c	48. d	49. d	50. c
				Exerc	ise 9A				
1. d	2. a	З. а	4. c	5. a	6. b	7. b	8. c	9. c	10.c
11.a	12.d	13.d	14.b	15.b	16.a	17.c	18.d	19.b	20.a
				Exerc	ise 9B				
1. c	2. a	3. c	4. c	5. b	6. a	7. a	8. a	9. a	10. d
11. a	12. d	13. d	14. a	15. b	16. d	17. d	18.b	19. b	20. d
21. a	22. b	23. c	24. b	25. a	26. b	27. b	28. a	29. c	30. b
31. a	32.d	33. c	34. a	35. d	36. a	37. b	38. c	39. b	40. a
41. c	42. c	43. c	44. b	45. c	46. b	47. c	48. d	49. b	50. c
				Exerci	se 10A				
1. b	2. b	3. a	4. d	5. e	6. c	7. d	8. a	9. c	10.d
11.d	12.d	13.c	14.d	15.d	16.b	17.a	18.b	19.d	20.a
				Exerci	se 10B				
1. a	2. c	3. a	4. d	5. a	6. b	7. d	8. a	9. a	10. c
11. b	12. c	13. b	14. a	15. b	16. d	17. d	18. b	19. b	20. a
21. d	22. b	23. a	24. b	25. a	26. a	27. c	28. a	29. d	30. b
31.d	32. b	33. b	34. c	35. b	36. c	37. a	38. b	39.a	40. a
41. c	42. c	43. c	44. d	45. d	46. a	47. c	48. b	49. d	50. b

SOLUTIONS

EXERCISE – 1A

- 1. Ans. c., If the SP is Rs80, and the loss is 20%, then the CP has to be Rs100.
- Ans a..Let b,g and r be the speeds at which Babu, Govind and Ramu can push the cart respectively. So we have b+g=5 and g+r=6, g = 3. Thus b + g + r = 8. Thus time taken = 1hr 15 minutes.
- 3. Ans e. Out of the total profit, say x, 30% goes to A, as he is the working partner and the remaining 70% is distributed among the three A, B and C in the ratio of their equivalent capitals (the capital investments done for a definite time period) which comes out to be1:8:6. So, A's share comprises of 30% of x and 1/15 of 70% of x, which is given as Rs.1040. So, x comes out to be Rs.3000.
- 4. Ans. b., The expression can be written as $12^{3} 3 + 5 + 7 + (5 + 7) = 5^{3} + 7^{3} = 468$.
- 5. Ans a. The height of the cliff will be 200m. The side opposite to the 30° angle will be $200/\sqrt{3}$. Thus the height of the tree will be $200-200/\sqrt{3}$.
- 6. Ans. b.. The amount obtained by Ketan after selling the shares is Rs27,400+Rs2400 = 29,800. Let number of shares be x. then brokerage paid by Ketan = x/2 every time he buys or sells the shares. Thus he pays a total brokerage of Rsx. Thus 13x-x = 2400. Therefore x = 200. Thus the market price of each share is 27,400/200 = 137.
- 7. The condition given i.e., difference between ages of two neighboring brothers should be constant, cannot be satisfied as per the given information. A and B are twins, C is older than D but younger than A. So, A&B are the eldest, followed by C, followed by D. Let us assume ages: A&B = 11 years; C =10 years; D = 9 years. It is not possible to arrange all four of them in a row in such a manner that the difference in the ages of any two adjacent brothers is constant. We can have some of the arrangements as 11, 11, 10, 9or 11, 10, 9, 11 or 10, 11, 11, 9 etc., wherein the difference in ages of adjacent brothers varies from 0 to 2. So, the answer cannot be determined. Ans e.
- 8. $2/3^{rd}$ of the pot is initially filled with water therefore the total volume of the pebbles is equal to $1/3^{rd}$ of the volume of the pot. Thus if r is the radius of the pot then $1/3 \times 4\pi r^3/3 = 576 \times 4/3 \prod R^3$. Substituting R = 1, we get r = 12. Ans a..
- 9. Using alligation we get the ratio in which the two types of sugars should mixed is 3:1 i.e. 72:24. Thus 72kgs should be mixed. Ans. d.
- 10. Let the speeds be 2x and 3x. Thus relative speed is 5x. Since time taken is 10 seconds, the distance travelled i.e. the sum of lengths of both train is 50x. Thus length of each train is 25x. Now while passing the stationary train, the total distance travelled would be 500+25x in time 25. I.e. (500+25x)/3x = 25. Simplifying we get x = 10. Thus length of either train is 25x i.e. 250meters. Thus Ans.b.
- 11. If selling price is same, and percentage profit in first transaction is equal to percentage loss in the second transaction, then, in the overall transaction, there is always a net loss, which is given by $(R/10)^2$, where R is the common loss or gain %. Using this formula, we get the loss in the overall transaction as $(15)^2/100 \% = 2.25\%$. Ans. d.

30°

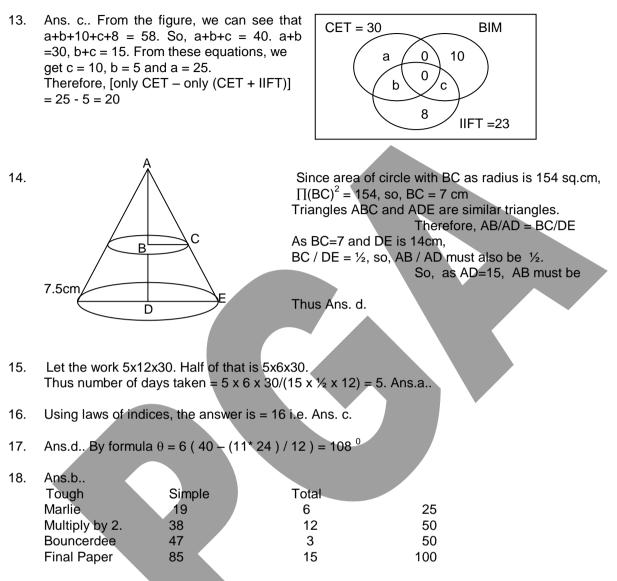
45°

-- 200m----

Tree

cliff

12. Ans. c., The profit is zero implies CP is same as SP. Thus if initial SP was Rs5, now it is 4 = CP. Thus initial profit is Re1 for Rs4 of CP i.e. 25%.



So, % of tough questions in final paper is 85.

- 19. Ans. a. Suppose the income was 30 then 10 came from this salary, 1/5th of the remaining 20 i.e. 4 came from working at week-ends. ½ of the remaining i.e. ½ of 16 i.e. 8 came from the royalty of his book. The remaining 8 from the investments which is thus twice of the pay of week-end-work. He earns 1200 from weekend-work thus he earns 2400 from investments.
- 20. The relative speed when they are moving in same direction is 1 on the ratio scale and when they are moving in opposite directions, it is 5. For constant distance, the speed is inversely proportional to time therefore the required ratio is 5:1. Thus answer is (c).

EXERCISE – 1B

- 1. Ratio of the passengers is 1/21 : 1/7 : 1/3 : : 1:3:7∴ 11a = 385 ⇒ a = 35, ∴ the number of I, II and III class passengers is 35 : 105: 245.
- 2. Since $3^2 = 9$ and $0^2 = 0$, The digit in the unit place of the sum must be 9 therefore the digit in the square root is 3 or 7. The sum of the squares of the digits at thousands place ≥ 32 and $\le 50 \therefore$ ans. 6467.

- 3. Favorable case is C wins .The probability of this is $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$
- 4. Let x and y be the number of kgs of sugar of rates Rs 24 and Rs. 18 per kg respectively. $\therefore 24 x + 18 y = 0.99 (x + y) 20$, $\therefore 24 x/y + 18 = 19.8 (x/y + 1) \Rightarrow x/y = 3/7$.
- 5. Let t min past 3, the minute hand be 4 min. behind the hour hand. Using the formula t = (12/11) (m + x) or (12/11) (m x), substituting m = 15 m.s and x = 4 m.s, we get t = (12/11)(15-4) = 12 min. Ans. is c..
- The images of graph F1(x) taken once about x-axis, and then about y-axis is same as the graph F2(x).Hence, F2(x) = F1(-x).
- 7. The total no. of terms in the expansion of the given binomial is 7 + 1 = 8 (even).Hence, there'll be two mid-terms: (7+1)th term and (7+3)th term

$$T_{4} = {}^{7}C_{3}(x/2)^{4}(-4/x)^{3} = -{}^{7}C_{3} 4x$$

$$T_{5} = {}^{7}C_{4}(x/2)^{3}(-4/x)^{4} = {}^{7}C_{3} 32/x$$

- 8. Let the speed of the man in still water be m km/hr. and the speed of the current be s km/hr. \therefore $\frac{3}{4} = (m-s) (45/4)(1/60)$ and $\frac{3}{4} = (m+s) (15/2)(1/60)$ \therefore 15 m - 15 s = 60 and 10 m + 10 s = 60 \Rightarrow m = 5 km/hr.
- 9. Distance between two given points is 3 units. Since the area is 6 units it's second side must be 4 units. Hence third vertex can be (1, 2) or (1, 6) or (-2, 2) or (-2, -6).
- 10. 1, ω , ω^2 are three cube roots of unity, $\therefore \omega^3 = 1$ and $1 + \omega + \omega^2 = 0$ $1 - \omega + \omega^2 = -2\omega$ $1 - \omega^2 + \omega^4 = 1 - \omega^2 + \omega = -2\omega^2$ $1 - \omega^4 + \omega^8 = 1 - \omega + \omega^2 = -2\omega$ Thus each of the two consecutive terms pair up to give $4\omega^3 = 4$ For n terms we have, $4.4.4....=4^{n/2} = 2^n$
- 11. Let he invests Rs x in 5% stock and Rs y in 4% stocks ∴ On Rs 132 he earns Rs 5. ∴ On Rs x he can earn Rs 5x / 132 Similarly, On Rs y he can earn Rs 4y /99 ∴ 5x / 132 = 4y / 99 ⇒ x / 16 = y / 15 = (x + y) / 31 = 6200 / 31 ∴ x = Rs3200 and y = Rs3000
- Let S = $1^2 + 2^2/2! + 3^2/(2!)^2 + 4^2/(2!)^3 + 5^2/(2!)^4 + \dots$ 12. (1)Put 1/(2!) = x \therefore S = 1 + 4x + 9x² + 16x³ +.... (2)Multiply (2) with x \therefore xS = x + 4x² + 9x³ +.... (3) Subtracting (3) from (2) we get $(1-x)S = 1 + 3x + 5x^2 + 7x^3 + \dots$ (4) Multiply (4) with x $x(1-x)S = x + 3x^2 + 5x^3 + 7x^4 + \dots$ (5) Subtracting (5) from (4) we get $(1-x)^2$ S = 1 + 2x+ 2x² + 2x³ + = 1 + 2x/(1-x) = (1+x)/(1-x)9or S = $(1 + x)/(1 - x)^3$ Put x = 1/(2!) $S = (1 + \frac{1}{2})/(1 - \frac{1}{2})^3$ = <u>3/2</u> = 12 1/8
- 13. Minimum possible value of any expression inside mode is zero, so we will check for x = 3, -2, and x=5. At x = 3 we will get minimum value , which is 7

- 14. Given that mn = 100. ∴m and n can be any of the following pairs 25, 4 or 20, 5 or 50, 2 or 100, 1 whose sum is 29 or 25 or 52 or 101 but there are no factors of 100 whose sum can be 50. Hence answer is d.
- 15. Without leakage it can fill 1/3 of the tank per hour and with leakage it can fill 2/7 of the tank per hour ∴ leakage per hour = (1/3 2/7) = 1/21 ∴ Time taken to drain all the water = 21 hours.
- 16. In such problem it is easier to take any value for variable then substitute that value. Take x = 1 $f(x) = x/\sqrt{(1+x^2)} \Rightarrow f(1) = 1/\sqrt{(1+1^2)} = 1/\sqrt{2}$, $f(1/\sqrt{2}) = 1/\sqrt{3}$, $f(1/\sqrt{3}) = \frac{1}{2}$ So, for $f(1) = \frac{1}{2}$, Now substitute x = 1, in given answer options, 1st option will be equal to $\frac{1}{2}$
- 17. Let a = x/(x-1) and b = xThen $a + b = x/(x-1) + x = (x + x^2 - x)/(x-1) = x^2/(x-1)$ Thus the given equation becomes |a| + |b| = |a + b|But this hold if and only if $ab \ge 0$ i.e. if and only if $x^2/(x-1) \ge 0$ i.e. if $x \in \{0\} \cup \{1, \infty\}$
- 18. Since the face cards are removed there will be 10 cards of each suit. Total number of ways of drawing four cards = 40 C₄. Favorable number of cases will be 10 × 9 × 8 ×7. Hence the required probability is 10 × 9 × 8×7 / 40 C₄
- 19. Let I and w be the amounts of liquid and water in the mixture. $\therefore (1.25) (15) I = 12.5 (I + w) \Rightarrow 3 (I) = 2 (I + w) \therefore w / I = 3/2 - 1 = \frac{1}{2}.$
- 20. The (n+1)th term = (a n) + i(b n), where $n \in W$ If the term is real, (b - n) = 0, b = n
- A, B and C's work per day is 1/90, 1/40 and 1/12 respectively. Work done per cycle is 1/90+1/40+1/12 = 43 / 360 and to complete the work A, B and C each have to work for 9 days. In 9 days A does 1/10 th and B does 9/40 th of the work. ∴A's share = 1/10 .240 = Rs. 24, B's share = 9/40 .240 = Rs 54. ∴C's share = Rs 162.
- 22. Let h and c be the original cost of the horse and cow respectively. $\therefore 620 + 260 = 1.1 (h+c) \text{ and } 630 + c = 0.9 (h+c) \Rightarrow h + c = 800 \text{ and } 9 \text{ h} - c = 6300.$ $\Rightarrow h = 710 \text{ and } c = 90.$
- 23. Given points are the vertices of a right angled triangle with right angle at (a, a). It's sides forming the right angle are a and a. $\therefore a^2/2 = 2 \Rightarrow a^2 = 4 \therefore a = \pm 2$.
- 24. Let the cost price of each article be Rs x, \therefore (150 x + 50) x 1.38 = 12.5 x 90 + 10 x 60 = 1725.
 - $\therefore 150 \text{ x} + 50 = 1250 \implies \text{x} = \text{Rs 8}.$

25.

Persons	А	В	С
Investment / Period	Rs 5000 / 4 months	Rs 4500 / 6 months	Rs Nil / 6 months
Investment / Period	Rs 2500 / 8 months	Rs 3000 / 6 months	Rs 7000 / 6 months
Share in the profit	а	b	С

Since the share in the profit is proportional to Principal and period a / (5000 . 4 + 2500 . 8) = b / (4500 . 6 + 3000 . 6) = c / (0 + 7000 . 6) $\Rightarrow a / 40 = b / 45 = c / 42 = (a+b+c) / 127 = 5080 / 127$ $\therefore a = Rs1600$, b = Rs 1800, c = Rs 1680.

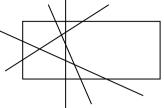
- 26. Length of the largest hurdle = HCF of 15547, 17647, 3521 which is 7.
- 27. i. If x ≤ 1 then, 1 x + 2 x + 3 x ≤ 6; x ≥ 0
 ii. If 1< x ≤ 2 then, x 1 + 2 x + 3 x ≤ 6; x ≥ -2

iii. If $2 < x \le 3$ then, $x - 1 + x - 2 + 3 - x \le 6$; $x \le 6$ iv. If x > 3 then, $x - 1 + x - 2 + x - 3 \le 6$; $x \le 4$ So, $0 \le x \le 4$

- 28. A = P [1 + nr /100], ∴880 = P [1 + 2.5/100] = 110/100 ⇒ P = 800
 S.I. on Rs 800 for one year = Rs.40, and interest on Rs 40 for one year = Rs 2
 ∴Compound Interest after two years = 82 ∴ Amount = Rs 882.
- 29. Ram lost a bicycle worth Rs. 300 + Rs 50 given in cash to the tourist. ∴ In all, he lost Rs. 350.
- 30. The digits which shows some number when turned upside down are 0, 1, 6, 9, and 8. Of the choices 169 and 196 are the perfect squares containing these digits but when turned upside down these shows 691 and 961 of which $961 = 31^2$ is the only perfect square.
- 31. As product of terms equidistant from the centre is constant, $g_1 \cdot g_{2n+1} = g_2 \cdot g_{2n} = \dots = g_{n+1} \cdot g_{n+1} = g_{n+1}^2 = 2500$
- 32. Since there are seven days in a week and every eighth day is a rest day. His first and eighth rest days will be on the same day i.e. Tuesday. Ninth on Thursday, Tenth on Sat, 11th on Monday and 12th on Wednesday.
- 33. At n = 1, we get the first term as a+b. At n = 2, we get the sum of first two terms as 2a+4b. Hence the common difference = (2a+4b) - 2(a+b) = 2b
- 34. Amount of water left in container P = p q/3 r/2 = (6p 2q 3r)/6
- 35. Possible arrangements are, 1 1 3 $\Rightarrow {}^{5}C_{1} {}^{4}C_{1} {}^{3}C_{3} 3 = 60$ 2 2 1 $\Rightarrow {}^{5}C_{2} {}^{3}C_{2} {}^{1}C_{1} 3 = 90$ So total is 150 ways
- 36. Since sum of any two sides of a triangle is greater than the third side \Rightarrow (r-1) + r > r + 1 \Rightarrow r > 2
- 37. Out of 10 position select two, no. of ways = ¹⁰ C ₂. In these two positions A1 and A2 can be arranged in one way only. And on remaining, 8 candidates can be arrange in 8! ways. So total ways = ¹⁰ C ₂. 8!
- 38. Draw ZX parallel to AY $\therefore \Delta CZX \sim \Delta CAY \Rightarrow CZ / CA = ZX / AY$ $\therefore 2/5 = 4/AY \Rightarrow AY = 10 \quad \therefore B \equiv (0, 10).$
- 39. By definition $A_3 = \{3, 6, 9, \dots \}$ and $A_5 = \{5, 10, 15, \dots \}$ and $A_{15} = \{15, 30, \dots \}$ clearly $A_3 \cap A_5 = A_{15}$
- 40. In four weeks his earning by over time = 432 160 x 2.4 = 48. ∴ Number of hours which he worked over time = 48 / 3.2 =15 ∴ Total hours he worked = 175.
- 41. Required number of arrangements = $^7 P_3 = 7! / 4! = 210$.
- 42. Number of diagonals of a polygon of n sides = ${}^{n}C_{2} n = n (n-3) / 2 = 10 \cdot 7 / 2 = 35$.
- 43. The equation $3x^2 + 2(a^2 + 1)x + (a^2 3a + 2) = 0$ will have two roots of opposite sign if it has real roots and the product of the roots is negative, that is, if $4(a^2 + 1)^2 12(a^2 3a + 2) \ge 0$ and $(a^2 3a + 2)/3 < 0$ Both of these conditions are met if $a^2 - 3a + 2 < 0$ i.e. if (a - 1)(a - 2) < 0 or 1 < a < 2

44. Since four lines can intersect maximum in six points and the maximum number of divisions are 11

and minimum number of divisions are 5. (To be understood with the help of the adjacent figure)

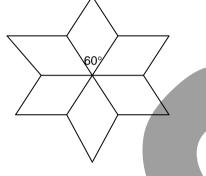


- 45. $\log_{10} e + \log_e 10 = \log e / \log 10 + \log 10 / \log e$. If $\log e / \log 10 = x$, then the given expression can be written as $|x + 1/x| = (\sqrt{x} 1/\sqrt{x})^2 + 2 \ge 0 + 2 = 2$. Hence the value of the given expression is always greater than 2.
- 46. Number of days = Field available / 100 = 22x14x14 / (7x100) = 6.16 days ≈ 6 days.
- 47. Required area = Area of the triangle area of the sector = $\sqrt{3}/2 60 \pi/360 = (3\sqrt{3} \pi)/6$
- 48. Given expression will be meaningless if $a^2 b^2 = 0$ or $b = 0 \Rightarrow a = \pm b$ or b = 0.
- 49. $2^{3015} = 2^3 \cdot 2^{3012} = 8(2^4)^{753} = 8(17 \cdot 1)^{753} = 8[17 \text{ k} \cdot 1]$ 9 will be the remainder. Ans.(d).
- 50. From the given data we get $a+b = 29 \dots$ (I). $b + c = 29 \dots$ (II). $c+d = 42 \dots$ (III) and $d + e = 37 \dots$ (IV). From (I) and (II) a = c and From III & IV a e = 5. adding I to IV we get a + e + 2 (b+c+d) = 137 ∴ a + e = 35 and $a-e = 5 \Rightarrow a = 20$, b = 9, c = 20, d = 22 and e = 15. ∴ Total time = 20 + 9/3 + 20/5 + 22 + 15/5 = 52 min.

EXERCISE - 2A

- 1. Ans d. Let the initial amount of sugar be x kgs and rate per kg be 5r. Thus 5rx=50 and 6r(x-2)=50. Thus solving we get x =12.
- 2. Ans. c., Profit drops by 5% which is equivalent to Rs.5. Thus 100% corresponds to Rs100 or the CP is Rs 100.
- 3. Let the investment at 6% be x then at 8% it is 9000-x. Thus the total interest is given by: 6.3.x/100 + 8.3.(9000-x) = 1800. Solving we get x = 6000. Ans. b.
- 4. The man bought 400 shares and when he sold them, he got Rs93,600. The 400 shares cost him Rs. 80,000. The brokerage he paid was 2x800 = 1600. Thus he is left with Rs 12,000.Ans.a..
- 5. Zhansilal earned 12% on Rs.12,000 invested in blue stock which is Rs 1,440 and thus total earning for the year is Rs.2,640. Thus return on investment is (2640/27000)x 100 = 9.77%. Thus Ans.d.
- 6. 2 in base 2 is 010 and 4 in base two is 100. Writing them next to one another gives us the binary conversion. Ans.a..
- 7. The total volume of the cones will be given by: $1/3(\pi r^2 h_1 + \pi r^2 h_2) = 1/3\pi r^2 (h_1 + h_2)$. Where h_1 and h_2 will be the respective heights which is nothing but the distance between the two vertices of the cones joined base to base which is given to be 12. Thus the volume will be $1/3 \prod 7^2$. $12 = 616 \text{ cm}^3$. Thus Ans. a.

- 8. Ans. a., The extra time required will be the time required to cross 4 bogies when the trains are running in opposite directions. For 12 bogies, the time is 2 minutes therefore for 4 bogies it will be 40 seconds.
- We first find x such that G(x)=12. I.e. x(x-1)=12. I.e. x = 4 or x=-3. Now F(12) = F(G(4)) = 12. Also F(12) = F(G(-3)) = 5. Thus answer is d.
- 10. CP is 50 and loss is 10% i.e. 5. Thus the SP is 50-5=45. Ans c..
- 11. Ans. b.. Suppose B sells the berries at Rs30per kg then A sells it as Rs20.per kg. Since B makes a profit of 20%, the CP of the berries will be Rs25 per kg. Thus A has a loss of Rs5 for every Rs25, thus the loss percentage is 20%.
- 12. $Log_5 64 = x i.e. 5^x = 64 = 8^{2}$. Thus $5^{x/2} = 8$. Therefore $log_5 8 = x/2$. Ans. = a.
- 13.



A 6 pointed star can be obtained by joining 6 rhombuses as shown: Thus one of the angle of the rhombus has to be 60° and therefore its height will be $2\sqrt{3}$. Thus area of the rhombus will be $8\sqrt{2}$. Thus area of the figure = 6 x $8\sqrt{3}$. Ans. d..

- U = 45 = X + Y. Y=5. Therefore X=40. S = 25 + 30 + 15 = 70. Thus Overlap = S X = 30 Overlap = II + 2III. So, II + 2III = 30, from which we get that if II= 20, then III must be 5. Ans. = a.
- 15. The perpendicular distance of point (3, 5) from the given line is the magnitude of $[(4x3 3x5) + 1] / \sqrt{(4^2 + 3^2)} = 2/5 = 0.4$. So, answer is e..
- 16. In 12 hours the minute hand and the hour hand are at right angles 22 times. Therefore in a week they will be 22 * 2 * 7 = 308 times at right angle position. Ans e..
- 17. 177776 can be written as 2 * 888888. Hence 5 177776 = 25 88888 . Since the power is same in both the cases. Expression with the greater base will be greater. Ans b.
- 18. The interest earned on 4000 at 12% for 3 years should be same as the new principle at 0.5% per month i.e. 6% per year for 4 years. Employing the SI formula we get, new principle =6000. Thus Ans.d..
- 19. The relative speed is 4kmph. Thus the dog will overtake the man by 4km in one hour. Thus he can overtake 300m in 4.5minutes. Ans b.
- 20. The two prices are 5 & 11. Mean price is 13. You cannot mix the two quantities, as the mean price does not lie between the prices. Ans d.

EXERCISE – 2B

- 1. Let the corresponding sides of the other triangle be a, b, and c $\therefore a/2 = b/3 = c/4 = (a+b+c)/9 = 81/9 = 9$ \therefore Required sides are 18. cm ,27 cm and 36 cm.
- 2. Let the no. be ababa Given a + b = 10And $a^3 b^2$ has to be maximum. $\therefore a/3 = b/2$

 \Rightarrow a : b = 3 : 2 Hence, the no. is 64646

- 3. $a \times (1 + {}^{20}\!/_{100})^T > 2a \therefore (6/5)^T > 2$, which holds if T = 4 years.
- 4. Percentage of the candidates who failed in at least one subject = $n(M \cup E) = n(M) + ne. n (M \cap E) = 25 + 20 10 = 35$. Percentage of the candidates who passed in both the subjects = 65 $\therefore 65 \times 100 = 2600 \Rightarrow x = 4000.$
- 5 Sequence of numbers which are divisible by 8 and lies between 900 and 1700 is {904, 912, . . . , 1696 } which is an A.P. with first term 904, c.d. = 8 and the last term 1696. If there are n numbers between 900 and 1700 which are divisible by 8. 1696 = 904 + (n-1) 8 \Rightarrow n 1 = 99 \therefore n = 100.
- 6. Let radius of the circle be r. ∴ PT = 3r / 2 and TQ = r /2 ∴(3r /2) (r/2) = 6 × 2 = 12. ∴ 3 r² / 4 = 12 ⇒ r² = 16. ∴ r = ± 4. Hence the diameter of the circle is 8 cm. But it is impossible to draw a chord of length 8 cm (other than the diameter)in a circle of diameter 8 cm. The circle must be imaginary.
- 7. Let cost of an apple and an orange be a and b respectively. and x and y be the number of apples and the oranges respectively. ∴ ax + by = 17 ... (I) and bx + ay = 15 (II). adding (I) & (II) we get (a+ b) (x+ y) = 32 and x + y = 40 ⇒ a + b = Rs 0.80 = 80 paise.

R

- 8. Let the person rides the bicycle for x km. $\therefore 8.5 = x/12 + (72 x)/4.5 \Rightarrow x = 54$ kms.
- 9. From the figure it is clear that \triangle BCF ~ \triangle EDF \Rightarrow BC/ED = CF/DF Since side of the square is 20 and CF = 5 \therefore DF = 15 \therefore 6 / DE = 5 / 15 \Rightarrow DE = 18.
- 10. Let he invests Rs.x and Rs.y respectively at 3% and 4% stocks. $\therefore x + y = 2400$ and $3x / 75 + 4y / 96 = 97.5 \Rightarrow 24 x + 25 y = 97.5 x 24 x 25$. Solving these two equations we get x = Rs. 1500 and y = Rs. 900.
- 11. In these type of problems, the place that is more restricted should be filled first. Unit digit place can be filled in two ways (by 3 or 5 only) while the hundred's place can be filled in three ways (by 2 or 3 or 5). Tenth place can be filled in four ways(all four digits can be used) Therefore starting from the unit's place we can form the nos. in 2x4x3 = 24 ways.
- 12. $\log_2 x^2 + \log_x 2 = 3$ or $2/\log_x 2 + \log_x 2 = 3$ or $(\log_x 2)^2 - 3(\log_x 2) + 2 = 0$ Put $y = \log_x 2$ $\therefore y^2 - 3y + 2 = 0$ or y = 1, 2For y = 1, $\log_x 2 = 1$ or x = 2For y = 2, $\log_x 2 = 2$ or $x = \pm \sqrt{2}$ Since the value of base can't be negative, then there are only two valid values of x:1 and $\sqrt{2}$.
- 13. In one hour it will travel 41 km without stoppage and with stop it covers 27 kms. ∴it stops for the time in which it will travel a distance of 14 km with speed 41 km / hr.
 ∴ time of stoppage = 14x60 /40 min ≈ 20.5 min.
- The two conditions possible are that either a≤c≤b or b≤c≤a, as c is the arithmetic mean of a and b.

If $a \le c \le b$, then a!c! is the least and b!c! is the greatest. If $b \le c \le a$, then b!c! is the least and a!c! is the greatest. So, I and II will not be always true. III is false as a, b and c could be equal numbers. Hence, the answer is (d).

15. There are 13 letters of which Fomanchu knows position of three correctly. This means that now he has to arrange only 10 letters. No. of ways in which these 10 letters can be arranged are 10!/(3! 3!).

Out of these there is only one arrangement of correct message. So the chance that he deciphers the message correctly is 1 = 36/10!

- 16. Let the pipe P be turned off in 't ' minutes. ∴(1/24) t + 16 (1/32) = 1 ⇒t /24 = $\frac{1}{2}$ ⇒ t = 12. ∴ The first pipe P is to be turned off after 12 minutes.
- 17. If we put x= 0 ,we will get y= 2,so answer option a. and d. ruled out .y = 3 is not possible from the given expression.
- 18. By the properties of the numbers the difference between any number and a number obtained by interchanging it's digits is always divisible by 9.
- 19. Let a be the volume of water in one litre of the mixture. $\therefore a + (1 a) 1.35 = 1.25 \Rightarrow 10 = 35 a$ $\Rightarrow a = 2/7 \therefore b = 5/7.$
- 20. By observation we can say $f(x) = x^3 + 1$, so f(4) = 65
- 21. Let the policeman took x steps to catch the accused and the distance travelled by him in each step be y. In the same time total number of steps taken by the accused will be 27 + 8 x/5 and the total distance travelled by him will be (27 + 8 x/5) 2 y/5. Equating these two distances we get

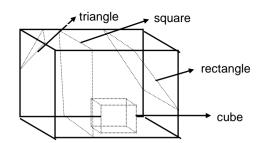
$$x y = (27 + 8 x/5) 2 y/5 \Rightarrow x = 30.$$

- 22. Put $e^{sinx} = y$; the equation becomes y 1/y 4 = 0 or $y^2 4y 1 = 0$ $y = (4 \pm \sqrt{(16 + 4)})/2 = 2 \pm \sqrt{5}$ As $e^{sinx} > 0$, y cannot be equal to $2 - \sqrt{5}$ $\therefore y = 2 + \sqrt{5} \Rightarrow sinx = log_e(2 + \sqrt{5})$ As $2 + \sqrt{5} > e$, $log_e(2 + \sqrt{5}) > 1$. That is, sinx > 1, which is not possible.
- 23. The last digit in the product can be one of the required digits if and only if the last digit of each of the numbers is one of the numbers 1, 3, 7, or 9. ∴ Probability of choosing each of the four numbers is 4/10. As last digit of required numbers can be chosen in four different ways and total number of ways of choosing a digit at units place is 10. ∴ Required probability = 2/5 2/5 2/5 = (2/5)⁴ = 16 / 625
- 24. Take each answer option and check for values of x in the given range. Only answer option d. satisfies.
- 25. To strike 7, clock pendulum has to perform six oscillations for which it takes 7 seconds. To strike 10, pendulum has to perform 9 oscillations. For that it will take 9 . 7/6 seconds. = 10.5 sec.
- 26. We have ((1-a)/a)((1-b)/c)((1-c)/c) = [1 (a+b+c) + bc + ca + ab abc]/abc= 1/a + 1/b + 1/c - 1 [as a+b+c = 1] But since AM ≥ HM 1/3(1/a + 1/b + 1/c) ≥ 3/(a+b+c) =3 we get 1/a + 1/b + 1/c ≥ 9 Thus ((1-a)/a)((1-b)/c)((1-c)/c) ≥ 9 - 1 = 8
- 27. Given expression is $\left[\left(\sqrt{2} + 1 \right)^2 \left(\sqrt{2} 1 \right)^2 \right] / 2 (2 1) \right]^{1/3} = \left[4 \sqrt{2} / 2 \right]^{1/3} = \left[\left(\sqrt{2} \right)^3 \right]^{1/3} = \sqrt{2}$.
- 28. S9-S8 = 999...9(9 times)= 9 + 90 + 900 +.....+ 900000000 = 9 (1 + 10 ++ 10⁸) = 10⁹ - 1

- 29. In a chessboard, there are 9 horizontal and 9 vertical lines, For a rectangle we need 2 horizontal and 2 vertical lines. Therefore total number of rectangle will be ${}^{9}C_{2}$. ${}^{9}C_{2}$ = 1296
- 30. Since \triangle PZA ~ \triangle PXB, We get PZ / PX = AZ/AX = 2/1(Given) \therefore PZ = 2 PX \Rightarrow PZ + ZX = 2 PZ \therefore PZ = ZX = k (say). Now \triangle SPX ~ \triangle RPZ \Rightarrow SX / RZ = PX / PZ = 2 \therefore SX = 2 RZ = 2 × a
- 31. If we take x as origin, then slope of XY = k/2. Let C = (c, k) be the corresponding point on line C of the point B = (b,0) on line B. ∴ Since BC is parallel to XY; Slope of BC = slope of XY = k/2
 b c = 2 ∴ c = b -2.
- 32. If PT is parallel to XY, then \triangle MXY ~ \triangle MPT \Rightarrow MY / MT = MX / MP \Rightarrow -2/MT = k /3k \Rightarrow MT = -6
- 33. With the information in Qn. 32 ; R = -2, T = -6 $\therefore R+T = -8$.
- 34. Let Q pairs with R ' and S ' on line A and B respectively then for the same reason in Qn. 30 ; Δ QR'Z ~ Δ QS'X \Rightarrow QS' / QR' = QX / QZ \Rightarrow QS'/a = (3k/2) / (k/2) = 3 \Rightarrow QS' = 3a.
- 35. Three days less than the maximum of thirty one days means 28 days. Every month having 30 or 31 days also has 28 days. In 4 years, February will have more than 28 days only once. Hence, the sample space is 4x12 = 48 and there are 3 favorable cases. Required probability is 3/48.
- 36. Average of m+1 numbers = $(ma + x)/(m+1) = b \Rightarrow x = b(m+1) ma = m(b-a) + b$.
- 37. Let measure of each angle be x. Applying exterior angle theorem, we can see that in triangle ABC, $2x + 2x + x = 180^{\circ} \Rightarrow x = 36^{\circ}$
- 38. Number of different committees = ${}^{3}C_{1} + {}^{3}C_{2} + {}^{3}C_{3} = 3 + 3 + 1 = 7$.
- 39. We consider the worst case since we must have at least two marbles of each colour, first 21 marbles drawn may be blue, green and one red. Once we draw 22nd marble there has to be at least two marbles of each colour. ∴ Required percentage = 22 x 100 / 25 = 88%.

В

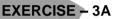
- 40. From the table it is clear that increase in the weight is 10 / 3 pounds per inch. ∴ for the growth of 3 inches increase in the weight = 10 pounds. ∴ Total weight = 180 + 10 = 190 pounds.
- 41. Total number of the students who are either on squad or on a team = Q + T B ∴ Number of the students who are neither on a squad nor on team = S (Q + T B) = S Q T + B.
- 42. The five digit numbers (not containing zero) is ${}^{9}C_{5} \cdot {}^{4}C_{2}$ (the greatest of the five digits gets fixed at the central place) and those containing zero ${}^{9}C_{4} \cdot {}^{3}C_{2}$ (zero will be the last digit). Hence total number of such numbers = ${}^{9}C_{5} \cdot {}^{4}C_{2} + {}^{9}C_{4} \cdot {}^{3}C_{2}$. Ans c.
- 43. Let M = k -1, N = k and O = k + 1. ∴M+N+O = 3k, which is even or odd depending on whether k is even or odd. Now M + 2N + O = k-1 + 2k + k+1 = 4k, which is always even.
- 44. $\alpha + \beta = 1, \alpha\beta = 1/6$ $\frac{1}{2}(a + b\alpha + c\alpha^{2} + d\alpha^{3}) + \frac{1}{2}(a + b\beta + c\beta^{2} + \beta^{3})$ $= \frac{1}{2}[2a + b(\alpha + \beta) + c(\alpha^{2} + \beta^{2}) + d(\alpha^{3} + \beta^{3})]$ $= \frac{1}{2}[2a + b(\alpha + \beta) + c\{(\alpha + \beta)^{2} - 2\alpha\beta\} + d\{(\alpha + \beta)^{3} - 3\alpha\beta(\alpha + \beta)\}]$ $= \frac{1}{2}[2a + b.1 + c\{1 - 2/6\} + d\{1 - 3/6\}]$ = a + b/2 + c/3 + d/4.
- 45. Total no. of letters = $4 + 4^2 + 4^3 + \dots + 4^8 = 4(4^8 1)/(4-1) = 87380$ Total money spend = 25/100. 87380 = Rs. 21845



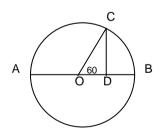
46.

from the figure shown it is clear that the intersection of two cubes can be a triangle, a square, a rectangle and a cube.

- 47. Only one day per 20 days produces the rainbow. ∴ out of 20 days 19 days can not produce the rainbow. Hence their percentage = 100 . 19 / 20 = 95 %.
- 48. Number of ways in which Anil and Sunil can exchange their books one or two or three at a time is ${}^{3}C_{1} {}^{6}C_{1} + {}^{3}C_{2} {}^{6}C_{2} + {}^{3}C_{3} {}^{6}C_{3} = 18 + 45 + 20 = 83$ ways.
- 49. Since the distance is same and with different speeds he can save 12 min = 1/5 hrs. $\therefore 2.5 \text{ t} = 3.5 (\text{ t} - 1/5) \Rightarrow \text{ t} = 7/10 \therefore \text{ d} = 2.5 \text{ . } 7 / 10 = 7/4 \text{ km.} = 1 \frac{3}{4} \text{ km.}$
- 50. Let Log x = y, then the given equation becomes $y^2 5y + 6 = 0$. $\therefore y = 2$ or y = 3. Hence Log x = 2 or Log x = 3. $\therefore x = e^2$ or $x = e^3$



- 1. The number of chocolates received by each child forms an AP and the common difference has to be at least one. Since each child gets at least 9 chocolates, after distributing 9 chocolates to each child, we are left with 325 chocolates. The no. of chocolates that each child gets after that will again be in AP. Then the maximum common difference can be 1 for the sum of 25 terms of an AP with first term 1 and common difference 1 is = 25*26/2 = 325. Thus the last person gets 10, second last gets 11 and so on, the tenth person will get 25 chocolates. Ans b.
- 2. Since there are 20 students opting for both English and Hindi alone and 5 students take only English and Sanskrit. Thus of the remaining 45 students, all can take Hindi and Sanskrit. Thus in all, maximum 45 students can take Hindi as well as Sanskrit. Thus Ans. is b.
- 3. Since the diameter is the longest chord in a circle, AB is the diameter. The angle subtended by it on the circumference therefore will be 90°. Thus ABC is a right angled triangle with measure arc AB = 180°. Thus measure arc AC = 120° and measure arc CB = 60°. Thus measure angle COD is 60°. CD is height of triangle ABC thus CD=4. Therefore OC = $8/\sqrt{3}$ = radius. Thus area of circle is $64\pi/3$. Thus Ans. a..



- 4. The person pays 1% brokerage therefore the CP of each share is Rs125. Thus he buys 192 shares. The dividend is 5% per share per six months that is Rs.960. Thus the income for 8 terms (4 years) is 960x8 = Rs. 7680. Ans.b.
- 5. Let the capacity of the tank be 60 litres. Then A fills in 3 litres per minute while C empties it at 1 litre per minute. When A and C are simultaneously on, water is filled at the rate of 2 litres per minute. Hence half of the tank i.e. 30 litres will be filled after 15 minutes i.e. at 12:15pm. Now C empties at 11itre per minute and hence will take 30 minutes to empty the tank. Ans. b.
- 6. The speeds are in the ratio 4:5 therefore time required will be in ratio 5:4. The difference in time on ratio scale is 1 while actually it is 3min. Thus time required at the speed of 4kmph will be 15 min. In 15 min, at the rate of 4kmph, one can travel 1km. Thus 1km will be the distance. Ans. a..
- 7. Let R_1 and R_2 be the two rates. Then we have: $24R_1 = 40R_2$. Thus $R_2 = 60\%$ of R_1 . Ans. b..
- 8. Alligating we get d m = 8 6.66 & m c = 6.66 5. Therefore the ratio is 1.34 : 1.66, which is same as 4:5. Ans a.

- 9. Let the MP be 6 then CP is 2 and SP is 3. Thus gain is 1 over every 2 i.e. 50%. Ans.c.
- 10. We have the relation (4.12.24)/(8.3) = (2.4.12.24)/(6.4)T Where T is the number of days required. Thus T = 2. Ans d.
- 11. Solving $5x = x^2 + 4$, we get, x = 4 or x = 1. Thus Ans. d.
- 12. If r is the radius of the cylinder and h is height, volume is given by πr^2 h= 81. Thus volume of cone = $(1/3)\pi(r/3)^2$ h = πr^2 h/27 = 81/27 = 3 cubic units. Thus Ans c.
- Since the first line passes through (2,3) substituting we get, C =0. Substituting (2,3) in x + y = D, we get D = 5. Thus Ans. b.
- 14. Using Pythagoras Theorem, hypotenuse = 2. So, Sin \emptyset = 3/2, \emptyset = 60[°]. Ans. a.
- 15. The ratio of the speeds of Carl Lewis : Ben Johnson :: 5 : 4. The speed of Ben Johnson given is 8 kmph i.e. 20 / 9 m/s, therefore that of Carl Lewis is 10 kmph i.e. 25 / 9 m/s. Total distance to be traveled is 3000m. Time taken by Ben Johnson = 3000 x 9/20 = 1350 sec. Time taken by Carl Lewis 3000 * 9 / 25 = 1080 s. But Carl actually covers the distance 4 seconds before Ben (i.e. in 1346 seconds). So Carl gives Ben 1346 - 1080 = 266 s. i.e. 266x20/9 = 591.11m ≈ 590m. Thus Ans. b.
- 16. Sadashiv gets Rs.5 more than Lakshman and makes twice the no of candle that Lakshman makes. Therefore he gets Rs.10 over and above the daily Rs.20, while Lakshman gets Rs.5 above the Rs.20. Thus Lakshman gets Rs 25 daily. Ans. a.
- 17. The profits should be divided in the ratio 4x6:3x8 = 1:1. Thus total profit is 2700x2=5400. The return on investment is 15% thus the investment is 36000. Thus Ans c.
- The total distance travelled is 150km in time 6.5hrs. Thus average speed is 23.08 or ~ 23kmph. Ans c.
- 19. $x^2 = 288 = 12^2 \cdot 2 = (12\sqrt{2})^2$, thus $x = 12\sqrt{2}$ or $\log_x 12\sqrt{2} = 1$. Thus Ans. = e...
- 20. A regular octagon is formed. Interior angle of a regular polygon with n sides is given by: [(n-2)x180]/n. Thus interior angle is 135°. Ans. d.

EXERCISE - 3B

1. In the given equation of degree 4, after making the co-efficient of x^4 equal to 1, we should have the co-efficient of x^3 = sum of all roots. Apply this check for all options and you will see that none of the given combinations form the exact roots. Hence, the answer is (d).

2.		Man	Woman	Воу
	wages	m	W	b
	Ratio of their work	16/3	14/4	10/5.
	∴3m/16 = 2w/7 = b/2	2 = (m+b+w) / (16/3-	+7/2+2) = 11.22 ∴m	= 59.84, w = 39.27 & b = 22.44.

- 3. Exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of it 's remote interior angles. Required angle is a+b.
- 4. From $(y+3)^2 = 25$ we get y = 2 or 8 substituting these values of y in the first equation we get ; at y = 2, x = 1 or -5 and at y = -8, x = 11 or 5. Hence the maximum value of $x/y = \frac{1}{2}$
- 5. Take any two nos. say 6 and 15 Insert two AM's between them. They are 6 + (15 - 6)/3 = 9 and 6 + 2.(15 - 6)/3 = 12Now, the only AM between 6 and 15 is (6+15)/2 = 10.5Also, Two GM's between 3 and 3/8 are $3(1/8)^{1/3} = 3/2$ and $3(1/8)^{2/3} = \frac{3}{4}$

The only GM between 3 and 3/8 is $3/2\sqrt{2}$ And $(3/2\sqrt{2})^2 = 3/2 \times \sqrt[3]{4}$ Both of these rules can be verified for any set of values. AM = (a + b)/2 GM = \sqrt{ab} HM = 2ab/(a+b) \therefore AMxHM = GM² Hence, GM is the geometric mean of AM and HM AM - GM = $(a+b)/2 - \sqrt{ab} = (a + b + 2\sqrt{ab})/2$ = $[(\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b})/\sqrt{2}]^2$ Thus, AM > GM, as AM - GM is positive. Also, GM < HM \therefore AM > GM > HM Hence, the answer is c.

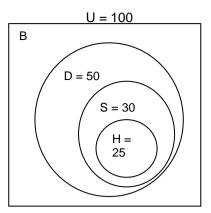
- 6. Let the distance between two cities be d. Hence the velocities of the two trains will be respectively d/ 42 and d/ 56. If they meet after time t, then the total distance travelled by both of them = d = (dt / 42 + dt / 56). Solving this equation we get t = 24 minutes.
- 7. Let t and c be the respective velocities of the train and car $\therefore 8 = (120/t + 480/c)$ and $8 1/3 = (200/t + 400/t) \Rightarrow 1/t + 4/c = 1/15$ and $1/t + 2/c = 1/24 \Rightarrow 2/c = 1/40 \therefore c = 80$ km/ hr. $\therefore 8 = (120/t + 6) \Rightarrow t = 60$ km / hr.

Alternate method: Let us take the case of train, Ramesh takes 20 mins more for (200 - 120) = 80 km. So for (600 - 120) = 480 km, he will take 120 mins or 2 hours extra. Thus to travel 600 km by train he will need (8 + 2) = 10 hours. Speed of train = 600/10 = 60 km/hr.

- 8. Let the no. of smoking adults be x.
 ∴ The no. of people on the lift is x² + x + 2 ≤134 (x+12)(x-11) ≤ 0
 So, -12 ≤ x ≤ 11
 Max. value of x is 11. Thus, the max. no. of non-smoking persons on lift is 11² + 2 = 123
- 9. His initial income = 300 x 7/2 = Rs 1050 and amount obtained by selling his stocks = 200 . 98 + 100 . 99 = Rs.29,500. ∴Number of state loans that he can purchase = 29,500 / 118 = 250. ∴Amount of loan he holds = Rs.25,000. ∴His present income = Rs. 250 x 5 = Rs. 1250. ∴His income increases by Rs.200.
- 10. Let h and c be the price of the horse and the carriage respectively. \therefore h + c = 0.9 h + 1.2 c \therefore h = 2 c, also h + c + 10 = 1.05 h + 0.95 c \Rightarrow h = c + 200. \therefore c = 200 and h = 400.
- 11. Replacing the given symbols by usual notations we get from b., LHS = $4 \div 2 \times 10 = 20$ and RHS = $5 + 9 \div 3 \times 5 = 5 + 3 \times 5 = 20$.
- 12. Using the operations of division, multiplication, addition and subtraction in standard order given expression is $10 + 2 6 \div 2 = 10 + 2 3 = 9$.

13.
$$P[(1+\frac{5}{100})^3-1] = 1261 \implies P = 8000 \cdot \therefore \text{S.l.} = (8000 \cdot 3 \cdot 4) / 100 = \text{Rs.960}.$$

14. Let sister be given Rs P . ∴Brother will be given Rs1261.5 - P . ∴(1261.5 - P) $(1 + 5/100)^9 = P (1 + 5/100)^{11} \Rightarrow 441 P / 400 = 1261.5 - P ∴ P = 600.$ ∴Brother 's share = Rs.661.5. 15. From the adjacent venn diagram, it's clear that no. of people who like S and not H are 30 - 25 = 5. People who like B are 100 - 50 = 50. Therefore, 5/50 x 100 = 10%



- 16. Let the numbers be 5k, 2k, and 3k respectively. \therefore (25 + 4 + 9) k² = 1862. \therefore k² = 49. \Rightarrow 2k = 14.
- 17. Let r and n be the shares in the profit of Reena and Teena respectively. Actual profit to be divided is (8750 12.250) = 5,700. ∴ r / 7 = n / 12 = 5700 / 19 = 300. ∴ r = 2100 and n = 3600.

 \therefore Reena's total share in the profit = Rs. (2100 + 3000) = Rs. 5100. & Neena's share = Rs.3600.

- 18. Let t, r and j respectively be the nuts that Tinku, Rinku and Jojo gets. ∴ their ages are kt, kr and kj respectively. Given that t /r = 4/3 and t / j = 6/7 ⇒ t / 12 = r / 9 = j / 14 = 17.5 / 35 = ½ ∴ Their ages will be respectively 6 years, 4.5 years and 7 years.
- 19. **M** be the amount of milk in the mixture. $\therefore M = 50 (1 1/10)^2 = 50 \cdot 81 / 100 = 81/2$. \therefore Amount of water **W** in the mixture = 50 - 81/2 = 19/2. \therefore Required ratio = **M** / **W** = 81 / 19.
- 20. The possible no. of ways in which the switches can be operated are ³P₃ = 3! = 6 ways. Now if, MULT is pushed even no. of times, both BULB and FAN are on. Hence, the favorable condition for the event that all the things are Off is the MULT should be pushed odd no. of times i.e. in 2x2x1= 4 ways. ∴ P(All Off) = 4/6= 2/3
- 21. If $a_1a_2a_3$ $a_n = k$ (constant), the value of $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n$ is least when $a_1 = a_2 = \dots = a_n$ So the least value of $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n$ is $n(k)^{1/n}$ Write xyz = abc (bcx)(cay)(abz) = $a^3b^3c^3 = k$ (constant) Here n = 3Hence minimum value of bcx + cay + abz = $n(k)^{1/n} = 3(a^3b^3c^3)^{1/3} = 3abc$
- 22. Let the S.P. of each article be Re.1. When he sells 200 articles his gain is Rs. 40. Hence the CP is Rs. 160 and profit is Rs. 40. ∴ Profit percent = (100) (40) / 160 25 %
- 23. f(x) = [x] and g(x) = |x|, (gof)(-1/3) = g(f(-1/3)) = g(-1) = 1and (fog)(-1/3) = f(g(-1/3)) = f(1/3) = 0(gof)(-1/3) - (fog)(-1/3) = 1 - 0 = 1
- 24. Monkey is moving as an average of 3 meter per two minutes at the end of eighth minute it will be 12 meters high and it will take 3/5 min to reach the top from where it will not slip again. ∴ total time to reach the top = 8 3/5 minutes.
- 25. The inequality is equivalent to $-3 < (x^2+mx+1)/(x^2+x+1) < 3$ Since $x^2 + x + 1 = (x + \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4} > 0$, we have $-3(x^2 + x + 1) < x^2 + mx + 1 < 3(x^2 + x + 1)$ $\therefore 4x^2 + (m + 3)x + 4 > 0$ (1)

and $2x^2 - (m - 3)x + 2 > 0$ (2) Since the coefficient of x^2 in LHS of (1) = 4 > 0, the inequality (1) will be valid if $(m + 3)^2 - 64 > 0$, i.e. if $(m + 11)(m - 5) > 0 \Rightarrow m < -11$ or m > 5 (3) Since the coefficient of x^2 in LHS of (2) = 2 > 0, the inequality (2) will be valid if $(m - 3)^2 - 16 > 0$ i.e. if (m + 1)(m - 7) > 0 or m < -1 or m > 7 (4) The conditions (3) and (4) will hold simultaneously if m < -11 or m > 7, hence answer is a.

- 26. Since $W_1 \cap W_3 = \{ f, l, o, w \}$ and $(W_2 \cap W_4) = \emptyset$. Hence $W_1 \cap W_3 \cup (W_2 \cap W_4) = \{f, l, o, w \} \cup \emptyset = \{f, l, o, w \}$
- 27. 8 books can be arranged on the shelf in 8! different ways. Number of ways in which two particular books are always together = $2 \cdot 7!$ \therefore Required number of ways = $8! 2 \times 7!$
- 28. $(1+n+n^2+\ldots+n^{127}) = (n^{128}-1)/(n-1) = (n^{64}-1)(n^{64}+1)/(n-1) = (1 + n + n^2 + \ldots+n^{63})(n^{64}+1)$ Thus the largest integer m such that n^m+1 divides $(1+n+n^2+\ldots+n^{127})$ is 64
- 29. From the given information the number of oranges with the seller must be in the form 2ⁿ 1, where n is the number of customers. ∴ Required number of oranges are 1 or 3 or 7 or 15 or 31 depending on the number of customers. Hence the required answer is b.
- 30. We have $|x + y|^2 |1 + xy|^2 = (x + y)^2 (1 + xy)^2$ = $(x^2 + y^2 + 2xy) - (1 + 2xy + x^2y^2)$ = $x^2 + y^2 - 1 - x^2y^2 = (x^2 - 1)(1 - y^2)$ = $(|x|^2 - 1)(1 - |y|^2) < 0$ [as |x| < 1, |y| < 1]
- 31. After 3 pm if all the three taps are kept open for t hours to vacate the cistern. Since the taps A and B can fill the cistern 1/3rd and ¼th per hour respectively. 1/3 + (1/3 + 1/4) + (1/3 + 1/4 1) t = 0. ∴ t = 11 / 5 hrs. ∴The cistern will be emptied at 5.12 p.m.
- 32. $a_1.a_2.a_3....a_n.a_{n+1}...a_{2n+1}$ $(a_1.a_{2n+1}).(a_2.a_{2n})...(a_na_{n+1})a_n+1 = 3^2.3^2....3^2.3 = 3^{2n+1}$
- 33. One book can be selected in p ways and it can not be selected in one way, so total number of ways we can select a book will be (p+1). So total ways to select n books = $(p+1)^n$ ways, but it includes the one way in which we are not selecting any book ,therefore total ways in which we can select one or more than one book will be $(p+1)^n 1$
- 34. Being opposite angles , angles 1 and 2 are equal. \therefore A+B+ $\angle 2$ = C+D+ $\angle 1 \Rightarrow$ A+B = C+D.
- 35. Greatest of the five numbers will be least if remaining four numbers are less then m and as large as possible. \therefore 4 (m 1) + m = 146 \Rightarrow m = 30.
- 36. $m/n = p/q = 1/6 \Rightarrow m/n = p/q = (m+p)/(n+q) = 1/6$. Alternately, verify by substituting random values of m/n and p/q.
- 37. The dealer may get his 13 cards of same suit in 4 different ways. While total number of ways in which he can get 13 cards = ⁵² C₁₃ = 52! / 39! × 13!
 ∴ Required probability = 4/ [52! / 39! × 13!] = 4× 13! × 39! / 52! = 52 × 12! × 39! / 52!
- 38. Let A_1 denote the event that India wins the match . Required probability = $P(A_1 A'_2 A_3) + P(A'_1 A_2 A_3)$ = $P(A_1) P(A'_2) P(A_3) + P(A'_1) P(A_2) P(A_3)$ $\therefore (1/2)^3 + (1/2)^3 = \frac{1}{4}$
- 39. $f(x) = x^2 6ax + 2 2a + 9a^2 = 0$ will have real roots if D = $36a^2 4(2 2a + 9a^2) \ge 0$ -8(1 - a) ≥ 0 or a ≥ 1 The roots will exceed 3 if sum of roots is greater than 6. Therefore 6a>6 or a>1. And $f(3) = 9 - 18a + 2 - 2a + 9a^2 > 0$ $\Rightarrow (9a - 11)(a - 1) > 0 \Rightarrow a < 1 or a > 11/9$

- 40. Since the circles passes through each other's center the intercepted arcs make an angle of 120° at the center of the circle. \therefore Required perimeter = 2. (120/360) 2 π = 4 π /3.
- 41. Given that a > b, b > c, and $c > d \Rightarrow a > c$, a > d and $b > d \Rightarrow a + b > c + d$. Also $a > c \Rightarrow a - d > c - d$. Also $a > b > c > d \Rightarrow a - b > 0$ and c - d > 0 which needn't say a - b > c - d.

Step	Side of small	Area removed	Area left	Squares left
	square			
1	1/3	1/9	8/9	8
2	$(1/3)^{2}$	$(1/9)^{2}$	$(8/9)^2$	$(8)^{2}$
3	$(1/3)^3$	$(1/9)^3$	$(8/9)^3$	$(8)^{3}$

- 42. From the above table area left after two steps = 64/81
- 43. Number of squares left after three steps = 8^3
- 44. Length of the small square after three steps = $(1/3)^3 = 1/27$
- 45. Since area removed is an infinite G.P. with first term = common ratio = 1/9, Sum of the areas of the removed squares = [(1/9) / (1 1/9)] = 8/9 closest answer is it approaches to 1.
- 46. Let his first instalment be a and the second instalment be a + d. $\therefore S_{40} = 3600 = 40 \{2a + 39 d\}$ and $S_{30} = 2400 = 15 \{ 2a + 29 d \}$. Solving these two equations we get a = 51 and d = 2. His first instalment is Rs 51 and the second instalment is Rs 53.
- 47. Since the required number is to be greater than 5000, the digit at thousand 's place can be chosen from 5 or 9 only in two different ways. Since no digit is repeated in the number remaining places can be filled in 3, 2 and 1 different ways respectively. ... By principle of multiplication total number of required four digit numbers = $2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 12$.
- 48. 4851 = 3 . 3 . 7 . 7 .11 ∴ Required number = 11.
- 49. Let cost of mangoes = Rs m per kg. \therefore 10 m = 15 (m 20) \Rightarrow m = Rs. 60 per kg.
- 50. Distances covered by second car are 8, 8.5,9,9.5.....
 Total distance covered in n hrs = n/2(2.8+ (n 1)0.5) and total distance covered by first car = 10n, equate these two distances and find the value of n. We get n= 9 hrs

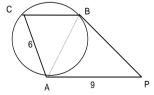
EXERCISE – 4A

- 1. Wine to water ratio is 5:2 and wine is 10 litres therefore water should be 25 litres. Total initial volume of water therefore must be 35 litres. Ans.a.
- 2. Ans. b.. Alligating we get d m = 100 40 & m c = 40 20. Therefore the ratio is 3 : 1. Therefore 20 litres of soda should be added.
- 3. Ans.a.. Let the number of marks that Johnny gets be x. Then we get the equation: $4(x^2 - 25) + 25 = 69$ $4x^2 = 144$.. So, $x^2 = 36$. Thus x = 6.
- 4. The relative speed is 200/120m/s or 200/120x18/5 km/h= 6kmph. Thus Speed of car must be 60-6 –54km/hr. Ans d.
- 5. For CP = Rs.100, MP is Rs125 and 12% discount amounts to Rs15. Thus SP is 110 or profit % is 10%. Ans c.
- 6. The profit should be divided in the ratio 24:25:48. Thus B should receive Rs 2500. Ansc.
- 7. If 2 gms of A worth Rs.20 are mixed with 3 gms of B, the total weight would be 5gms with total cost Rs.65. Thus cost of B= 45 for 3 gms. Thus cost of B per gm = 45/3 = 15. Ans d..

- 8. The relation is $3n^2+5$ with $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ Thus the next term is for n = 5, 80. Ans b.
- 9. Women do twice the work in double the time means that men and women do equal amount of work. Thus we have 2(8.9.8)=(16.6.d) where d is the no of days. Thus we have d = 12. Ans. d.
- 10. Since 3 parts of out of five travel by bus and 3 by train, 1 out of every five travels by both. Thus the population of the city is $120,000 \times 5 = 600,000$. Ans. b.
- 11. Let the no of rows be 10k. Then no of columns is 7k. Thus the total no of soldiers = $70k^2 = 1750$. Therefore $k^2 = 25$ or k = 5. Thus no of rows = 50. Ans. c.
- 12. If r is radius and h is height for the cones, their total volume will be 3 x $(1/3)\Pi r^2 h = \Pi r^2 h$. Let height of the cylinders be h', their total volume would be $2\sqrt{r^2}h' = \sqrt{r^2}h$. Thus h : h' = 2:1. Ans. b.
- 13. $1024 = 2^{10}$. Thus, $2 = 1024^{1/10}$. Thus $\log_{1024} 2 = 1/10$. Ans is a...
- 14. Ans.c., By formula $\theta = 6 (10 (11^* 18) / 12) = 39^{0}$
- 15. Since y-intercept is zero, the line passes through origin. Since $(5^{2/3}, 11^{1/3})$ lies on the line, the equation of the line is y 2x. This if $x = 3^{1/2}$, y = 7. Ans. a.
- 16. Ans.c., On the ratio scale the daughter received 2.6 while actual value is 5,200 thus the factor of multiplication is 2000. The difference on ratio scale is 2.4 thus actual difference is 4800.
- 17. Ans.c., The trains meet after travelling for 2hrs. The train from A has speed 50km/hr. Thus the distance is 100kms.
- 18. The vertices of the new triangle will be: (3, 3), (3.5,1.5), (2.5,1.5). Thus the sides are: 1, $\sqrt{(2.5)}$ and $\sqrt{(2.5)}$. Using hero's formula, we get the area as 0.75 sq. units. Ans.b..
- 19. Note that 27 is being converted to base 3, Thus 42 will be written as 1120. Ans.d..
- 20. Ans.a.. Let the capacity of the tank be 60litres. Then A fills it at the rate of 3lits per min, B at 2lits per min and C empties it at 6litres per minute. Thus when all pipes are turned on, the effectively, 1litre water flows out of the cistern per minute. Thus it will take 60 minutes to drain 60litres of water.

EXERCISE - 4B

- 1. If both the roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are zero, then c = 0 and b = 0So, -36p + 24 = 0, or, q = 2/3And 2p - q = 0, or p = q/2 = 1/3So, p + q = 2/3 + 1/3 = 1
- 2. From the figure it is clear that AP = BP = 9 and AC = AB = 6. and $\triangle PAB \sim \triangle ABC$ $\therefore AP/BA = BP/CA = AB/BC \Rightarrow BC = 36/9 = 4$ cm.



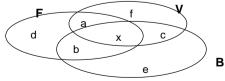
- 3. $2(ab + bc + ca) = (a + b + c)^2 (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$ = $(a + b + c)^2 - 1$ > -1 (because square of a no. is always positive)
- 4. Since 19 % failed in both the subjects, percentage of students who passed at least in one subject is 81% ∴ E ∪ A = E + A (E ∩ A) ⇒ 81 = 72 + 67 x ∴ x = 58. ∴ percentage of students who passed in both the subjects = 58 ∴ Required number of the students = 638. 100 / 58 = 1100.

- 5. Draw a vertical line through the given graph. The line intersects it at two different points, that mean that there exists two values of y for one value of x. Hence, this is not a function.
- 6. The function is symmetrical about y-axis. Hence, even.
- 7. Tax = 3200 + (27,400 25,000) 30/100 = Rs. 3920. Surcharge = 3920 x 15 / 100 = 588 ∴ Total tax payable = Rs (3920 + 588) = Rs 4508.
- 8. Since length of a side opposite to 30° angle of a right angle triangle is half the hypotenuse, we get AX = 2 units. \therefore ZX = 5, and area of the triangle = $(1/2) \times 5 \times 4y = 10y$.
- Each lamp burns 10 cubic feet of gas per hour. i.e. 1/6 cubic feet of gas per minute. He takes one minute to go from one lamp post to the other. When he lights the last lamp post, first lamp post will burn for 99 minutes, second for 98 minutes, . . . , and 99th for one minute.
 ∴ Total gas burnt = 1/6 [1+2+3+...+99] = 99 × 100/ (2 × 6) = 825 cubic feet.
- 10. Total time taken to travel from A to B = 23/6 hours. ∴ the average speed = s = 40/ (23/6) = 240/23 ∴ Speed from B to A = 10 km/hr.
 ∴ Average speed of one complete rotation = Total distance travelled / Total time taken = 80 /(47/6) = 10.2 km/hr.
- 11. Since any two lines are not parallel and any three of them are not concurrent, any three lines will form a triangle, \therefore Required number of triangles = ¹⁰ C₃ = 120.
- 12. Let the coefficients of the consecutive terms be ${}^{n}C_{r-1}$, ${}^{n}C_{r}$, ${}^{n}C_{r+1}$ As the terms are in G.P. $({}^{n}C_{r})^{2} = {}^{n}C_{r-1} \times {}^{n}C_{r+1}$ $\Rightarrow [n!/(r!(n-r)!)]^{2} = (n!)^{2}/[(r-1)!(r+1)!(n-r+1)!]$ $\Rightarrow r(n-r) = (r+1)(n-r+1)$ $\Rightarrow nr - r^{2} = nr - r^{2} + r + n - r + 1$ $\Rightarrow n = -1$
- 13. Since total loss and total profit must be equal, only third alternative holds good. Alternatively : Let a, b, c and x, y, z be the shares of A, B, C respectively when they are divided in the ratio 3:4:5 and 1/3 : ¼ : 1/5 : a/3 = b/4 = c/5 = (a+b+c) / 12 = 47 ⇒ a = 141, b = 188 and c = 235. Also in second case x /(1/3) = y / (1/4) = z / (1/5) ⇒ x /20 = y /15 = z /12 = 564 /47 ∴ x = 240, y = 180 and z = 144. ∴ A will in the profit of Rs.99, B will be in a loss of Rs.8 and C will be in a loss of Rs.91.
- 14. P .7/2 . 5 /100 = (3320 P) .3 .4/100 ⇒ P = 1920. ∴Interest on Rs 1920 at 5% is double the interest on Rs1400 at 4%.
- 15. Since he gains 25 % by selling at the cost price, he has to mix 25 % of water in the milk. ∴ Amount of water in 1.25 lit of mixture = 0.25. ∴ Percentage of water in the mixture = 100. 0.25 / 1.25 = 20%
- 16. $ax^2 + bx + c = a[x^2 + (b/a)x + c/a]$ = $a[x^2 + (b/a)x + b^2/4a^2 + c/a - b^2/4a^2]$ = $a[(x + b/2a)^2 + (4ac - b^2)/4a^2] = a(x + b/2a)^2 + (4ac - b^2)/4a$ As $x \in R$ and a > 0, we see that for all $x \in R$ $ax^2 + bx + c \ge (4ac - b^2)/4a$ The least value of $ax^2 + bx + c$ is $(4ac - b^2)/4a$ for x = -b/2a
- 17. Required number = Half the l.c.m. of 68, 102, 117, and 78. = 3978.
- 18. In first 15 minutes tank will be full by 15(1/30 + 1/40 + 1/60 1/30) = 5/8. If time taken to full the remaining 3/8 of the tank is t minutes, \therefore t (1/30 + 1/40 + 1/60) = $3/8 \Rightarrow$ t = 5 minutes. \therefore total time taken = 20 minutes. \therefore the cistern will be full by 12.20 p.m.

- 19. Since at any toss the outcome is either Head or a tail, which is independent of the earlier tosses. Hence the required probability = $\frac{1}{2}$.
- 20. $5 / (6500 \cdot 12) = 2 / (8b) \Rightarrow b = Rs.3900.$
- 21. Amount of water in 125 gallons of mixture = 25 gallons. If x gallons of water is added to make it 25 % of the new mixture. $(125 + x) 25 / 100 = 25 + x \Rightarrow x = 25/3$ gallons. = $8^{1}/_{3}$ gallons
- 22. We have (fog)(x) = f[g(x)] = f[ln x] = sin(ln x)therefore $R_1 = \{U : -1 \le U \le 1\}$ also (gof)(x) = g[f(x)] = g[sinx] = ln sinxas $0 \le sinx \le 1$, we get $R_2 = \{V : -\infty \le V \le 0\}$
- 23. $x^2 + x 6 = 0 \& x^2 x 6 = 0$ x = -3, 2 & x = 3, -2 As 3, -3 doesn't satisfies the equation and 2, -2 satisfies it so the answer is d.
- 24. Let a, b and c be the number of students in first , second and third room respectively. \therefore a/b = $\frac{3}{4}$ and b / c = 7/5 \Rightarrow a/21 = b/28 = c /20 = (a+b+c) / 69 = 138 / 69 \therefore a = 42, b = 56 and c = 40.
- 25. Required sum = [1+3+5+...+(6n 1)] 2[5+11+17+...+(6n 1)]Using the formula Sum of an A.P. = n/2 (a+l) Required sum = (3n/2) (6n) - 2[(n/2) (6n + 4)] = 3n² - 4n.
- 26. We have [(1/2)+(x/100)] = 0 if $0 \le x \le 49$ = 1 if $50 \le x \le 99$ Thus the given expression is equal to 50
- 27. $D = b^2 4ac$. If $D \ge 0$, then the roots of the equation are given by $x = (-b \pm \sqrt{D})/2a$ As $D = b^2 - 4ac < b^2$ (as a > 0, c > 0), it follows that the roots of the equation are negative In case D < 0, then the equation are given by $X = (-b \pm i\sqrt{-D})/2a$ which have negative real parts.
- 28. Since both the triangles are equilateral triangles. If we rotate the inscribed triangle by 180° we get the figure as shown. The circumscribed triangle is divided into four congruent triangles, and one of them is inscribed triangle. \therefore Area of Circumscribed Δ / Area of Inscribed $\Delta = 4/1$



- 29. Sum = $1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + 200^2 2(2^2 + 4^2 + \dots + 200^2)$ = $(200 \cdot 201.401)/6 - (8 \cdot 100 \cdot 101 \cdot 201)/6 = -20100$
- 30. If the servant breaks x glasses, Amount to be paid = (100 x) 3 9x = 240. $\Rightarrow x = 5$.
- 31. 2x / (1+x) = 2 / [(1/x) + 1]. Since x is very large $1/x \approx 0$: Given expression close to 2.
- 32. Total cost = 6+(6+x) + (6+2x) + ... + (6+99x) = 600 + x (1+2+3+...+99)= $600 + x (99 \times 100)/2 = 20400 \Rightarrow x = 4$
- 33. Required number of groups = ${}^{20}C_4 = 4845$.
- 34. x will be minimum if d = e = f = 0. $\therefore a+b+c+x = 100$. a+b+x = 65, a+c+x = 70 and b+c+x = 75. Solving these three equations we get x = 10.



- 35. Total number of points are m+n+k. Three points will give one triangle, but co-linear points will not give any triangles. Therefore answer option will be b.
- 36. From the given equations we get $x \ge 5$ and $y \ge 3$. \therefore xy will be smallest if x = 5 and y = 3. \therefore xy = 15.

- 37. We can choose three vertices out of six in ${}^{6}C_{3} = 20$ Chosen vertices can form equilateral triangle in just two ways Therefore required probability = 2/20 = 1/10
- 38. Clearly x = m is a root of the equation. Therefore, the other root must be (-m) That is, (1/-m) + (1/(-m+b)) = (1/m) + (1/(m+b))Solving this we get $b^2 = 2m^2$
- 39. Let a and s be the present ages of Anand and his sister respectively ∴ a = 2s. When Anand 's age is double his sisters age will be a+s = a+a/2. ∴ Required ratio = 2a /(a+a/2) = 4/3.
- 40. Let the first principal be Rs. X ∴ the second principal will be Rs. 5X /4.
 ∴X x 2 ×6 /100 + (5X/4) 2 ×7/100 = 354. ⇒ X= 1200. ∴ Second principal = Rs. 1500
 ∴ Total sum = Rs. 2700.
- 41. OF = OG $\Rightarrow \triangle$ OGH $\cong \triangle$ OFE . . . A-S-A Test. \therefore OH = OE.
- 42. \triangle OCD ~ \triangle OAB \therefore OD/5 = 3/8 \Rightarrow OD = 15/8 = 1⁷/₈. BD = OB OD = 5 15/8 = 25/8 = 3¹/₈
- 43. $\triangle \text{ OGH} \cong \triangle \text{ OCD} \sim \triangle \text{OAB}$ $\therefore \text{ AB/CD} = \text{OA/OC} = \text{OB/OD} \text{ AND } \text{GH} = \text{CD} = 2, \text{ OC} = \text{OG} = 1$ $\therefore \text{ AB} = (\text{CD} .\text{OA})/\text{OG} = 6.$
- 44. $\triangle \text{ OEF} \sim \triangle \text{ OGH} \sim \triangle \text{ OIJ}$ and $\triangle \text{ OCD} \sim \triangle \text{ OAB}$. \therefore Pairs of similar triangles = ${}^{3}C_{2}$ + ${}^{2}C_{2}$ = 4.
- 45. Sum of any two sides of a triangle is greater than the third side. ∴ Triangle will not be possible if
 m + (m+2) ≤ (m +3) ⇒ m ≤ 1. ∴ Required answer is m = 1.
- 46. Given expression = $\log [(9/14)(16/15)(35/24)] = \log (9/9) = 0.$
- 47. An English alphabet can be chosen in 26 different ways and three different digits can be arranged in ${}^{5}P_{3} = 60$ different ways. \therefore Required number of license plates = 26.60 = 1560.
- 48. Let amount saved in first year = a. In successive years he will save 3a / 2, 9a /4, 27a /8, 81a /16 and 243 a /32. ∴ a [1+ 3/2 + 9/4 + 27/8 + 81/16 + 243 /32] = 6650. ⇒ a = 320.
- 49. Captain's score below average = 197 47 = 150. ∴the average of other 10 players increases by 150 / 10 = 15 ∴ Required average = 197 + 15 = 212.
- 50. Let r = 2n 1, s = 2n+1 and t = 2n+3. $\therefore r + t = 4n + 2 = 2(2n+1) = 2s$.

EXERCISE – 5A

- 1. Let the no of ants be 6x. Then 2x are lured by the cockroach so that 4x are left and half of them that is 2x are tired. 2x ants now move ahead of which 19 stop to drink water and then the remaining which is $1/6^{\text{th}}$ of the total i.e. x reach the destination. Thus x ants stopped to drink water i.e. x = 19. Thus no of ants that are tired = 2x = 38. Ans. d.
- Ans.d. Speeds of A and B are 10m/s and 25/3 m/s respectively. Thus they took 10 and 12 seconds respectively. While D took 10 seconds. Thus the total time is 44 seconds. Thus the 1st and 3rd team reached first.
- 3. Let the second last digit in base 12 be x then that in base 8 will be x+1. Thus the number is: (x+1)1 in base 8 and x1 in base 12. Thus converting both to base 10 we have, (x+1)8+1 = 12x+1. I.e. 8x + 8 = 12x. or x = 2. Thus the number in base 8 is 31 equivalent to 25 in base 10. Ans a.
- 4. Simplifying by factoring each base into prime factors the expression reduces to $2^{18}5^33^3$. = $(64.5.3)^3$. Thus x can be 64x5x3 = 960 and y = 3. Ans. b.

- 5. 1 cat takes 3 minutes to kill 1 mice. Therefore 100 cats would take 3 minutes to kill 100 mice. Ans c.
- 6. Ans b.. CI =12100-10000=2100. SI= 3000. Thus Difference = 900
- 7. Ans b. The CP of 20 articles is say Rs20. Then that of 21 articles is Rs21. Thus 20 articles are sold at Rs21. Thus profit = 1/20 = 5%.
- 8. Let the number of weeks required be w. We have: work = men x time x rate = 5x20x5. Since 3 women are equivalent to 5 men, 2 women will be equivalent to 10/3 men. Thus w = 500 = (10/3)x60xw. Thus w = 500/200 = 2.5 weeks. Thus answer = c..
- 9. The nth root of the product of n numbers in GP gives the middle most term. Taken 3 nos in GP at a time, the value of the middle term is equal to the cube root of their product. Thus Ans.= a...
- 10. Ans.c., Let P be the principal. Then SI for 2 years = 16P/100 and CI is $[P(112/100)^2 P]$. Profit earned = CI-SI = 944. Thus solving we get P = 10,000.
- 11. The square is of side 6 thus the cordinates will be (0,0), (0,6), (6,0), (6,6) Thus midpoint of diagnal is (3,3). Thus it lies of each of the three lines thus Ans e..
- 12. The number of people who are carrying water as well as mirror will be 22. Since there must be at least five people in a group who carry water as well as mirror, the maximum groups that can be formed are 4. Ans. a.
- 13. Ans c.. The minute hand and the hour hand coincide after every 65 5/11 minutes. In a week there are 7 * 24 * 60 minutes. So, in a week they will coincide (7 * 24 * 60) / (65 5/11) = 154 times.
- 14. If S is the selling price of the article paid after deducting the production cost, D is the custom duty paid on the article, then, $S \propto D^2$

So, $S_1 = K_1 D_1^2$ (for lipstick) $\therefore 200 = K_1(10)^2$ $\therefore K_1 = 2$ And, $S_2 = K_1 D_2^2$ (for face cream) $\therefore 7^2 = 2(D_2)^2$ $\therefore D_2 = 6$

- 15. Let CP of article be Rs30. Then SP is Rs27 and CP of other article = Rs10 with SP Rs12. Thus total CP = 40 and total SP=39. Thus loss =Rs1=2.5% Thus Ansd..
- 16. If S_t is the speed of the train and I is the length of the train in km, then S_t = I /(18/1600), i.e., S_t = 200I. S_t 20 = I/(27/3600). ∴ 200I 20 = 400I/3, or, 200I = 60. ∴I = 60/200. ∴I = 0.3 km = 300 m. Hence answer is (b).
- 17. The slant height of the cone will be 9. The outer surface area of the cone will beπ rl = 198 sq. units. The inner surface area will be the curved surface area of the hemisphere with radius 3½ = 77 sq. units and the area of the annular ring formed at the base = 115.5 sq. units. Thus the total surface area is 198 + 77 + 115.5 = 390.5 sq. units. Thus Ans. is a.
- 18. Open the cylindrical vessel and lay it flat like a paper. Plot the two points; the ant's position, A, and the sugar cube's position, S. Now, the rim will act as a mirror from which the ant turns back to get the cube. The shortest distance will be when the point of reflection, R, is such that the angle of incidence is equal to the angle of reflection (Rule of thumb: Follow the path of light, that is always the quickest one!!). In this case since the diagram is symmetric the diagram is as shown below. The distance is the sum of the diagonals ≈ 24. Answer is b.

19. The total expenditure of the husbands is Rs3500 while that of Mr. Nene is Rs.1,700. Thus Mr. Dixit spends Rs.1,800 which corresponds to 9 on the ratio scale. x corresponds to Rs.2,800 on the ratio scale. Thus x = 14.

	Mr.	Mrs.	Total
Nene	17	29	46
Dixit	18	28	(92-46)=46
Total	35	57	92

20. Let Batliboi start off with 100 units. After the initial gold investment, he has 200 with him. One hundred he invests in shares and after a loss of 50%, he has totally 150 with him. To make a profit of 100% on his initial investment, he has to end up with 200, which means that he has to make a profit of 50 on the 100 he invests in gold the second time, which means a profit of 50%. Answer is b.

EXERCISE - 5B

- 1. $CD = \sqrt{49-9} = \sqrt{40} = 2\sqrt{10}$ and $DB = \sqrt{25-9} = 4$ ∴ Perimeter of the triangle = 7+5+4+ 2√10 = 16+ 2√10
- Difference in the C. I. of two successive periods = S.I. on the C.I. of the earlier period ∴ 11.25 is S.I. on Rs. 225 at same rate, for six months.
 ∴ 225 ×1×r /100 = 11.25 ⇒ r = 5%. Hence the annual rate of interest = 10 %

3.
$$x^2 - xy = 2x - 2y \Rightarrow (x - y) (x - 2) = 0$$
 then $x = 2 \Rightarrow x - y \neq 0$. $\therefore x \neq y$.

4. Average speed = (Total distance travelled) / (Total time taken) = 150 /[(20+5)/6] = 36 miles / hour.

5.
$$\angle ABC = 90 - \angle CFD = 90^{\circ} - (60^{\circ} - \angle ECF) = 60^{\circ}$$
.

- 6. Using the formula $t = \frac{12}{11}(m+x)$ and $t = \frac{12}{11}(m-x)$ and substituting m = 35 m.s and $x = \frac{84}{6} = 14$ m.s, we get the two times as 23 and 53 min. past 7. Ans. is c..
- 7. Let first term of G.P. be a and the common ratio be r. \therefore a r² = 3. Product of the first five terms of the G.P. = a × ar × ar² × ar³ × ar⁴ = [(ar²)]⁵ = 243.
- 8. Let families requirement of water is x litres per day. If there would not have been any leakage the supply of water would have lasted for 60 days, because of the leakage of 5 litres per day it will last for 50 days only. ∴ 60 x = 50 (x + 5) ⇒ x = 25 litres.
 ∴ Volume of water in the tank = 60 . 25 = 1500 litres. When there is a leakage of 50 litres per day if the supply lasts for d days, we get 1500 = d (25 + 50) = 75 d ⇒ d = 20 days.

9–10

Let the first term of A.P. be a. Then the series is a, a + 3, a + 6.....a + 3(n-1). Also, first term x last term = (third term)² So, a[a + 3(n-1)] = $(a + 6)^2$ We get, a(n-5) = 12.....equation (1) The required G.P. be a/2, a²/4, a³/8, a⁴/16 Where a⁴ = 16a + 192 Only value which is satisfies the above equation is 4, i.e., a = 4. Hence n = 8[(from equation (1)] And common ratio of G.P. = a/2 = 4/2 = 2

11. Interior angle of a regular polygon of n sides = (n - 2) 180° / n = 135° . \therefore EJ and FI are perpendicular to AB then \angle IFB = \angle IBF = 45° \therefore AJ = BI = s / $\sqrt{2}$ \therefore AB = (1 + $\sqrt{2}$) s Area of the rectangle = s [s (1 + $\sqrt{2}$)] = (1 + $\sqrt{2}$)s².

- 12. If n is any integer then [n] = (n) ⇒ [n] (n) = 0. If x is a positive number other than integer then it can be written as n+f where n is it's integral part and f is it's fractional part.
 ∴[x] (x) = n (n+1) = -1. This is also true if x is any negative number.
- 13. Let x = n+f where n is it's integral part and f is it's fractional part. ∴ |x| = n+f if x is positive and |x| = -n -f if x is negative. If x is ve, then |x| = -n -f. ∴ [|x|] = -n and |[x]| is always non negative. Hence the alternative (b) holds good.
- 14. By considering different cases a > b and a < b, it can be verified that the only alternative that holds good is d.
- 15. Let $y = 2x^3 3x^2 12x + 8$ y will have maxima or minima, only if dy/dx = 0(i.e., differentiation of y with respect to x) $dy/dx = 6x^2 - 6x - 12 = 6(x^2 - x - 2) = 6(x-2)(x+1)$ The values of x for which dy/dx is zero are 2 and -1. Hence, other than all these values the function has neither maxima nor minima.
- 16. In the letters D,R, <u>AU</u>,G,H,T vowels are A and U which can be put together in 2 ! ways and these two vowels together with the other five letters can be arranged in 6 ! ways. ∴ Required number of arrangements = 2 ! 6 ! = 1440 different ways.
- 17. The total no. of arrangements in which the letters of the word SUNRISE can be arranged are 7!/2!. The no. of arrangements in which the vowels are always together are 5!/2!. Hence, the no. of ways in which they are never together are 7!/2!. - 5!/2!.But these arrangements include the arrangement SUNRISE hence we need to subtract this one. Hence, total number of ways = (7! - 5! - 2!)/2
- 18. From the figure B = (0,3) and D = (-4,0) \therefore Required area = Sum of the areas of [OBCD + $\triangle OAB + \triangle OAE + \triangle ODE$] = 12 + 9/2 + 15/2 +10 = 34.
- 19. The function assigns a no.(either -2, 0 or 2) to all the real values of x. Hence, the domain of the function is the set of all the real numbers.
- Put |x| = y. ∴ The given equation reduces to y² + y 6 = 0. ∴ y = -3 or 2. But |x| = -3 is not possible. Hence |x| = 2 ⇒ x = 2, or 2. ∴ Roots of the given equation are 2 and 2. ∴ Sum of the roots = 0.
- 21. Let $y = (x^2-6x+5)/(x^2+2x+1)$ for x = 0, y = 5; for x = 1, y = 0; for x = 2, y = -1/3; for x = 3, y = -1/4 so it again start increasing and least value is at x = 2 and the value is -1/3
- 22. Since both the trains start at the same time, when they meet their travelling time is same
 ∴ x /16 = (x + 60) / 21 ⇒ 21 x = 16 x + 960. ⇒ x = 192
 ∴ distance between the stations = 2 x + 60 = 444 miles.
- 23. First $(5x-1) < (x+1)^2 \Rightarrow x^2 + 1 + 2x > 5x 1 \Rightarrow (x 2)(x 1) > 0 \Rightarrow x < 1$; x > 2Second $(x+1)^2 < 7x-3 \Rightarrow (x - 4)(x - 1) < 0 \Rightarrow 1 < x < 4$ So in this range its only x = 3 which satisfies the inequality. Hence answer is b.
- 24. Let total number of workers = x. ∴ [¾. 2/10 + ¼. 8/10] x = 63 ⇒ x = 180. Alternatively Let total workers be 100 ∴ skilled workers = 75 and unskilled workers = 25. Skilled temporary workers = 15 and unskilled temporary workers 20. ∴When total temporary workers are 35 then total workers are 100 . ∴When total temporary workers are 63 then total workers = 63 . 100 / 35 = 180.
- 25. Since tax is calculated on 60% of the value of the property, taxable cost of the shop = 14160 and taxable cost of the warehouse = 5760. \therefore tax on the shop = 14160 \cdot 1/40 = Rs 354 and tax on warehouse = 1440 \cdot 1/40 = Rs 144.

- Cost of each cow = 37500 / 30 = Rs 1250. Amount he obtained by selling 6 cows at 10% loss is 6 .(9 /10)(1250) = Rs 6750. If he sells the remaining cows at Rs x per cow to gain a profit of 10 % ∴ 6750 + 20 x = (11/10) 37500 = 41250. ⇒ x = Rs. 1725.
- 27. (a+b+c) objects can be divided in to groups of a, b and c in (a+b+c)! / a! b! c! if any two of them are not equal. ∴ Required number = (45)! / 10! ×15! ×20!
- Food required per man per day is 1 / (2000) (54). Let strength of the reinforcement be x. Since food required per man per day is same, we get
 1 / 2000 . 54 = 1 / [(2000 . 15) + (2000 + x) 20] ⇒ x = 1900.
- 29. Putting $2^{-x} = t$, the inequality becomes $2t^2 7t 4 < 0$ or $2(t + \frac{1}{2})(t 4) < 0$ $\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} < t < 4$ As $t = 2^{-x} > 0$ for all x ε R we get 0 < t < 4; $0 < 2^{-x} < 4 = 2^2$ As 2^x is an increasing function, we get -x < 2 or x > -2Thus the solution set is $(-2, \infty)$
- 30. When A runs 1000 metres B runs 960 metres and when B runs 1000 metres C runs 950 metres. ∴ When B runs 960 metres C will run (960) (950) / 1000 = 912. i.e. In a race of 1000 metres A beats C by 88 metres. ∴in a race of 500 metres A beats C by 44 metres.
- 31. $k = (x^{2} x + 1)/(x^{2} + x + 1) \Rightarrow kx^{2} + kx + k = x^{2} x + 1$ $(k 1)x^{2} + (k + 1)x + k 1 = 0$ As x is real, the discriminant $D = (k + 1)^{2} 4(k 1)^{2} \ge 0 \Rightarrow (3k 1)(-k + 3) \ge 0$ $\Rightarrow (k 1/3)(k 3) \le 0 \Rightarrow 1/3 \le k \le 3$
- 32. OP = OQ = 3 units. Taking the points P,Q,R and S on X and Y axis, PQ = $(9+9)^{1/2} = 3\sqrt{2}$. \therefore Area of the square = 18 square units.

33. Let the man met his wife at A ∴ Usually time taken by his wife to move from A to Railway Station and Railway Station to A = time saved in the trip on that day = 10 minutes. ∴ Time required by his wife to go from A to Railway Station is 5 minutes. Since he started 60 minutes earlier and he got into the car 5 minutes earlier than his usual time of 6 p.m. ∴ He walked for 55 minutes before he was picked up by his wife.

- 34. $x^2 + 2x + 2 = (x + 1)^2 + 1 > 0$; for x ∈ R ∴ $(mx^2 + 3x + 4)/(x^2 + 2x + 2) < 5 \Rightarrow mx^2 + 3x + 4 < 5(x^2 + 2x + 2)$ ⇒ $(m - 5)x^2 - 7x - 6 < 0$; for x ∈ R This is possible if $D = b^2 - 4ac = 49 + 24(m-5) < 0$ and m - 5 < 0Both the inequalities are met if m < 71/24
- 35. A, B and C 's work per day is respectively 1/36, 1/54 and 1/72. If C works for x days to complete the work then A works for x 8 days and b works for x 12 days.
 ∴ (x- 8) (1/36) + (x 12) (1/54) + x /72 = 1. ∴ 13 x 48 48 = 216 . ∴ x = 24.
 ∴ C worked totally for 24 days.
- 36. $(0.2)^{\log_{\sqrt{5}} (1/4 + 1/8 + 1/16 + \dots, \infty)} = (1/5)^{\log_{\sqrt{5}} \{1/4/(1 \frac{1}{2})\}} = (1/5)^{\log_{\sqrt{5}} (1/2)} = 5^{-[\log_{\sqrt{5}} (1/2)]} = 5^{[\log_{\sqrt{5}} (2)]} = 5^{\log_{\sqrt{5}} (2)]} = 5^{\log_{\sqrt{5}} 2} = 5^{\log_{5} 2} = 4$
- 37. From the information, CK = 2, EF = 6 \Rightarrow GH = 3, and DK = 5. \therefore Required area = 15 square units.
- 38. Probability of winning a game by Black thrope = 0.585. Hence in the season of 53 games they can win $53 \times 0.585 = 31.005$ games.

Probability of winning a game by Green horn = 0.509. Hence in the season of 53 games they can win $53 \times 0.509 = 26.977$ games. Hence they are four games behind the Black thrope.

- 39. Let a, b and c respectively be the amounts that A, B and C gets after completing their job. Total work of A, B and C in completing the work is respectively 39 hours, 46 hours and 53 hours.
 ∴ a /39 = b /46 = c /53 = (a+b+c) / 138 = 27.60 /138 = Rs 0.2. ∴ A 's share = Rs 7.80, b 's share = Rs 9.20 and C 's share = Rs 10.60.
- 40. Let f and s respectively be the number of first and second class tickets that the man purchased. $\therefore f + s = 16$ and 50 f + 15 s = 450. \Rightarrow 10 f + 3 s = 90 and 3 f + 3 s = 48 \therefore f = 6 and s = 10.

 \therefore Required cost when he interchanges the number of tickets = 10 × 50 + 6 × 15 = Rs. 590.

- 41. Choose any three positions out of 10 and arrange ABC (in that order) in one way. The remaining 7 can be arranged in 7! ways.
- 42. Let velocity of the train be x km / hr. \therefore Resultant velocity of the train when it crosses the man is $(x + 10) \text{ km / hr.} \therefore 1/10 = (10+x) (7.2) / (3600) \Rightarrow x + 10 = 50 \therefore x = 40 \text{ km / hr.}$
- 43. If A had bought the radio for Rs. a, then [(a+110) (12/10)] (9/10) (11/10) = 1188. ∴ a = Rs. 890.
- 44. Let the number of eggs in the beginning be $x \therefore (0.96 x \cdot 0.20) = 96 \Rightarrow x = 500$.
- 45. We have P(S) = P[5,6] = 2/6 = 1/3 Let S denotes the occurrence of a number greater than 4 in a single throw of the die and F denotes its failure . P(F) = 2/3 (P - an even number of tosses is needed) P = P(FS or FFFS or FFFFS or) = P(F)P(S) + P(F)³P(S) + P(F)⁵P(S) +....... = P(F)P(S)/(1-P(F)²) = (2/9)/(1-4/9) = 2/5
- 46. After opening the tap C let the cistern can be filled after t minutes.
 ∴7 (1/45 + 1/36) + t (1/45 + 1/36 1/30) = 1. ∴ 63 + 3 t = 180 ⇒ t = 39 minutes. ∴Total time taken to fill the cistern = 39 + 7 = 46 minutes.
- 47. The given equation can be written as $x[1 \log 5] + \log(1 + 2^x) = \log 6$ $x[\log 10 - \log 5] + \log(1 + 2^x) = \log 6$ $\log 2^x + \log(1 + 2^x) = \log 6$ $2^x (1 + 2^x) = 6 \implies 2^x = 2, 2^x = -3$ But $2^x = -3$ is not possible. Therefore $2^x = 2 = 2^1$. Hence x = 1
- 48. The area will be covered by three lines i.e y = 1y = x - 1 & y = -(x - 1). It will form a triangle of area 1.
- 49. Consider t_n = (n² +n+2) / 2, t_{n-1} = (n² -n+2) / 2, t_{n-2} = (n² -3n+4) / 2, ∴ Last and second last terms of the required sequence are a_n = 2n and a_{n-1} = 2n 2, a_n a_{n-1} = 2 which is a constant ∴ t_n satisfies required condition. Similarly it can be shown that b. and c. also satisfies the given condition
- 50. He can come to any of the 25 stations in 25 different ways and he can chose his second destination out of the 24 stations in 24 different ways. ∴ By fundamental principle of multiplication required number of different tickets = (25)(24) = 600.

EXERCISE – 6A

- 1. Ans b. Since time required by both of them is constant, we get that speed ∞ distance. Thus if A's speed is 3, B's speed will be 2. Thus distances are in the ratio 3:2. Difference in distances on ratio scale is 1km which is equal to actual difference. Thus the distance of A's house from college is 3km.
- 2. Ans. a.. Interest for x years is: P.x.10/100.Interest for x+3 years is P(x+3).10/100. Thus difference in interests is 3P/10 = 60. Thus P = Rs.200
- 3. The pipe is turned on for double the time and capacity of B is twice that of A. Thus the fraction of tank B that is filled in 40 minutes is same as that of A filled in 20 minutes = 1/3rd. Thus Ans c..
- 4. Suppose B pays back Rs x in the first year, the interest on that would be 12.x/100. The interest on the remaining amount would be 15(2000-x)/100. But the total interest is Rs255. Thus solving we get x = 1500. Thus Ans is d.
- 5. Let the ages of A and B two years back be 2x and 3x. 3 years hence, their ages will be 2x+5 and 3x+5 respectively. Thus $(2x+5)/(3x+5) = \frac{3}{4}$. Thus solving we get: x = 5. Thus their ages 2 years back were 10 and 15 and today they will be 12 and 17. Thus Ans is a.
- 6. Ans. b.. Suppose the Marked Price is x. Then after 10% discount, the price at which the man purchased it will be 90x/100. He sells away the car at a price that is 25% less than MP i.e. at 75x/100. Thus He faces a loss of 15x/100 over a Cost Price of 90x/100. Thus loss % is $(15x/100)/(90x/100) \times 100 = 16.66\%$.
- 7. Suppose each bee cleans x cells in 3 minutes. Then no of cells cleaned by 5 bees is 5x. Thus 15 bees can clean 15x cells = 5x+30. Thus x=3 and 5x = 15. Thus Ans d.
- Let a and b be two numbers with LCM 56. Since 56 is the LCM, a and b will be divisors of 56. Following are the divisors of 56:
 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 14, 28 and 56. Combining two of these at a time, the possible pairs with LCM as 56 are: 1,56; 2, 56; 4, 56; 8, 56; 14, 56; 28, 56; 56, 56; 8, 28; 8, 14; 7,8. Thus there are 10 pairs. Ans. c.
- 9. Let the numbers be a-2, a-1, a, a+1, a+2. Then (a-1)(a-2)=a+2. Thus solving, a = 4. Therefore the numbers are 2,3,4,5,6 and their sum is = 20. Ans. c..
- 10. To earn 33.33% i.e. 1/3rd profit on selling the milk at Rs16.00 per litre, the cost price of each liter of the adulterated milk should be Rs12. Thus, alligating we get that the ratio of mixing should be 3:1. Thus if milk is 12 litres, water should be 4 litres. Thus Ans b.
- Ans.c.. If the cost price of the eggs was 10 then marked price would be 12 but after loss of 10%, SP would be Rs9. Thus difference between the MP and the SP on the ratio scale would be 3 but actual difference is 21. Thus factor of multiplication is 7. Thus Cost price is Rs 10x 7 = 70.
- 12. By formula $\theta = 6 (45 (11^* 18) / 12) = 171^\circ$. Ansb..
- 13. If by selling milk at 40 lira a litre he makes a profit of 14.28%, which is 1/7, it means that the cost of that litre to Mario is 35 lira. Alligating, 50 with 0 to get the mean cost price as 35, we get the ratio as 35 : 15, or 7 : 3 which is the ratio of milk to water. We want the ratio of water : milk which will be 3:7. Answer is d..

14. We get the following two equations:

 $2500k_1 + 36k_2 = 61$

and $1000k_1 + 60k_2 = 70$ We need to find the value of

 $3000k_1 + 24k_2$.

Solving the above two equations simultaneously, we get $k_1 = .01$ and $k_2 = 1$. Thus the required weight is 54kgs. Ans. c.

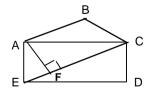
- 15. The train is moving at 60kmph. Thus it covers 100m in 6 seconds. Since it takes 30 seconds to pass the platform, the length of the train must be 300m. Now the train takes 20 seconds to overtake the man which means that relative speed is 300/20m/s i.e. 54kmph. Thus speed of the man is 6kmph. Ans.c.
- 16. The third vertex will be either $(6,2\sqrt{3})$ or $(6,-2\sqrt{3})$. Of these $(6,2\sqrt{3})$ lies on the given line. Thus answer is e.
- 17. If thrice of A is equal to twice of B and 7 times B is equal to 9 times C then the ratio between A and C is

 $3 A = 2 B \implies A / B = 2 / 3$. 7 B = 9 C => B / C = 9 / 7. Therefore A /C = A/B × B/C = 2/3 × 9/7 = 6/7. Ans.d..

- 18. There are only 0.15 million households owning atleast one car. Of them, 0.1 million own atleast 3 cars which amounts to 0.3 million of the cars. This must be the least number of people who can own exactly 3 cars. The remaining 0.2 million cars are owned by 0.05 million people where each must own on an average four cars to account for the 0.5 million cars. Thus Ans. b.
- 19. A gets 25000 thus B's share in profit apart from the compensation for managing the business will be 30000. thus total profit = 25000+30000+12000 = 67,000. ans b..
- 20. Let the base be x. Then $x^2 = 25$ implies x =5. Thus 24 will be written as 44 in base 5. Ans. c..

EXERCISE – 6B

- G can go to any of the 4 places with any of his 3 GF's in 4x3 =12 ways. Now, two of his GF's don't want to come to Yerwadi.Hence, the no. of ways decrease by 1x2 = 2 ways.
- 2. Solving the eqn. x + 3 > 8x/(x-3), we have (x+3)(x-3) > 8x or $x^2 - 8x - 9 > 0$ $\Rightarrow (x-9)(x+1) > 0$ $\Rightarrow x>9$ of x<-1.....(1) The other eqn $x^2 - 4 < 0$ becomes(x+2)(x-2)< 0 or -2 < x < 2......(2) Combining (1) and (2), we get -2 < x < -1
- 3. $\triangle AEF \sim \triangle CEA \Rightarrow AE / CE = EF / EA$ $\therefore AE / 20 = 5/AE \Rightarrow (AE)^2 = 100 \therefore AE = 10.$



- 4. Required value = $27400 [1 (5/100)]^4 = 27400 (19/20)^4 = 22317.47$
- 5. Out of the numbers on the faces of the dice are 4 odd and 4 even. So the probability of number being odd or even is ½. There are two possible cases:

(i) The effaced no. is odd. Then two even nos. can be selected in ${}^{4}C_{2}$ ways. (ii) The effaced no. is even. Then the two even nos. can be selected in ${}^{3}C_{2}$ ways. P(Even no is effaced) = $\frac{\frac{1}{2}{}^{4}C_{2}}{\frac{1}{2}{}^{4}C_{2} + \frac{1}{2}{}^{3}C_{2}} = 6/(6+3) = 2/3$

- 6. If x workers are employed to complete it in 18 days. Work done per worker per day is 1/(75)(90). \therefore 18 x / (75) (90) = 1 \Rightarrow x = 375.
- 7. Since food required per man is same and first 1500 men are there for (13+25)days. If x is the reinforcement which will be for 25 days, we get $1 / (1500) (48) = 1 / [(1500) (38) + 25 x] \Rightarrow x = 600.$
- 8. Let a, b respectively be the speeds of A and B. \therefore a+b =7 and 24/a +24/b = 14. \therefore 1/a + 1/b = 7 /12 \therefore a² 7a +12 = 0 \Rightarrow a = 3 or 4 km/hr \therefore b = 4 or 3 km /hr.
- 9. Letters which remains same when reflected in the mirror are **B**, **C**, **D**, **E**, **H**, **I**, **K**, **O**, and **X** which are 9 in number. \therefore Number of three letter words with or without meaning can be formed with the help of these letters = $9 \times 9 \times 9 = 729$
- 10. Let B runs x meters before quickening his pace. Let a and b respectively be the initial speeds of A and B. \therefore a = 1.2b \Rightarrow b = a /(1.2) and 1760 /a = x /b + (1760 x) /(1.2)a = 1.2 x /a + (1760 x) / (1.2) a \Rightarrow x = 800.
- 11. First number m is at n = 5. \therefore Required number = 15.
- 12. An identity function is given as f(x) = x. Thus, for every value of x, there exists same value for y. Hence, Range and Domain for an identity function are equal sets. Hence, their union is also a set equal to R and D.
 A constant value function is given as f(x) = k. Thus for any value x takes, the value of the function is going to remain the same i.e. equal to k. Look at the function as f(x) = k.x⁰ Hence, whatever we put the value of x as, it'll become1. Thus, the range of the function has only one element: k while domain comprise all the real values.
 No. of sub-sets of any set are given by 2ⁿ, where n is the no. of elements in that set. As there is only one element in range of the constant value function. The no. of sub-sets are 2¹ = 2
- 13. α and 1/α are the roots of equation : x² (α² + 1)x/α + 1 = 0.
 ∴ (8 + 2m) = 3² + 1 or m = 1
 ∴ The other eqn becomes x² nx + 1² = 0. The value of n should therefore be either 2 or -2.
- 14. Initial amount = 12820; ∴ Amount to be paid after one year = 12820 + 1282 = 14102. If his first year 's instalment is a, then the principal for second year = 14102 a ∴ Amount to be paid after two years is (14102 a) 11/10. His second and third instalments will be 2a and 3a.
 ∴[(14102 a) (11/10) 2a] 11/10 = 3a ⇒ a = 2662, 2a = 5324 and 3a = 7986.
- 15. Let x kg of first quality mixture is added to 10 kg of second quality mixture so that the ratio of two varieties in the new mixture is 5:4, but 10 kg of second quality mixture will contain 4 kgs of variety 1 and 6 kgs of variety 2. ∴ Variety 1/Variety 2 = [(4x/7) +4] / [(3x/7) + 6] = 5/4 16x+112 = 15x+210 ∴ x = 98 kg.
- 16. Let the cash value of the Fan now is Rs.x ∴ Amount payable next year will be (x 500) (1 + 25/400) = (x 500) (17/16). Similarly the Amount payable in next year will be [(x 500) (17/16) 425] (17/16) = 289 ⇒ x = 1156.
- 17. The minimum value will be when a,b,c,d all are equal to 1 and the value will be 12
- 18. Let the cistern will be full in t more minutes. \therefore 3 (1/10+1/15+1/18) + t (1/10+1/15) = 1. Solving this equation we get t = 2 minutes.
- 19. Required number of books = [k (lcm of 6,8,12) + 3] which is divisible by 17. Smallest of such numbers is 51.

- 20. $x > y \Rightarrow -x < -y$ and x > y and $2 > 1 \Rightarrow x+2 > y+1$. Also $x > y \therefore x/3 > y/3$ but if x = 0 and y = -1 then $x^2 = 0$ and $y^2 = 1$. Here x > y but $x^2 < y^2$. $\therefore x > y \Rightarrow x^2 > y^2$ need not hold.
- 21. Favourable numbers for x + 1/x to be > 50 are 1, 2, 48, 49, ... 100. \therefore Favourable number of cases = 55, and total number of cases = 100. \therefore Required probability = 55 / 100 = 11 / 20
- 22. Requirements on x ix x > 3, then x is given by $(x - 3)^2 = (x - 1)$, l.e $x^2 - 7x + 10 = 0 \Rightarrow (x - 2)(x - 5) = 0$ x = 5 is the only permissible value.
- 23. Volume of the new mixture is 5 gallons of which 2 gallons of first mixture and three gallons of the second mixture. ∴ Total wine in new mixture = (2/4)+(9/4) = 11/4 gallons. and total water in new mixture = (6/4)+(3/4) = 9/4 gallons. ∴ wine : water in new mixture = 11: 9.
- 24. Take random values for a and b, and find out values for x and y, and then find out the value of given expression. Now substitute values of a and b in answer options none of the option will give the value of given expression. Hence answer is d.
- 25. Since p is a prime number all numbers less than p will be relatively prime to p. e.g. If p = 7, then the numbers less than 7 and relatively prime to 7 are 1, 2, ..., 6. ... (7) = 6. In general (p) = p 1.
- 26. Since one of a, b, c, and d is a prime number say p if any one of the remaining three is not an integral multiple p then their GCD will be 1, If all of them are integral multiples of p then their GCD will be p
- 27. From the given answer options -6 is the smallest value of x which satisfies the equation.
- 28. The domain of admissible value of this equation satisfies the inequalities $x \ge -1$, $x \ge 1$ and $x \ge \frac{1}{4}$. All these inequalities are satisfied when $x \ge 1$. Squaring both the sides of the equation we get $(x + 1) + (x - 1) - 2\sqrt{(x^2 - 1)} = 4x - 1$ or $2\sqrt{(x^2 - 1)} = 1 - 2x$ Squaring again we get $4(x^2 - 1) = 1 - 4x + 4x^2$; 4x = 5; x = 5/4For x = 5/4, LHS becomes 1 and RHS is 2 So x = 5/4 is not a root of the equation
- 29. Amount of the tank filled in one hour with two pipes = 60 (1/24+1/40) = 4. \therefore If V is the volume of the tank , third pipe can drain off the water in the tank three times in one hour. \therefore 3 V = (60)(30)

 \therefore Volume of the tank = 600 gallons.

- 30. If we take c < a,b, then a. and b. cannot hold. For c., if a ≥ b, then |a b| = a b∴ ½(a+b - a-b) = ½(a + b - a + b) = b = min(a,b) If a < b then |a - b| = b - a∴ ½(a+b - a-b) = ½(a + b - b + a) = a = min(a,b) 31. S = 1 + 2.2 + 3.2² + 4.2³ ++100.2⁹⁹(1) 2S = 1.2 + 2.2² + 3.2³ + 4.2⁴ ++99.2⁹⁹ + 100.2¹⁰⁰(2) Subtracting (2) from (1), we get, -S = 1 + 2 + 2² ++2⁹⁹ - 100.2¹⁰⁰ = 2¹⁰⁰ - 1-100.2¹⁰⁰ = - 99.2¹⁰⁰ - 1 S = 99.2¹⁰⁰ + 1
- 32. Amount of water in container C = [(a/2) + (b/3)]/3. The container C will be full by (3a+2b) /18c.

- 33. Diameter of pie crust = (2/ n). ∴ Radius of cherry pie = (1/ n). ∴ Area of one pie crust = π / n^2 . Hence total area of pie crust = $n^2 \times (\pi / n^2) = \pi$
- 34. 18 persons can be arranged around a circle in (18 1)! = 17! ways. Now there are exactly 18 places where we can arrange the two brothers. Also the two brothers can be arranged in 2! ways. Thus total ways = (17!) 18 (2!) = 2(18!)
- 35. Probability of getting a white ball at any draw is $p = 12/24 = \frac{1}{2}$ The probability of getting a white ball 4th time in the 7th draw = P(getting three white balls in 6 draws) χ P(white ball at the 7th draw) = $({}^{6}C_{3})(1/2){}^{6}\chi$ (1/2) = $20/2^{7} = 5/32$
- 36. x+y is smallest if 2x + 5y = 16. $\therefore 16 = 2 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 2 \Rightarrow x = 3+2 = 5$.
- 37. Two teachers out of 14 can be chosen in ${}^{14}C_2 = 91$ different ways. One P.T. instructor can be chosen in only one way, two captains out of 5 can be chosen in ${}^5C_2 = 10$ different ways. \therefore By fundamental principal of multiplication total number of ways of forming the committee = 91 × 10 × 1 = 910.
- 38. $\pi r^2 = 9 / \pi \Rightarrow r = 3 / \pi$: Circumference = $2\pi r = 6$ ft. : Number of revolutions = 120 / 6 = 20.
- 39. L.H.S. = $(n^2 + 1/n^2 + 2) (n^2 + 1/n^2 2) / [(1-n) / n] = 4n / (1-n) = R.H.S.$ will hold for all real values of n except n = 0 and n = 1, because at n = 1 R.H.S. is not well defined and at n = 0 $(n+1/n)^2$ is not well defined.
- 40. Let a, b and c respectively be the shares in rent of A , B and C. A put 70 sheep for four months, 60 sheep for eight months. B put 50 sheep for seven months, 70 sheep for five months. C put 40 sheep for four months, 50 sheep for three months and 30 sheep for five months.
 ∴ a /76 = b / 70 = c / 46 = (a+b+c)/192 = (12)(64)/192 = 4 ∴ a = Rs.304, b = Rs.280 and c = Rs.184
- 41. It is clear from the graph that for each value of x in (a, b) there is unique value of y.
- 42. Let his income is Rs. 100, Since he is allowed a deduction of 20% his taxable income will be Rs. 80. ∴ tax = 5% of Rs 80 = Rs. 4. and Special surcharge = 10% of Rs 4 = Rs. 0.4. ∴ Total tax = Rs. 4.40. His gross income will be 1100 × 100 / 4.40 = Rs. 25000
- 43. Required cost = (32) (30) (61) / 500 = Rs117.12
- 44. Circumference of the circle = $2 \pi r = 44 \Rightarrow r = 7$. Required answer is 44.
- 45. If n = 4k, digit at unit's place is 1; if it is of the form (4k + 1), digit at unit's place is 3; if it is of the form (4k+2) digit at unit's place is 9; if it is of the form (4k+3), digit at unit's place is 7. Since 13 = 4 × 3 + 1, digit at units place must be 3.
- 46. Let number of one paisa stamps be x. ∴ number of two paisa stamps will be 6x. Since for the rest of the amount he gets 5 ps stamps. [2(6x) + x] must be a multiple of 5. ∴ x = 5. Hence he will get two stamps of five paisa.
- 47. Since A worked for 7.5 days, he can complete half of the work and remaining half work is done by B alone. B can complete half of the work in 6 days. ∴A and B worked together for 6 days.
- 48. n (3n + 3) = 3.n. (n+1) is divisible by 3. If n is even it is also divisible by 2. If n is odd then n+1 is even hence it is divisible by 2. ∴ It is divisible by 6.

- 49. Total runs scored in the last three innings = 28+34+37 =99. Runs which he scored more with the earlier average = 99 3(21.75) = 33.75. If total innings are n then 33.75 / n = 1.125 ∴ n = 30.
- 50. Substitute the value of x from the options and check it is satisfied for both 2 and -2

EXERCISE – 7A

- 1. Let the numbers be A and B. A/B = 2/3 and A-6/B = 1/3. Solving we get A = 12 and B = 18. Thus Ans. c.
- 2. Let the number of students be x. therefore total age = 8x. Average of class including the teacher = $\frac{8x+28}{x+1} = 8.5$ Thus solving we get, x = 39. Ans. d.
- 3. Bozo invests 20,000 in real estate, which becomes 21,000 after an increase of 5%, and he invests 5,000 in bullion, which becomes 6,000 after an increase of 20%. He has 40% of this amount after the stock crash, i.e., 2/5 of 27,000 = 10800. Ans.b.
- 4. Let the work be $9 \times 24 \times 8 = 1728$. Let the number of days required by 16 men be x. Then we have $16 \times x \times 12 = 1728$. Thus x = 9. Ans.b.
- 5. On the ratio scale, let each Uzi cost Leon 100. Then The first one is sold to Jackal at 125, and the second one is sold to Carlos at 80: the difference in the price is 45 on this scale, while actually it is 450. That means that the factor of multiplication is 10. That means that the actual price of each Uzi for Leon is 100x10= 1000\$. Answer is b..
- 6. Since the work done is same, $M_1T_1R_1 = M_2T_2R_2$. Thus $24 \times 5 = 5x \times 6$ where x is the number of days required. Solving we get x = 4. Ans.d..
- 7. Let the amount of work be 30. Then A and B together do 3 units of work per day while C does 2 units per day. Thus A, B and C can together do 5 units in a day. Thus they would require 6 days to complete the job. Ans.a.
- 8. The length of the longest diagonal of a cube of side a is $\sqrt{3}a$. Here the longest diagonal will be equal to the diagonal of the sphere i.e. 2R. Thus side of the cube is $a = 2/\sqrt{3} \times R$. Thus volume of the cube = $a^3 = 8/(3\sqrt{3}) \times R^3$. Ans. d..
- 9. Original SI = P.T.R/100. New SI = (P.T/2.2R)/100. Thus SI remains same. Ans.a.
- Rito has to pay 1.2 lakh as interest, and his running cost is 0.2 lakh per annum. Man takes Rs 10 lacs loan at a rate of interest 12% per annum. Therefore interest would be Rs. 1.2 lacs. He should return total 10 +1.2 = 11.2 lacs. Also to get profit of 500% over running cost, selling price should be 1.2 lacs. Therefore total selling price = 11.2 + 1.2 = 12.4 lacs which means that he has to sell the roses at Rs 12.4 apiece. Answer is d..
- 11. When Runman runs 1000 m, Bhagatram runs 800 m. When Bhagatram runs 800 m, Padtabhau runs 600 m. So, when Runman runs 1000 m Padtabhau runs 600 m , thus he beats him by 400 m. Ans.c.
- 12. The volume of the larger cylinder will be $1/3 \times \pi 3^2 \times h = 3 \times 1/3 \times \pi .3^2 \times 7$. Thus h = 21. Ans.d..
- 13. Alligating we get that the ratio in which acid and water should be mixed is 10:8 i.e. the amount of acid is $270 = 10 \times 27$. Thus amount of water should be $8 \times 27 = 216$ ml. Ansc..
- 14. When the time taken by each to cover a certain distance is known, and both start at the same time from opposite ends, the time required for them to meet is given by:

T = AxB/(A+B), where A and B are the time taken by each respectively. So the time elapsed will be $(3\times5)/(3+5) = 15/8 = 1$ and 7/8 hrs. Answer is a..

- 15. Let the radii be 2x and 3x. Then the ratio volumes is $4/3 \times \pi \times (2x)^3 : 4/3 \times \pi \times (3x)^3 = 8:27$. Ans.a..
- 16. Let the number of people who drank only coke but not pepsi be x. Then those who drank pure water is 2x. But we do not know how many drank pure water as well as coke. Thus data is insufficient. Ans. d.
- 17. The speeds are 80 and 40, which give an average of 60. On alligating, the ratio of time comes to 1:1. That means that the time traveled at these speeds should be equal, i.e., I hr each. This means that the total distance is 80+40= 120 km from Nashik to Pune. Answer is b..
- 18. Since the water is filled into the tank at the same rate at which it is emptied, the water level will remain at the same height i.e. at h. Thus answer is d.
- 19. The interests in the first year are the same for both CI and SI. The difference in the second year comes due to the excess interest on the first year's interest that is being charged in the CI deposit. Which means that 5% of 5% of X= 200; or, X = 200x20x20 = 80000. Answer is c...
- 20. Let the nos be a-2d, a-d, a, a+d, a+2d which are same as a/r², a/r, a, ar, ar². Solving these we get that r =1 and d = 0. Which means that the progression is constant or each term is equal to a. Thus Ans. c.

EXERCISE – 7B

- Probability of any sand-dune being blown out is P(b/o)= 2/3 Probability of the blown-out sand-dune containing treasure is P(b/o & t)= 1/5 Probability of any sand-dune containing lucky coupons is P(l/c)= 2/5 Hence, the probability of the blown-out sand-dune containing lucky coupon is P(b/o & l/c)=2/3x2/5 = 4/15 Probability of the blown-out sand-dune containing both treasure and lucky coupon is 1/5 x 4/15 =4/75
- 2. 2/9, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{7}$, $\frac{1}{3}$ This is an H.P. series. The corresponding AP will be 9/2, 4/1, 7/2, 3/1,...... or 4.5, 4, 3.5, 3...... i.e. this is an AP with first term 4.5 and common difference -0.5. Hence, $T_{11} = 4.5 + 10(-0.5) = -0.5$ The corresponding T_{11} H.P. is 1/(-0.5) = -2
- Since 27% failed in both the subjects. Percentage of students who passed in at least one subject is 73 %. ∴ Percentage of students who passed in both the subjects = 70+65 73 = 62%.

total number of students = 24800 / 62 = 400.

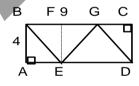
- 4. AoA(x) = A[A(x)] = A(x) = x (Because for any identity function, f(x) = x
- 5. Let minimum marks required to pass the examination be x %. ∴Marks of A = 0.8 x. Also Marks of B

= 10% less than A = 90% of A = 0.72 x. \therefore Marks of A and B = 1.52 x. C obtained (650/19) % less than 1.52 x i.e. (1250 / 19) % of 1.52 x = x. \therefore C passes the examination.

6. Area of two similar triangles is directly proportional to the square of it 's sides. Since shape is same and the perimeter is doubled, hence side of each triangle is doubled. ∴ Area is multiplied by 4.

- 7. Only factors of 999919 are 991 and 1009. Since each cat killed equal number of mice which are more in number than the cats, required number of cats = 991.
- 8. Let the distance between two towns is x km and it takes t hours with speed 40 km/hr. \therefore with speed 30 km/hr it will take (t+ 6/60) hrs. \therefore x = 40 t = 30 (t + 1/10) \Rightarrow t = 3/10 and x = 12 kms
- In 20 minutes first two pipes will full the cistern by (20 / 30 + 20 / 36) th = 11/9 th part of the cistern. ∴ In 20 minutes the third pipe C will drain 2/9 th part of the cistern. ∴ to drain full tank it will take (20) 9 / 2 = 90 minutes. ∴ Capacity of the cistern = (90) (50) = 4500 litres.
- 10. In a game of 60, A can give 10 points to B and 15 points to C means when A scores 60 points, B scores 50 points and C scores 45 points. ∴ When B scores 90 points C will score (90 . 45) / 50 i.e. 81 points. ∴ In a game of 90 B can give 9 points to C.
- 11. A month has 31 2 = 29 days only for February in a leap year. A leap year comes once every 4 years (Neglecting the case of century years) hence out of total 48 months only one month i.e., February has exactly 29 days. Therefore required probability = 1/48. Correct answer is c.
- 12. In \triangle ABC, AB + BC > AC and In \triangle ACD, AC + CD > AD \therefore AB + BC + CD > AD \Rightarrow AD < 30. Hence perimeter of the figure is less than 30.
- 13. $\sqrt{(6x^2 5x + 11)} + \sqrt{(6x^2 5x 25)} = 12$ (1) $(6x^2 - 5x + 11) - (6x^2 - 5x - 25) = 36$ (2) Dividing (2) by (1), we get $\sqrt{(6x^2 - 5x + 11)} - \sqrt{(6x^2 - 5x - 25)} = 3$ (3) Adding (1) and (3), we get $2\sqrt{(6x^2 - 5x + 11)} = 15$ $6x^2 - 5x + 11 = 225/4$ $6x^2 - 5x = 181/4$
- 14. $P + 3Pr / 100 = 944 \dots$ (I) and P + 3 (Pr 5) / 4 (100) = 980. Subtracting these two equations we get Pr = 4800 and substituting this in equation (I) we get $P = 800 \therefore r = 6\%$
- 15. Number of layers in the box = $(42875)^{1/3} = (125.343)^{1/3} = 35$.
- 16. If $x + y + z = 0 \Rightarrow x + y = -z \therefore (x + y) / -z = -1$. \therefore If (x+y) / z = 1 then x+y+z is not equal to zero.
- 17. Let $s = 8\sqrt{t} + t^2$ \therefore velocity $v = ds/dt = 4t^{-1/2} + 2t$ We have to find v_{min} , so dv/dt has to be zero and $d^2v/dt^2 > 0$ $dv/dt = -2t^{-3/2} + 2$ Equate this to zero to obtain t = 1Hence, v is minimum at t = 1, $v_{min} = 4.1^{-1/2} + 2.1 = 6$ Check for $d^2v/dt^2 > 0$ on your own.
- 18. Since in case of a triangle, square and octagon it is impossible to divide any one of them in to two squares by drawing one straight line. In case of a rectangle whose length is twice the breadth it is possible to draw a line which divides it in two squares and every rectangle is a trapezoid.
- 19. Resultant velocity = 12 km/ hr = 10 / 3 m /sec, and total distance = (60+84) = 144 m. ∴ total time required to fully cross it = 144 / (10/3) = 43.2 sec.

- 20. Sec2x Tan2x
 - $= 1/\cos 2x \sin 2x/\cos 2x$
 - = (1-Sin2x)/Cos2x
 - $= (\cos x \sin x)^2 / (\cos^2 x \sin^2 x)$
 - = (Cosx Sinx)/(Cosx + Sinx)
 - $= (1 Tanx)/(1 + Tanx) = Tan(\pi/4 x)$
- 21. Let the number of workers be n. : 60 n = 12 (400) + (n 12) $56 \Rightarrow$ n = 1032.
- 22. Icm of 7, 9 and 11 is 693. ∴ In 693 the ratio of spirit to water in each glass is 297 : 396, 308 : 385 and 315 : 378. ∴ Ratio of spirit to water in the mixture is (297+308+315) : (396+385+378) i.e. 920 : 1159.
- 23. Since c is co prime to a, there will not be any prime factor common in a and c and As c divides ab it must divide b. i.e. c is a factor of b.
- 24. Retailer 's cost price = (75/100) (85/100) 800 = Rs. 510. If his list price is x $(90 \text{ x} / 100) = 510 (12/10) \Rightarrow x = \text{Rs.680}.$
- 25. Let manufacturing cost of the item be Rs.x. (1.1) (1.2) (1.25) x = 41.25. \therefore x = Rs. 25.
- 26. When they cross each other, time taken by each of them will be same. If distance travelled by B is x units then distance travelled by A will be x+30 units and distance travelled by C will be [210 (x+30)] units. ∴ x / 40 = (x+30) / (50+k) = (180 x) / 50. Where k is minimum speed that A should increase in order to pass safely. Equating first and last we get x = 80, then solving for k we get k = 5.
- 27. By Right Hypotenuse Side theorem △ ABE ≅ △ FEB ≅ △ FEG ≅ △ CDG
 ∴ BF = GF = GC and BF+GF+GC = 9 ⇒ BF = 3 ∴ BE = 5.
 ∴ Sum of the lengths of the segments = 15 units.



28. We have $2\log_{10}x - \log_x(0.01)$ = $2\log_{10}x - \log_{10}(0.01)/\log_{10}x$ = $2\log_{10}x + 2/\log_{10}x = 2(y + 1/y)$ < 0 for 0 < x < 1

[where $y = log_{10}x$]

- 29. Required number of plants = 60 k +1. which is divisible by 7, and smallest of such numbers is 301.
- 30. Number of boys = $(1089)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 33$.
- 31. Let speed of the escalator be x steps per second. ∴ In 30 second the escalator will come down by 30 x steps and in 18 seconds it will come down by 18 x steps. Since height of the stair way is same. 26 + 30 (x) = 34 + 18 (x) ∴ x = 2/3. ∴ height of the stair way = 26 + 30 (2/3) = 46 steps.
- 32. Since 30 = 2.3.5. We can assign 2 to x1 or x2 or x3 .Thus 2 can be assigned in 3 ways. In the similar way 3 and 5 can be assinged in 3 ways. Thus number of solutions is 3.3.3 = 27
- 33. If we take minimum possible values of four unequal numbers 1,2,3 and 4, S = 10 and (s-a)(s-b)(s-c)(s-d) = 9.8.7.6 > 81.1.2.3.4, so answer option will be a.
- 34. $a/b = c/d = y/x \Rightarrow y/a = x/b$.
- 35. Let his annual instalment is Rs. P. Amount to be paid after one year = 25220 + 1261 = 26481. Amount to be paid after second year (26481 - P) (1+5/100) = (26481 - P) (21/20). \therefore Amount to be paid after third year = [(26481 - P) (21/20) - P] (21/20) = P \Rightarrow Rs. 9261.

- 36. In the square triangles formed by half squares are 4, triangles formed by quarter squares are also four and small triangles are 4. \therefore Total number of triangles = 12.
- 37. Take arbitrary four values , substitute and check for the inequality as solving conventionally will take more time.
- 38. $3/7 4/7^2 + 3/7^3 4/7^4 + 3/7^5 4/7^6 + \dots, \infty$, rearrange the given series $[3/7 + 3/7^3 + 3/7^5 + \dots, \infty] [4/7^2 + 4/7^4 + 4/7^6 + \dots, \infty]$ $3/7[1 + 1/7^2 + 1/7^4 + \dots, \infty] - 4/7^2[1 + 1/7^2 + 1/7^4 + \dots, \infty]$ $3/7[1 + 1/7^2 + 1/7^4 + \dots, \infty] - 17/48$

39.
$$a < b < 0 \Rightarrow -a > -b > 0 \Rightarrow (-a) / (-b) > 1 \therefore a / b > 1$$
.

- 40. Let weight of the body as obtained by the fourth experiment be x. ∴53.735 = [(3) (54.005) + x + x - 0.004 + 2(53.995)] / 7 ⇒ x = 53.072.
- 41. In three man jury since the decision is taken by majority, the only possibilities are a. Two members with probability p may give the correct decision OR b. First of the two makes the correct decision OR c. second of the two makes the correct decision ln case a. the decision of the third jury will not affect the decision of the three men jury. In case b. and c. his probability of making correct decision is ½ which will affect the decision of the three men jury. Probability of making the correct decision by three men jury = p² + p (1 p) (1/2) + (p 1) p (1/2) = p. which is equal to the probability of one man jury.

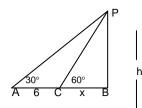
42.
$$1/(1-n) \approx 1+n \Rightarrow 1 \approx 1-n^2 \Rightarrow n^2 \approx 1-1=0 \therefore n \approx 0.$$

- 43. a,b,c are in AP, so $2b = a + c \Rightarrow 4b^2 = a^2 + c^2 + 2ac$ $\Rightarrow 4b^2 - 4ac = a^2 + c^2 + 2ac - 4ac \rightarrow 4(b^2 - ac) = (a - c)^2$ Discriminant of given equation is $4(b^2 - ac) = (a - c)^2 > 0$ Therefore answer will be d.
- 44. For each question in part A, the student has three choices :
 (i)he does not attempt the question
 (ii)he attempts the first part of the question
 (iii)he attempts the alternative part of the question,
 Therefore, the total no. of choices is 3⁵. But this includes a choice in which the student does not attempt any question in part A. Therefor, the total no. of choices is 3⁵ 1.
 Similarly, we can show that there are 2⁴ 1 choices in part B.
 So total no. of ways = (3⁵ 1) (2⁴ 1)
- 45. p + q = -p, pq = q if q = 0 then p = 0if $q \neq 0$ then p = 1 and q = -2. Thus p = 1 or 0
- 46. Let b, n and p respectively be the number of books, note books and pencils. ∴b/n = n/p ∴n² = bp = 100. ∴ n = 10.
- 47. Since base is a square of area 9, It 's length = breadth = 3 units. ∴ Area of the side =24 (height = 3). Hence height of the box = 8 units. ∴ It 's volume = 9 (8) = 72 cubic units.
- 48. $m+n = 0 \Rightarrow m = -n$. $\therefore 1/m + 1/n = 1/m 1/m$ will be equal to zero if m is well defined non zero number. but $1/m 1/n \neq 0 \Rightarrow m = 0 \therefore n = 0$. hence m = n.
- 49. We have $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2(bc + ca + ab) = (a + b + c)^2 \ge 0$ $1 + 2(bc + ca + ab) \ge 0 \Rightarrow bc + ca + ab \ge -1/2$ Also since $A.M \ge G.M$, we get $(b^2 + c^2)/2 \ge \sqrt{(b^2c^2)} = bc$; $(c^2 + a^2)/2 \ge \sqrt{(c^2a^2)} = ca \& (a^2 + b^2)/2 \ge ab$ Adding the above inequality, we get $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \ge bc + ca + ab \Rightarrow bc + ca + ab \le 1$ Hence, the value of the expression bc + ca + ab lies in the interval [-1/2.1]

50.
$$y + x^{3} + xy = y^{3} + y^{2} + x \Rightarrow y^{3} - x^{3} + y^{2} - xy + x - y = 0 \Rightarrow (y - x) (y^{2} + xy + x^{2} + y - 1) = 0 \Rightarrow x = y \therefore x^{2} = y^{2}$$
.

EXERCISE – 8A

- 1. MTR \propto W. Here M₁=120, T₁=40, R₁=8, W₁=2 & M₂ =120, T₂ =x, R₂=8, W₂ =5, from this we get value of x which is no. of days =100, M₃=y=no. of men, T₃=40, R₃=9, W=3, from this we get y =160, hence additional men required =160-120 = 40. Ans.b.
- 2. Interest paid by C to A was 5000×6×2/100 =600, total money A got =5600 and paid to B is=5400,hence gain of A=200. Rate of interest = 400×100/(5000×2) = S.I. = 4%. Ans.c.
- 3. Equivalent capital of A=400*12+200*8=6400,of B=400*4+200*8=3200,and of C=800*12=9600,Total money invested =19200, share of A, B, C are 1/3,1/6,1/2 of total. Total profit=900, hence respective shares are 300, 150, 450. Ans. d.
- 4. The trick here is that all the intermediate transactions make no difference on the outcome as all the transactions are done between Milo's stooges. The outcome is that, Milo buys eggs at 7 cents a piece and sells at 5 cents apiece. Therefore, his loss %age is 2/7= 28.56%. Answer is c..
- 5. $M_1 = M_2 = 4$, $T_1 = 4$, $T_2 = \text{let } x$, $R_1 = 6$, $R_2 = 8$, $W_1 = 15 \times 8 \times 6$, $W_2 = 20 \times 8 \times 6$, So x =4. Thus number of days taken are the same or 0 extra days are required. Ans. d..
- 6. Let the volume of the tank be 60 litres. In one min A fills-1/12th i.e. 5 litres, B fills 1/15th i.e. 4 litres & C empties 1/20th i.e. 3 litres. Thus when all the 3 taps are open the water filled in one minute is 5 + 4 3 = 6 litres. Thus time taken = 60/6 = 10 min. Ans. b.
- 7. The angle subtended by the diameter of a circle is 90°. Thus the diameter is the hypotenuse of the right angled triangle formed. diameter = $\sqrt{[(57)^2 + (76)^2]} = 95$. Ansc..
- 8. Alligating we get that the ratio of number of students of age 15 to that of age 17 should be 3:1. Thus there should be 8 student of age 17. Ans. b.
- 9. John's final cost for one tonne of wheat comes to 14000 + 5% of 20000 = 15000, which he sells for 20000. That means that his profit %age is 5000/15000 = 33.3%. Answer is c..
- 10. At 7 O'clock distance between the minute hand and hour hand is 35 m.s. In 60 minutes, the minute hand gains 55 m. over hour hand. So it will gain 35 m.s. in 60 * 35 / 55 = 38.18 minutes. Ans.b..
- 11. Area of square =100 cm², area of triangle =1/2X10X10=50 cm², area of rectangle = 20X10 =200 cm². Uncovered area = 200-100-50=50, fraction 50/200=1/4. Ans.c..
- 12. GCD = LCM therefore clearly a = b. Ans. b.
- 13. The two speeds are 500 and 200, and the mean speed is 1200/3 = 400. On alligation, the time ratio comes to 2:1, that is, 2 hr at 500 and 1 hr at 200. So, he travels for two hrs at 500 km/hr to reach Rome from Paris, which makes that distance 1000 km. Answer is d..
- 14. Let the average marks be x and therefore the number of students will be 2x. Thus total marks = $x \times 2x = 2x^2$. Therefore the total number of marks is two times a perfect square. Therefore from the answer options given, we can rule out a., b., d. and e.. Ans. c.



Let height of pole be h. From the above diagram, tan $30^\circ = 1/\sqrt{3} = h/(x+6)$. Thus h = (x+6)/ $\sqrt{3}$. tan 60°= $\sqrt{3}$ = h/x = (x+6)/ $\sqrt{3}x$. Thus solving we get x=3. Thus height of pole h = 9/ $\sqrt{3}$ = $3\sqrt{3}m$. Ans.b.

- The tribe will have to represent the numbers in binary number system where 0 is represented 16. by \times and 1 by ∇ . 12₍₁₀₎ = 1100₍₂₎. = $\nabla \nabla \times \times$. Ans. a.
- 17. Let earlier base and current base is 4x and 5x respectively and height be 5y and 6y respectively. Earlier area = $\frac{1}{2} \times (4x \times 5y)$ and current area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 5x \times 6y$, so the ratio of old and new area is = 2:3. Ans.a..
- The speeds are in the ratio 1:2, therefore, since the distance is constant, the time taken should 18. be in the opposite ratio 2:1, which gives a difference 1 on the time ratio scale. This difference of 1 corresponds to 10 min in actual life. Therefore, the factor of multiplication is 10. It means that the actual times taken are 20 min and 10 min at speeds of 5 km/hr and 10 km/hr respectively. The distance comes to $(5 \text{ km/hr}) \times (20/60 \text{ hr}) = 5/3 = 12/3 \text{ km}$. Ans. c.
- 19. Suppose that initially Johnny takes 6x toffees from the jar. Then he puts back 3x of them in jar and he admits to have taken only 2x. Thus there should have been 4x toffees in the jar but there are only 3x toffees. Thus x = 5. Thus initially Johnny took 6x = 30 toffees. Ans. c..
- 20. After 4 days there is provision for 99 soldiers for 66 days. When no. is increased by 220, total men are 1210. Assuming that each person consumes the same amount of food, let the number of days for which the food will last be x days. Thus x/66 = 990/1210, x = 54 days. Ans. b.

EXERCISE - 8B

- Take any odd function like $F(x) = x^3$ and put various values of $G(x) = x^2$ or x, we'll get the even 1. and odd values for F(G(x)) respectively.
- Required probability = $(2! \times 2! \times 2!) / {}^{11}C_4 = (8 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2) / 8 \times 9 \times 10 \times 11 = 4/165$ 2.
- 3. If A and B are adjacent vertices, then the remaining vertices could be (9,3) and (9,10) or (-5,3) and (-5, 10). If they are opposite vertices then none of the given points could be it 's vertex.
- $cos(log x) = 3^{2x} + 3^{-2x}$ = $(3^{x})^{2} + (3^{-x})^{2} 2 \cdot 3^{x} \cdot 3^{-x} + 2$ = $(3^{x} + 3^{-x})^{2} + 2$ 4. ≥2

But this is not possible as $|\cos \phi| \le 1$ for all real values of ϕ

5. f(x) = sinx + cosx

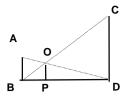
=

$$= \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$
$$= \sqrt{2} \sin(x + \frac{1}{4})$$
But $-1 \le \sin \phi \le 1$

 \therefore f(x) lies in the range [- $\sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{2}$]

15.

Let AB and CD be the poles. Clearly by A - A - A test \triangle ABD ~ \triangle OPD 6. and \triangle BCD ~ \triangle BOP. From first similarity we get 20 / OP = 100 / PD and from the second we get 80 / OP = 100 / BP. \Rightarrow (PD / OP) + (BP / OP) = 5 + 5/4 \therefore 100 /OP = 25/4 \Rightarrow OP = 16m.



- 7. By indistinguishable dice, we imply that occurrence of 1, 2, 3 is same as 1, 3, 2 or 3, 2, 1 or 3, 1, 2 etc, etc. So the no. of outcomes in this case are not equal to 216.But the outcomes comprise
 - (i)
 - All digits different: ${}^{6}C_{3} = 20$ ways Two digits same: ${}^{6}C_{1} \times {}^{5}C_{1} = 30$ ways (ii)
 - No digit different (all digits same): ${}^{6}C_{1} = 6$ ways (iii)

Hence, the total no. of ways are 20 + 30 + 6 are 56 ways.

- D-C-B-A-O-E-F-G-H-I. Let they start from O. after half an hour before changing 8. their direction they will be at B and G, After next one hour they will be at F and C. After three and half hours they will arrive at the same points again. : they will be 5 kms. at the end of three and half hours.
- $(a\#b) \# c = a \# (b\#c) \Rightarrow [(a+b)/2 + c]/2 = [a + (b+c)/2]/2$. $\therefore a+b+2c = 2a+b+c \Rightarrow a c = 0$. 9.
- When D runs 860 m, B runs 880 m. \therefore When D runs 850 m, B runs (85 × 880) / 86 = b \ldots (say) 10. . When B runs 870 m, A runs 880 m. ... When B runs b m, A will run (880 b) / 870 m. ... C will win by [880 - (85 × 88 × 880) / (86 × 87)] = 880 / 3741 m.
- 11. $T_{2r+1} = {}^{15}C_{2r} . 1^{15-2r} (x)^{2r} T_{r-2} = {}^{15}C_{r-3} . 1^{18-r} (x)^{r-4}$ Given that the coefficients of these are equal. :. ${}^{15}C_{2r} = {}^{15}C_{r-3}$ Either 2r = r - 3 or 2r + r - 3 = 15 r = -4or r = 6Accepting the +ve value of r. $T_6 = {}^{15}C_5 1 {}^{15} x^5 = {}^{15}C_5 x^5$
- For first nine months his salary is Rs 380 per month, for next 12 months it was Rs. 420, for next 12. 12 months it was Rs. 460 and for the last three months it was Rs. 500. .: His average salary of last 36 months = [2 (380) + 12 (420 + 460) + 3 (500)] / 36 = 430. ∴ His pension is Rs.215 per month.
- These two curves do not intersect even at single points i.e 0 13.
- Ratio of the distance travelled per leap of hound and hare = $\frac{1}{4}$: $\frac{1}{5}$. 14. Ratio of the time taken per leap of hound and hare = 1/5 : 1/6. Ratio of velocities of hound and hare = $\frac{1/4}{1/5} = \frac{1/5}{1/6}$ *i.e.* $\frac{5}{4} : \frac{6}{5}$ *i.e.* 25 : 24
- 23 being a prime number its only factors are 1 and 23. and factors of 8 are 1&8 or 2 & 4. Since 15. sides of the rectangle are greater than 2. The numbers 23 and 8 can not be the areas of the rectangle.
- If $a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = k$ (constant), the value of $a_1 a_2 a_3 \dots a_n$ is greatest when 16. $a_1 = a_2 = \dots = a_n$ So that the greatest value of $a_1a_2a_3...a_n$ is $\{k/n\}^n$ Given yz + zx + xy = 12 (constant), the value will be greatest when yz = zx = xy \therefore yz = zx = xy = 4 so greatest value of (yz)(zx)(xy) is 4.4.4 Hence greatest value of xyz is 8

- 17. Since A 's 3 days work is equivalent to C 's 4 days work. ∴ If A can finish his work in 18 weeks, C can finish the same work in 24 weeks. Also C 's 6 days work is equivalent to B's 5 days work. Hence the work which C can finish in 24 weeks will be completed by B in 20 weeks.
- 18. Since any number is not divisible by 0, there do not exist any real numbers whose GCD is 0. Also by the definition of GCD, it is the greatest of the divisors common to both a and b. ∴ At most it can be smaller of a and b. Also G.C.D. × L.C.M. = Product of two numbers ∴correct statements are I and III
- 19. Consider y = 5, x = 10, ϕ (5) = ϕ (10) = 4 \therefore a. and d. need not be true. Since [x, y, z] = y = p; [y, z] = [x, y] = p $\Rightarrow \phi$ [y, z] = ϕ [x, y]
- 20. OP = $\sqrt{(2.98)^2 + (3.97)^2}$ Which is slightly less than $\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5$. \therefore Required answer is 4.75 < D < 5.
- 21. $x \ge 0$; $\sqrt{(x + 3)} \ge \sqrt{3} > 1$, so the value of expression will be more than 1, so no solution is possible.
- 22. Let capacity of the can be Q liters and the amount of milk left after removing milk and adding water four times be A. \therefore A / P = (1 10 /Q)⁴ \therefore 16 / (16 + 65) = (1 10 /Q)⁴ \therefore 1 10 /Q = 2/3. Hence Q = 30 litres.
- 23. Cross section of the pipe is as shown in the figure. CR = 50 cm. CM = 40 cm. To find PR, By Pythagoras theorem $MR^2 = 50^2 - 40^2 = 900 \Rightarrow MR = 30 \text{ cm}$. \therefore breadth of the water surface = PR = 60 cm.

- 24. $\cos 90^{\circ}$ is one factor therefore it is 0
- 25. i. $7^7 > 1.3.5.7.9.....13$ this is in the form of $n^n > 1.3.5.....(2n - 1)$; substitute small values of n and see this is always true. ii. $2^n > 1 + n\sqrt{2^{n-1}}$ check by substituting the values of n iii. $1/(7+1) + 1/(7+2) ++1/(2.7) > \frac{1}{2}$ Now 1/(n + r) > 1/(2n) for r = 1, 2, 3,(n - 1) Therefore, 1/(n+1) + 1/(n+2) ++ 1/(n+n) > 1/(2n) + 1/(2n) ++1/(2n) (n times) = $n/(2n) = \frac{1}{2}$
- 26. For such problems we can substitute the values of n, put n= 1, then Sum of one term of series is (2n 1) = 1, put n = 2 then Sum of two terms of series is (2n 1) + 2(2n 3) = 5

When we put n=1 and 2 in option b., we will get 1 & 5 respectively .So answer will be b.

- 27. Total number of outcomes = $6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$. Number of outcomes, none of them showing $3 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$. Required number of cases = $36^2 25^2 = 11 \times 61 = 671$.
- 28. $(a + 1/a)^2 = a^2 + 1/a^2 + 2$, and $(a + 1/a)^3 = a^3 + 1/a^3 + 3(a + 1/a) \Rightarrow 3\sqrt{3} = (a^3 + 1/a^3) + 3\sqrt{3}$ $\therefore (a^3 + 1/a^3) = 0.$
- 29. Since in any triangle each side has to be greater than zero and sum of any two sides of a triangle is to be greater than the third side. \therefore If c > 0 then (1 -c) +(1 2c) > 1 \Rightarrow c < 1/3. and if c < 0 then

 $1+c > 0 \Rightarrow c > -1$. Hence required limits of c are -1 < c < 1/3.

30. $x/y = (a_2 + a_4 + \dots + a_{400}) / (a_3 + a_5 + \dots + a_{401})$ = $(a_2 + a_4 + \dots + a_{400}) / \{r (a_2 + a_4 + \dots + a_{400})\}$ x/y = 1/r. Thus r = y/x

- 31. From 36 butts 6 standard size cigarettes can be made. After smoking one butt of each cigarette will be left from which one more cigarette can be made. ∴ Totally seven cigarettes can be made and smoked out .
- 32. From the figure it is clear that $a + b = 90^{\circ}$. $\therefore \angle A = \angle C = a + b$ and $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle CDA$ Hence Quadrilateral ABCD is a rectangle.

33. Let a and b be the lengths in meters respectively of two trains with speeds of 75 km/hr, and 60 km/hr Their velocities are 125 /6 m/sec. and 100/6 m /sec.

 \therefore In opposite direction their velocity is 225/6 m/sec , time is 8 seconds and distance is a+b meters. In parallel direction their velocity is 25/6 m/sec., distance is b and time is 63/2 sec.

:.25 / 6 = b / (63/2) \Rightarrow b = 131.25 m. and 225 / 6 = (a+b) / 8 \Rightarrow a = 300 - 131.25 = 168.75 meters.

34. There are 32 places for the teeth in the mouth. For each place we have two choices either there is a tooth or there is no tooth.

Choice for 1 teeth = 2_{2}

Choice for 2 teeth = 2^2

Similarly, Choice for 32 teeth = 2^{32}

In these one such case is also included ,in which a person has no tooth, But it is given that no person is there without tooth, Hence the maximum possible population of the city = 2^{32} - 1

- 35. Since $(x+1)^2 \ge 0$ and $(y-1)^2 \ge 0$ and $(x+1)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow (x+1)^2 = (y-1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -1$, $y = 1 \therefore x + y = 0$.
- 36. Perimeter of the square = circumference of the circle = 2π r = 44 feet. \therefore Side of the square = 11 feet. \therefore Area of the square = 121 square feet.
- 37. Let the n consecutive whole numbers be a, a+1, a+2, ..., a+(n 1). ∴ Their average is given by a+n (n 1) / 2n = a+(n 1) /2 will be a whole number if n 1 is even ∴ n is odd.
- 38. A man can be chosen in 8 different ways and a woman can be chosen in 5 different ways. Hence by fundamental principal of multiplication total number of ways = $8 \times 5 = 40$.
- 39. For $px^2 + qx + 1 = 0$ to have real roots, we must have $q^2 4p \ge 0$ or $q^2 \ge 4p$. If p = 1, then $q^2 \ge 4$; q = 2,3,4If p = 2, then $q^2 \ge 8$; q = 3,4If p = 3, then $q^2 \ge 12$; q = 4If p = 4, then $q^2 \ge 16$; q = 4Thus, the number of equations of the form $px^2 + qx + 1 = 0$ which have real roots is 7.
- 40. First card can be chosen from any of the 40 cards in 40 different ways. Second card of same suite but different denomination can be chosen in 9 different ways. Third card of same suite but different denominations can be chosen in 8 different ways and fourth card of same suit but different denominations can be chosen in 7 different ways. Total number of ways of drawing first card = 40, Second card = 39 (any card of that suit), Third card = 38, Fourth card = 37. ∴ Required probability = (40 × 9 × 8 × 7) / 40 × 39 × 38 × 37 = (9 × 8 × 7) / (39 × 38 × 37)
- 41. a+b = x and 2a = y then $a^2 b^2 = (a+b)(a b) = (a+b)[2a (a+b)] = x(y x)$
- 42. By A S A test \triangle ABE $\cong \triangle$ DCE and \triangle AEC $\cong \triangle$ DEB \therefore AC = BD.
- 43. Let the three numbers be n, (n+1) and (n+2). Clearly statement (I) need not be true. Similarly their sum is 3 (n+1) at n = 4, it is divisible by 5. ∴ III also need not be true and one of them is divisible by 3. Hence the required answer is b..

- 44. Let A,B and C will take x hrs to do the job ,then A will take x+6 hrs, B will take x+1 hrs, And C will take 2x hrs. Then 1/x = 1/(x + 6) + 1/ (x+1) + 1/2x
 Instead of solving this, substitute the values from answer options. Option b. will satisfy the equation.
- 45. Let the number of marbles be m. \therefore m = 3k+2 = 5t+1 \Rightarrow 5t = 3k +1 where k and t are natural numbers. Since he had more than 15 marbles, required smallest number will be at k = 8 and the number of marbles = 3 × 8 +2 = 26.
- 46. $x^4 + x^3 4x^2 + x + 1 = x^2 (x^2 + x 4 + 1/x + 1/x^2) = x^2 (x^2 + 1/x^2 + 2 + x + 1/x 6)$ = $x^2 [(x + 1/x)^2 + (x + 1/x) - 6] = x^2 (y^2 + y - 6)$
- 47. Let r and p respectively be the initial number of one rupee and 20 paise coins. With the given condition we get 100 r + 20 p = 1440, and 100 p + 20 r = 480. Adding these two equations we get r + p = 16. and subtracting them we get r p = 12. ∴ r = 14.
- 48. Required probability = 1 (Probability of getting 7 in single throw with a pair of dice). Favourable cases for sum to be 7 are { (1, 6) ; (2, 5) ; (3, 4) ; (4, 3) ; (5, 2) ; (6, 1) } \therefore Required probability = 1 - 6/36 = 5/6.
- 49. Radius of the circle = $\sqrt{2}$ = diagonal of the square. \therefore Area of the circle = π r² = 2 π .
- 50. Given that x < z and $z < y \Rightarrow x < y$; but $x a > y a \Rightarrow x > y$ which is a contradiction.

EXERCISE - 9A

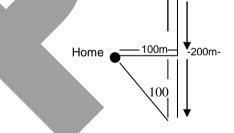
- 1. Let the man have x rupees. He gives 10% i.e. $1/10^{th}$ of his money to his wife i.e. he is left with 9x/10 rupees. After giving money to his son and daughter, he is left with $9 \times 9 \times 9 \times 1000 = 65610$, Thus x =90000. Thus his wife gets $1/10^{th}$ of this i.e. Rs. 9000. Ans.d..
- 2. Since a, c and b are in HP, c = 2ab/(a+b) = 2ab/2 = ab. Geometric mean of a and b is $\sqrt{(ab)}$. Thus geometric mean of a,b is \sqrt{c} . Ans. a..
- 3. Fullyautomatix has to buy 0.6 pounds of raw iron to make one sword. To make 10 swords he has to buy 6 pounds, which will cost him 240 sesertii. He will get 10x50 = 500 sesertii for these 10 swords. Hence, his profit comes to 260 sesertii. Answer is a..
- 4. 25 men working 8 hrs a day complete a work in 20 days. Let the work be $25 \times 20 \times 8 = 4000$ units. In two days they will complete 400 units of work. Thus 3600 units of work are left which is done by say x number of people in 12 days when they work for 10 hours a day. Thus we have $x \times 12 \times 10 = 3600$. Thus x = 30 and therefore number of extra people who joined will be 5. Ans.c.
- 5. If there are 25 people who are 12 years old and 20 who are 14 years old, there should be 89 (20 + 25) = 44 students who should be 13 or 15 years old. We have $89 \times 13 = 1157$. So total age of students is $1157 (25\times12 + 20\times14) = 577$. This has to be distributed among 44 students. Out of these 41 students can be 13 years old and remaining are 15,15,14 years old. Hence maximum number is 41. Hence answer is a.
- 6. Let the original price of rice per kg be Rs. x. Then the amount of rice that can be bought in Rs. 300 will be 300/x kgs. Thus after dropping by 25%, the price will be Rs. 3x/4 and the amount of rice that can be bought will be 300/(3x/4) kgs, which is 10 kgs more than earlier. Thus we have: 300/x + 10 = 400/x. Thus solving we get x = 10. Thus original price of rice is Rs. 10 per kg and one can buy 30 kg of rice. Now if the price reduces by 40%, price of rice per kg will be Rs. 6 and one can buy 300/6 kgs i.e. 50 kg of rice which is 20 kg more than earlier. Ans. b..
- 7. Let the C.P. of the apples per kg be Rs. 20. Let x be the amount of apples sold at 10% profit i.e. at Rs. 22 per kg. Then the apples sold at 15% profit i.e. at Rs. 23 per kg will be 100-x. Total profit is 12% i.e. Rs. 240. But total profit = 22x + (100-x)23 2000= 240. Thus x = 60. Thus 40 kg of apples are sold at 15% profit. Ans. b..

Runbha	Bhagatram	Padtaram	
19878	10110		
	98767	94195	
78987		38313	

So the difference in the distance covered by ranbhau and padtram in a 78987 m race is approximately 40 Kms.

- 9. A and C move 80 kgs in a day. Since A, B and C move 100 kgs in a day, B must move 20 kgs per day. Thus, he would take 5 days to move 100 kgs. Ans.c.
- 10. One cask of fresh wine would have fetched him 10×100 = 1000 sesertii. After one year, the cask has 9 liters left, which he sells at 120 per litre, and that fetches him 1080 sesertii. Whatever his profits maybe in the first case, the profit increases by 80 sesertii. Answer is c...
- 11. Let P be the amount invested initially. We have $2P = P(1 + 20/100)^n$. Thus $2 = (1.2)^n$. Thus n has to be 4 as $(1.2)^4 > 2$ Thus Ans.a.
- 12. Let the length of the two trains be "D" metres each. When the train X crosses the 100 m long platform at 90x(5/18) = 25 m/s, the time required is 10 s. On solving the equation: (D + 100)/25 = 10, we get D = 150 m. When train X overtakes train Y, the equation becomes: $2D/(25 - S_y) = 40$. On solving this equation, we get the value of $S_y = 17.5$ m/s = 17.5x(18/5) = 63 km/hr. Answer is d.
- 13. Let x and y be the amount of tea sold at Rs. 90 and Rs. 80 per kg respectively. Then we have: x + y = 20 and 90x + 80y = 1700. Solving the two equations simultaneously we get y = 10 and x = 10. Thus Ans. d..
- 14. By using the distance formula and the given vertices we can find the lengths of sides of the triangle which are: 5, 5, $\sqrt{(50)}$. Thus the traingle is a isoceles traingle. Ans.b..
- 15. The path the man follows is as follows:

8.



Thus the distance he is from home is $100\sqrt{2m} \approx 140m$. Ans.b..

- 16. Let the numbers be 2x and 3x. Their product is $6x^2 = 36 \times 6$. Thus x = 6, or the numbers are 12 and 18. There fore sum = 30. Ans. a.
- 17. Area of the trapezium is $(10+15)\times 8/2 = 100$. The largest square that can be drawn inside the trapezium will have side 8 and area 64. Thus the ratio is 64:100 = 16: 25. Ans.c..
- 18. Let the numbers be x and y. Thus: x/y = 3/5. (x+10)/(y+10) = 7/11. Thus simplifying we get y = 100 and x = 60. Thus Ans. d.
- 19. While moving to the front, the relative speed of the car is 30 km/hr and while moving back to its position, the relative speed is 90 km/hr. The speed ratio comes to 1:3, and since the relative distance covered in both the cases is the same, the time ratio would be the inverse, 3:1. If we

divide the 1 ½ hr into four parts, three parts would be required by the car to reach the front of the convoy at a relative speed of 30 km/hr. It means that the length of the convoy is (30 km/hr)×(3/4 of 1 ½ hr) = 30×(9/8) km = 33.75 km. Answer is b..

20. Let one ml of the 3 substances weight 7x, 8x and 9x respectively. Then 4 ml of substance one will weigh 28x while 5 ml of substance 2 will weigh 40x and 6 ml of substance 3 will weigh 54x. Thus the ratio of their weights now will be: 28x: 40x: 54x = 14:20:27. Ans.a.

EXERCISE - 9 B

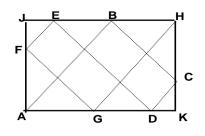
1. The fraction can be written as F = (4+c)(2+c)/(5+c)Put 5+c = t or c= t- 5 $\therefore F = (t-3)(t-1)/t = (t^2 - 4t + 3)/t$ $=(t^2 - 4t + 4 - 1)/t = (t-2)^2/t - 1/t$ Hence, the given expression is minimum, if the square term is zero. $\therefore (t-2)/t = 0$ or t = 2, there fore c = - 3 and for this value, F = -1/2.

2. Since no two Americans are together seven Englishmen can be seated at round table by leaving a vacant chair between any two of them in 6 ! ways and in seven vacant chairs seven Englishmen can be seated in 7 ! ways. ∴ Required number of arrangements = 6 ! 7 ! = 3628800

3-5 X = I + II + III = 310 + k & Y = 2kU = 40050 \Rightarrow 310 + 3k = 400 n ∴ k = 30 25 20 People speaking H are h+ k+20+25 and those speaking W are w+2.20+25 ∴ h+k-20-w = 2k Y = 2k \Rightarrow h – 50 = 50 h = 100Y = 2x30 = 60Or n = 245 - (100 + 50) = 95People who speak N or W are 95 + 50 + 20 + 25 + 20 + 30 = 240

- 6. Let a boy has x brothers and x sisters. ∴Number of the children in the family = 2 x+1. ∴A girl in the family has (x 1) sisters. ∴Number of her brothers = 2(x 1) . Hence total number of children in the family = 3 (x 1) + 1 = 3 x 2. ∴3 x 2 = 2x +1⇒ x = 3. Total number of boys in the family = 4 and total number of girls in the family = 3.
- 7. Required ratio = [1225 / (7/4)] / [1300 / 2] = 14 / 13.
- 8. Any no. is divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9.The sum of all the digits from 1 to 9 is 45, which is divisible by 9. Hence, when we are selecting 7 digits out of 9 so that the no. formed is divisible by 9, we can reject only those two digits which sum to 9. These nos. are (1,8), (2,7), (3,6), and (4,5). So, the numbers divisible by 9 are 4 x 7!
- 9. Number of diagonals of a polygon having n sides = ${}^{n}C_{2}$ n = ${}^{20}C_{2}$ 20 = 170.
- 10. $\sin\alpha + \cos\alpha = -b/a$, $\sin\alpha \cos\alpha = c/a$ Now, $1 = \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = (\sin\alpha + \cos\alpha)^2 - 2\sin\alpha \cos\alpha = (b^2/a^2) - 2c/a$ $a^2 = b^2 - 2ac$; $a^2 - b^2 + 2ac = 0$ $a^2 + c^2 + 2ac = b^2 + c^2$; $(a + c)^2 = b^2 + c^2$
- 11. Three cards can be drawn in ⁵² C₃ ways while one king , one queen and an ace can be drawn in $4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$ different ways. \therefore Required probability = 64 / ⁵² C₃ = 64 / 22100.

12. Path of the ball is as shown by the dotted lines A - B - C - D - E - F -G - H. It reaches the corner of the rectangle AJHK first time at H. AJ = JB =3 ⇒ AB = 3 √2, Similarly we get BC = GF = $2\sqrt{2}$; CD = EF = $\sqrt{2}$, DE = GH = 3 √2. ∴ Total distance travelled = $9\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2} = 15\sqrt{2}$.



- 13. Let it's price be x . \therefore 5 x / 100 = (x 5) (5.5 / 100) \Rightarrow x = Rs.55.
- 14. Let it's usual speed be v and it's usual time be t hours. Since it saves 18 minutes in the journey of 54 km. With the speeds 2 v / 3 and v , 18 = 54 (3/2v 1/v) ⇒ v = 3/2 km/min = 90 km / hour. ∴ Total distance = x = 90 t = 45 + 60 [t ½ +45/60] ⇒ t = 2 hours. ∴ distance = 180 kms.
- 15. Let $f(x) = x^{25}(1-x)^{75}$, so f'(x) = $25x^{24}(1-x)^{75} 75x^{25}(1-x)^{74}$ = $25x^{24}(1-x)^{74}(1-4x)$ Thus f'(x) = 0 for x = 0,1,1/4. Now f(0) = 0, f(1) = 0 and f(1/4) = (1/4)^{25} (3/4)^{75} Hence f has maximum at x = $\frac{1}{4}$ Or x / 25 = (1 - x)/75 so, x = $\frac{1}{4}$ Alternate solution:

This is in the form $x = a^p b^q$ where a + b = constant. Maximum value of the expression will be when a/p = b/q, Therefore x/25 = (1-x)/75, thus $x = \frac{1}{4}$.

- 16. Let it's cost price be x. \therefore 1.12 (0.96 x) = 1.06 x + 1.90 \Rightarrow x = 1.90 / 0.0152 = Rs.125.
- 17. Put $\sqrt{(x-1)} = t$ or $x = t^2 + 1$ so the equation becomes $\sqrt{(t^2 + 4 - 4t)} + \sqrt{(t^2 + 9 - 6t)} = 1$ or $\sqrt{(t-2)^2} + \sqrt{(t-3)^2} = 1$ or |t-2| + |t-3| = 1This equation is satisfied for all values of t lying between 2 & 3, i.e. $2 \le t \le 3$ Thus the given equation is satisfied for all values of x lying between 5 and 10
- 18. $y = \sin 2x \cos 2x = \sqrt{2} \sin(2x \frac{1}{4})$ ∴ $-\sqrt{2} \le y \le \sqrt{2}$
- 19. Intersection of a sphere and a plane is always a circle. Let C be the center of the sphere. O be the foot of the perpendicular drawn on the plane from C. ∴ CO = h = constant. If P is any point of the intersection of the sphere and the plane, then CP = r = Radius of the sphere. OP² = CP² CO² = r² h² = constant. Hence the required locus is the circle.
- 20. Check by substituting the values.
- 21. Let b and c respectively be the share in the profit of B and C and B invested an additional capital after n months. Since profit is directly proportional to the principal and the time. The profit is to be divided in the ratio 1100 (12) : 1300 n +1800 (12 n) : 1700 (12) i.e. 132 : 216 5n : 204.

 $\therefore 627/132 = b/(216 - 5n) = c/204 = 2527 / (552 - 5n) \therefore n = 4.$

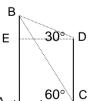
- Let x litres of water be added in 70 litres of the mixture so that percentage of water in new mixture is 12.5%. ∴ In 70 litres of mixture amount of water is 7 litres ∴ 12.5% of (70+x) = 7+x.
 ∴ 1/8(70+x) = 7+x ⇒ x = 2 litres.
- 23. In an AP, $a_1 + a_n = a_2 + a_{n-1} = a_3 + a_{n-2} = \dots$ $a_1 + a_{24} = a_5 + a_{20} = a_{10} + a_{15}$ Now, $a_1 + a_5 + a_{10} + a_{15} + a_{20} + a_{24} = 225$ $(a_1 + a_{24}) + (a_5 + a_{20}) + (a_{10} + a_{15}) = 225$

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 $3(a_1 + a_{24}) = 225,$ $a_1 + a_{24} = 75,$ $S_{24} = 24/2 (a_1 + a_{24}) = 900$

- 24. Let x minutes past 3 the hands of the clock are equi-distance from the figure of 3. This can happen if (i) Both the hands are on opposite sides of three or (ii) They overlaps. Since in x minutes the minute hand covers an angle of $6x^{\circ}$ and the hour hand covers an angle of $x/2^{\circ}$ we get 90 $6x = \pm(x/2)$ or $(6x 90) = \pm(x/2)$. $\therefore x = 180/13$ or 180/11 i.e. $13^{11}/13$ minutes or $16^{4}/_{11}$ minutes.
- 25. Given equation can be written as 2 < (10 x) / 3 < 2 \Rightarrow 6 < 10 x < 6 i.e. - 16 < - x < - 4 i.e. 4 < x < 16.
- 26. Let it's cost price be Rs.x \therefore x (12/10) (95/100) = 285 /10 \Rightarrow x = 25. \therefore Actual profit = Rs. 3.50
- 27. Volume of the reservoir = $2 \times 1 \times 1/2 = 1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ litres}$. Number of flower pots that can be watered = 1000 / 0.5 = 2000.
- 28. Since (LCM) (HCF) = Product of two numbers ∴ Second number = (4125)(25) / 375 = 275. ∴ The second number is less than the first by 100.
- 29. $\alpha + \beta = (1/\alpha^2) + (1/\beta^2) = (\alpha^2 + \beta^2)/\alpha^2 \beta^2 = [(\alpha + \beta)^2 2\alpha\beta]/\alpha^2 \beta^2$ $-b/a = [(b^2/a^2) - 2c/a]/(c^2/a^2) = (b^2 - 2ac)/c^2;$ $2a/c = b^2/c^2 + b/a = ab^2 + bc^2/ac^2$ $2a^2c = ab^2 + bc^2; 2a/b = b/c + c/a$ [dividing by abc] c/a, a/b, b/c are in A.P.; a/c, b/a, c/b are in H.P.
- 30. Taxable value = (45 /100) (280,00,000) = 126,00,000. Let the tax percentage be x %.
 ∴ 126,00,000 (x/100) = 441,000 ⇒ x = 3.5 %. ∴ Tax on house = (52,000 /100) (45/100) (7/2) = 819
- 31. First arrange m men, no. of ways are ^mP_m. Since no two women are to sit together we have (m+1) places for the women. Thus women can take their seats in ^{m+1}P_n ways. So total no. of ways = ^mP_m (^{m+1}P_n)
- 32. Given that xy + yz + zx = 5. Since $(x y)^2 \ge 0 \Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 \ge 2 x y$. Similarly we get $x^2 + z^2 \ge 2 x y$ and $z^2 + y^2 \ge 2 z y$. Adding them we get $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \ge xy + yz + zx = 5$, $(x + y + z)^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2 (xy + yz + zx)$. As x, y and z are sides of a triangle satisfying xy + yz + zx = 5; Maximum value of x + y + z is 5. Using this inequation, we get $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 15$. $\therefore 5 \le x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 15$.
- 33. Let u and v be the velocities of the two trains. ∴Resultant velocity = u+v and total distance travelled = 2 a, where a is length of each train. ∴Total time = 2a / (u+v) = 2a / (a/3 + a/4) = 24/7 sec
- 34. Altitude on the third side will be greatest if it is a right angled triangle and in that case the hypotenuse will be 8. Hence the altitude on third side cannot exceed than 7.
- 35. Let number of people who belongs to both the clubs = b . $\therefore x = a+b+c$ y = a+b and z = b+c. \therefore Number of people who belongs to only one club = a+c = 2(a+b+c) - (a+b) - (b+c) = 2 x - y - z.
- 36. $1 < 3x 5 < 10 \Rightarrow 1+5 < 3x < 10+5 \therefore 6 < 3x < 15 \Rightarrow 2 < x < 5.$

- 37. Amount of cistern that can be filled in first two minutes = 1/20+1/30 = 1/12. ∴to fill the cistern completely it will take 24 minutes, but because of the hole it takes 27 minutes. and in last 3 minutes the cistern can be filled by 1/20+1/30+1/20 = 2/15. ∴In 27 minutes it drains out 2/15 th part of the cistern. ∴Time taken to vacate it = (27 . 15) / (2 . 60) hrs. = 3.375 hrs.
- 38. 99 # 1/99 = (99 × 1/99) + [1 / (99 × 1/99)] = 1+1 = 2. Similarly $\frac{1}{2}$ # 2 = 1+1 = 2
- 39. c ## d = (c + 1/c) (d + 1/d) = cd + c/d + d/c + 1/cd = (cd + 1/cd) + [c/d + 1/(c/d)] = (c # d) + (c # 1/d)
- 40. Number of pounds of oranges will be maximum if it's cost is minimum i.e. 15 ps / pound. In that case number of pounds of the oranges = 500 / 15 = 33.33. Hence required answer = 33.
- 41. Letters of the word "Independence " are E E E E, N N N, D D, P, I, C. Total number of letters are 12 of which E is repeated four times, N is repeated thrice and D is repeated twice. Hence total number of arrangements = 12 ! / (2 ! 3 ! 4 !) = 1663200.
- 42. The solution to the given equation is as follows: x = 2, x = 3; y=1 and y = 5. Therefore angular points are A(2,1), B(2,5), C(3,5), D(3,1), where A,B,C and D are the vertices of parallelogram. Equation of AC is y = 4x-7 Equation of BD is 4x + y = 13
- 43. From the figure it is clear that \triangle ABC ~ \triangle AED \Rightarrow AB / AE = AC / AD \therefore 4/AE = 5/3 \Rightarrow AE = 2.4.
- 44. Velocity of the motor boat = 100 / 9 m/sec. and the velocity of the current = 10 / 9 m /sec.
 ∴ Resultant velocity of the boat = 10 m / sec. ∴ total distance travelled = 100 m. Since length of the motor boat is 20 m. length of the temple = 80 m.
- 45. Cost of carpeting a room of size 6 × 0.5 m² = 270 240 = Rs.30. ∴Cost of carpeting = Rs.10 per square meter. ∴ Actual area of the room = 270 / 10 = 27 m².
 ∴width of the room = 27 / 6 m. = 4.5 m.
- 46. To earn the profit of 10% his S.P. must be 1350+135 = 1485. Amount obtained by selling 1/3 ^{ed} of wheat at 10% loss = Rs.405. ∴To get a profit of 10% S.P. of remaining wheat of Rs.900 must be Rs.(1485 405) = Rs.1080. ∴Profit = Rs.(1080 900) = Rs.180. ∴Profit percentage = 20 %.
- 47. Let the height of the tower CD be x meters. ∴ tan 60° = AB / AC = 60 / AC = $\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow$ AC = 20 $\sqrt{3}$ tan 30° = BE / ED = BE / AC = (60 - x) / 20 $\sqrt{3}$ = 1/ $\sqrt{3}$ 60 - x = 20 ⇒ x = 40 meters.



48. Since $\sqrt{8\times 2} = \sqrt{16} = 4$ which shows that

x and y need not be perfect squares but z can be a perfect square. In the given example, z = 4Hence z needs be greater than zero.

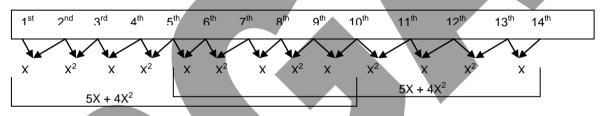
- 49. Any number can appear on the first die. Probability that same number will appear on both second and third die is 1/6 and 1/6. \therefore Required probability = 1 × 1/6 × 1/6 = 1/36.
- 50. 63% Indians like Hritik. If all of them like Big B, them maximum who like both will be 63%. However minimum who like both will be (76+63)-100= 39

EXERCISE - 10A

1. Let the original price be Rs. 10x per kg. After reduction by 10%, the price will now be 9x. So that the man can buy 1800/9x = 200/x kg rice. Thus 1800/10x + 10 = 200/x. Thus solving we

get x = 2. Thus original price is Rs.20 per kg and one can buy 90 kg rice in Rs. 1800. Now if the price increases by 12.5% i.e. becomes Rs. 22.5 per kg, one can buy 1800/22.5 = 80 kg. Thus the man buys 10 kg less. Ans.b..

- 2. Let Batliboi start off with 100 units. After the initial gold investment, he has 200 with him. One hundred he invests in shares and after a loss of 50%, he has totally 150 with him. To make a profit of 100% on his initial investment, he has to end up with 200, which means that he has to make a profit of 50 on the 100 he invests in gold the second time, which means a profit of 50%. Answer is b..
- Suppose that one man does work equivalent to x women. Then the work is
 w = (2x+3)×3×8 = (3x+3)×2×9. Thus solving we get x = 3. Thus work is 216. Let the number of men required to complete the work be y. Then we have (3y+3)×2×6= 216. Thus y = 5. Ans.a.
- 4. Let the capacity of the tank be 120 litres. Then A can fill 3 litres per minute while B at 4 litres per minute. C then empties 2 litres per minute. Suppose that the tank will take x minutes after taps A and B are opened to get filled. Then A and B are turned on for x minutes while C is working for x-10 minutes. Thus we have 3x+4x-2(x-10) = 120. Solving we get x = 20. Thus the tank will be full after 20 minutes i.e. at 3:30pm. Ans.d.
- 5. The distances between the birds as per the given information are as follows: let x be the distance between first and the second bird then,



Here we can observe that any value of x satisfies the given condition. Hence no unique value can be determined. Ans is e.

- 6. Let the sums be x and 2x. Then interest earned will be $(x \times 5 \times 2) /100 + (2x \times 8 \times 2)/100 = 420$. Thus solving we get x = 1000. But total sum is 3x i.e. Rs. 3000.Ans.c.
- 7. By formula $\theta = 6 (50 (11^* 36) / 12) = 102^{\circ}$. Ans.d..
- 8. In 2000 ml mixture, 0.2 litre water is present. Let the amount of water added be x litres. Now the total volume of mixture is 2+x of which water is 20%. Thus we have 20(2+x)/100 = x + 0.200. Solving we get x =0.25 litres. Thus Ans.a.
- 9. The rays are perpendicular to the ground therefore the length of the shadow is the length of the side opposite to the 30° in the right-angled-triangle which is half of the hypotenuse (100ft) i.e. 50 feet. Ans.c..
- 10. Let the present ages be a, b and c. One year back, the ages will be a-1, b-1 and c-1. Thus a-1: b -1 = 1:2 and a+4 : b+4 = 3:4. Thus solving we get a= 4, b= 7. Therefore c = 13. Ans. d..
- Let the speed of the man on still water be x km/hr. Then the speed of the stream is x/4 km/hr. Speed upstream is 3x/4 km/hr and speed downstream is 5x/4 km/hr. Hence the total time will be given by time upstream + time downstream i.e. 8/(5x/4)+8/(3x/4) = 4. Solving this we get x = 4.27 km/hr. Thus Ans. d..
- 12. Three consignments cost Suketu 3x10x150 = 4500 Lac. The two he sells fetches him 2x20x150 = 6000 Lac. That means three consignments sent gives him a profit of 1500 Lac, i.e., 15 Crore. To make a profit of 600 Crore, he has to send forty times three = 120 consignments. Answer is d..

- 13. Simple interest at 11% for 2 years on a sum of Rs. 1000 is Rs. 220. Since it is half of the compound interest for 2 years, we have $440 = 1000(1+R/100)^2-1000$ Thus, $144/100 = (1+R/100)^2$. Or, 1.2 = 1+R/100. Thus R = 20%. Ans.c..
- 14. After first discount of 10%, the MP will be Rs. 900. Now the second discount of 15% is given on Rs. 900 so that the SP will now be: $900-(15/100 \times 900) = 765$. Ans.d..
- 15. Let the length be L and W be the width, therefore W = 0.65L and perimeter = 3.3L New width = 1.2X0.65L = 0.78L Change in perimeter = 0.26L % increase in perimeter = (0.26L/3.3L)X 100 = 7.87%

Since width is 65% of length, it will be 0.65L. New width will be $120/100 \times 0.65L = 0.78L$. The original perimeter is 2(1.65L). Now it is 2(1.78L). Thus increase % is $0.13L/1.65L \times 100 \approx 8.4\%$. Ans.d..

- 16. Let the difference between the greatest and least part be 2d, then the difference between the 2^{nd} least and least part will be d. Let the parts be a+d, a, a-d. We have 3a = 23100. Thus a = 7700. Now 7700+d: 7700-d = 4:3. Thus solving we have d = 1100. Thus the amounts are 8800, 7700 and 6600. Ans. b.
- 17. Let the work be 12. A 's rate of work is 4 per day while that of B's is 3 per day. When they work together, the rates will be 3 and 2 respectively. When they work with C, their rates will improve to 4 and 3 again. C works at the rate of 1 per day. Hence the total rate of work of all 3 together is 8. Thus the work will be completed in 1 ½ day. Ans.a.
- 18. Diameter of the pond is 100 feet i.e. radius is 50 ft. Area of the walk = $\pi 52^2 \pi 50^2 = 204\pi$ feet. Ans.b.
- 19. We have to find the minimum number which when divided by 14, 11 and 12 gives the same remainder 5. This is given by N = LCM(14,11,12) x n + 5. For n =1, we will get the minimum number. Thus N= 929. Then total cows that are given to Brahmins are 929-5= 924. Thus the no of cows each Brahmin gets is 924/11 = 84. Ans.d.
- 20. The speed ratios are: A:B::1:2, and A:C::3:4. This gives the speed ratio B:C as 3:2. Therefore, the time ratio would be the inverse; b:c::2:3. Now, if B takes 10 hrs, C will take 3/2 times that much, i.e., 15 hrs. Answer is a.

EXERCISE – 10B

- 1. In the expression index (n) = 11, number of terms = n+1 = 12, sixth term from the end = 7th term from the start thus r = 6, therefore as per the formula, seventh term i.e., $T_7 = {}^{11}C_6 (-2x/5)^6 (5x^2/4)^5$ but ${}^{11}C_6 = {}^{11}C_5$ thus, $T_7 = {}^{11}C_5 (x^{16}/80)$
- 2. On factorizing the expression $\frac{2x^2 + x 1}{x^2 5x + 6} < 0$ So, $\frac{(2x-1)(x+1)}{(x-2)(x-3)} < 0$

Multiplying both the sides with the square of the denominator (square of any no. is a +ve quantity),we obtain (2x-1)(x+1)(x-2)(x-3) < 0Equating each of the factors to zero, we get $x = -1, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 3$ So, $-1 < x < \frac{1}{2}$ or 2 < x < 3

3. In first hour difference between A and B is of four km. ∴they can come together after every three hours. Similarly B and C can come together after every two hours. Hence all of them can be together after every six hours.

- 4. Number of cards in the pack are of the form 5a + 2, 7 b + 2 and 3c + 1, The only number which is not in this form is 107.
- 5. Let the principal be P. ∴Amount to be paid after one year = 21 P/ 20. Since he pays Rs.441, his principal for next year = 21 P/20 441.
 - \therefore Amount to be paid after second year = [21 P/20 441] 21/20 = 441. \Rightarrow P = Rs.820.
- 6. Area will be minimum if four circles touch each other externally. In that case required rectangle will be square of side 4a. \therefore It's area = 16 a².
- 7. $x^4 + 1/x^4 = (x^2 + 1/x^2)^2 2 = 727 \Rightarrow (x^2 + 1/x^2)^2 = 729 = (27)^2 \therefore (x^2 + 1/x^2) = 27.$ $(x^2 + 1/x^2) = (x - 1/x)^2 + 2 = 27 \Rightarrow x - 1/x = \pm 5. (x - 1/x)^3 = x^3 - 3 (x - 1/x) - 1/x^3$ $\Rightarrow x^3 - 1/x^3 = \pm 140$
- 8. Let the entries in second column first row be **a** and in the middle it is **b**. Since sum of all the rows and all the columns is same 15+a+10 = a + b + 25. $\Rightarrow b = 0$.
- 9. Three boys can be chosen out of 10 in ${}^{10}C_3 = 120$ ways. Since two girls refuse to join the group, three of the remaining can be chosen in ${}^{5}C_3 = 10$ different ways. \therefore Total number of ways = $120 \times 10 = 1200$
- Since he uses equal amounts of two kinds of petrol his cost per gallon = 35 ps. Hence in Rs.3.50 he will get 10 gallons of petrol. ∴ total distance travelled = 15 × 10 = 150 miles.
- 11. From the figure it is clear that $\triangle APE \sim \triangle BQE$, PQ = 15, AP = 4 and BQ = 8. $\therefore AP/BQ = PE/EQ = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow QE/2 = PE/1 \therefore QE = 2 PE.PQ = PE + EQ = 3 PE = 15 \Rightarrow PE = 5. \therefore$ By Pythagoras theorem AE = 3 units.
- 12. Eight months = 2/3 of a year. As per the contract he should get Rs. 2000 and 2/3 ^{ed} of the bicycle. Since he gets bicycle and Rs. 1700, cost of 1/3rd bicycle is Rs. 300. ∴ Total cost of the bicycle is Rs. 900.
- 13. There are several possibilities as

1) x < 3 $3 - x + 4 - x + 5 - x \ge 12$ or $12 - 3x \ge 12$ or $x \leq 0$ ||) $4 \ge x > 3$ $x - 3 + 4 - x + 5 - x \ge 12$ or $6 - x \ge 12$ or x ≤ -6 III) $5 \ge x > 4$ $x - 3 + x - 4 + 5 - x \ge 12$ or $x-2 \ge 12$ or x ≥ 14 IV) x > 5or $3x - 12 \ge 12$ $x - 3 + x - 4 + x - 5 \ge 12$ or $x \ge 8$ From above we have only I and IV satisfying the inequality. $\therefore x \le 0 \text{ or } x \ge 8$

14. <u>√(1- x/3)</u>

 $\overline{(2 + 4x)^2} = (1 - x/3)^{1/2} (2 + 4x)^{-2}$ $= \frac{1}{4} [(1 - x/3)^{1/2} (1 + 2x)^{-2}]$ $= \frac{1}{4} [1 - x/6 - x^2/72 - \dots] [1 - 4x + 12x^2 - \dots]$ (Expansion of the binomials is required only upto terms containing x² as the third term has power of x as 2) $= \frac{1}{4} [1 - (4 + 1/6)x + (4/6 - 1/72)x^2 + \dots]$ Therefore, the third term is $\frac{1}{4} (864 + 48 - 1)x^2/72 = 1311x^2/288$.

15. A is set of elements in A.P. with first term as 1 and common difference as 10. 452/2 = 226

Q

The smallest term in A nearest to 226 is 221.So the largest value in the set R could be 221.And 221 is $(221-1)/10 + 1 = 23^{rd}$ term of A .Hence, there can be a maximum of 23 elements in R.

- 16. Total number of ways of forming a two digit number (with different digits) = ${}^{10}P_2 = 90$. Since he takes one trial, required probability = 1 / 90.
- 17. From the figure, $\angle EBC = 30^{\circ}$ Produce EB so that BD is perpendicular to CD $\therefore \angle$ DCE = 45°. \therefore CD = DE = x/2. Hence EC² = (x²/4 + x²/4) = x²/2. \therefore EC = x $\sqrt{2}/2$.
- 18. Let the roots of the equation be $\alpha \& \beta$, $\alpha + \beta = a - 2$, $\alpha\beta = -(a+1)$ We have, $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ $= (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 2\alpha\beta$ $= (a - 2)^2 + 2(a + 1)$ $= a^2 - 4a + 4 + 2a + 2 = (a - 1)^2 + 5$ Thus, $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$ is least if a = 1
- 19. $a \square b = (a + 1) / b$ and $b \blacklozenge a = (a + 1) / b$. $\therefore a \square b = b \blacklozenge a$.
- 20. Let the cistern can be filled in t minutes. \therefore t (1/18 + 1/24 1/12) = 5/6 \Rightarrow t = 60 minutes.
- Let a, b, c and d respectively be the number of 1 Re., 50 Ps. 25 Ps, and 10 Ps. coins.
 ∴ 100 a / 2 = 50 b/3 = 25 c /4 = 10 d / 6 and a + b + c+ d = 840. ⇒ b = 3a, c = 8a and d = 30a.
 ∴ a (1+3+8+30) = 840 ⇒ a = 20.
- 22. Its clear that x = 3 satisfies the given equation and this is the only solution for it. As $a = 3^{x-1}$ and $y = 5^{x-1}$ are both increasing function of x. Therefore their sum $y = 3^{x-1} + 5^{x-1}$ is Also an increasing function of x, for x < 3; y < 34 and for x > 3; y > 34. Thus equation has no other solution.
- 23. Given expression is divisible by 49 for all positive integers, so answer option will be a.
- 24. i. If $x \le 2$ then, $2 x + 4 x + 6 x \ge 12$; $12 3x \ge 12$; $x \le 0$ ii. If $2 < x \le 4$ then, $x - 2 + 4 - x + 6 - x \ge 12$; $x \le -4$ iii. If $4 < x \le 6$ then, $x - 2 + x - 4 + 6 - x \ge 12$; $x \ge 12$ iv. If $x > 6x - 2 + x - 4 + x - 6 \ge 12$; $x \ge 8$ So, $x \le 0$ or $x \ge 8$
- 25. Number of turns of wire on the cylinder = Length of the cylinder / diameter of the wire = 12 / 0.5= 24. \therefore Length of the wire = $2 \times \pi \times 5 \times 24 = 240 \pi$ cm. = 754. 28 cm = 7.54 m.
- 26. Expenditure of six persons per week = 750 / 10 = Rs. 75. Hence the expenditure of 18 persons for 12 weeks = 3 (75) (12) = Rs.2700.
- 27. Since 2 men and 7 boys can complete the work in 14 days. If m and b respectively be the work done per day by a man and a boy ⇒ 14 (2m + 7 b) = 1 ⇒ 7 (4m + 14 b) = 1. Hence four men and fourteen boys can complete the work in seven days.
- 28. $a_1 + a_{2n+1} = a_2 + a_{2n} = \dots = a_{n+1} + a_{n+1} = 2 \cdot a_{n+1} = 200$
- 29. Let the distance between two lines X and Y be h units. $\therefore (\text{Area of II}) / (\text{Area of I}) = (2 \text{ h} \cdot \frac{1}{2}) / (6+4) \text{ h} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 2/10 = 1/5.$
- 30. Let the manufacturing price be Rs.100. \therefore His list price = Rs.160. \therefore S.P. = (78/100) (160) = 124.80 Hence his profit percentage = 24.80.

- 31. Let the ages before four years of the old and new persons respectively be a and b years and the average age of remaining nine persons be x years. ∴ (9x + a) / 10 = [9 (x+4) + (b+4)] / 10.
 ∴ a b = 40.
- 32. Cost of the watch = S.I. (2500 2000) = [(2000) (6) (8) / 100] 500 = Rs.460.
- 33. (i) From 1 to 10,3 will be written once,

(ii) From 11 to 99, if 3 is fixed at 10s digit ,unit digit can be filled in 10 ways. And if 3 is fixed at unit digit, 10s digit can be filled in 9 ways. So total 10 + 9 = 19 times

(iii) From 100 to 999, If if 3 is fixed at 100s digit, then 10s digit and unit digit can be filled in 10 ways. Thus total such no. will be 10. 10 = 100.

If 3 is fixed at 10s digit, 100s digit can be filled in 9 ways and unit digit in 10 ways ,so total 10.9 = 90 ways.

And if 3 is fixed at unit digit, 10s digit can be filled in 10 ways, and 100s digit in 9 ways ,so total 90 ways.

Therefore total no. of times 3 will be there = 1 + 19 + 100 + 90 + 90 = 300 times

Alternate solution:

(i) when 3 is at the unit place $\underline{3}$, total number of ways = 10 X 10 X 1 = 100 (ii) When 3 is at the 10th place, $\underline{3}$

total number of ways = $10 \times 1 \times 10 = 100$.

- (iii) when three is at the 100^{th} place, <u>3</u> _____ total number of ways = 1 X 10 X 10 = 100. Therefore total number of ways = 300.
- 34. Interior angle of a regular polygon is $[(n 2)\pi]/n$: $6A_6/5A_5 = 4.5.6\pi/3.5.6.\pi = 4/3$.
- 35. Relative speed = 60 + 40 = 100 km /hr. = 250 /9 m/sec. They cross each other in 9/2 seconds.
 ∴ Total distance travelled = (250/9) (9/2) = 125 m, which is the sum of the lengths of the two trains Total time taken to pass the tunnel = 277.5 seconds, and the distance travelled = length of the longer train (125x2/3m) and length of the tunnel(x).
 ∴ x + 125 (2/3) = (100 / 9) (277.5) ⇒ x = 3000 meters.
- 36. If bath can be filled in t minutes, t $(1/9+4/45) = 1 \Rightarrow t = 5$ minutes. Part of the bath that can be filled in 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ minutes = (1/5) $(15/4) = \frac{3}{4}$. \therefore In 5 minutes the waste pipe drains out $\frac{3}{4}$ th of the tank. Hence to empty the bath time taken by waste pipe = 5 $(4/3) = 20/3 = 6^{2}/_{3}$.
- 37. Area of the lawn = (30) (10) = 300 square yards. ∴Cost of fertilisation = 300 / 300 ps / sq. yard.
 = 1 ps / sq. yard.
- 38. Let A's investment be Rs. A. ∴B's investment will be Rs(A + 500). If their shares in the profit be respectively a and b. a / 5A = b / (6A + 3000) = 2600 / 11A + 3000.
 ∴ a = (2600 . 5A) / (11A + 3000) and b = 2600 (6A + 3000) / 11A + 3000) and b = a+600. Hence A = Rs.1500 and B = Rs.2000
- 39. Total cost of ten kg mixture = 12 . 4 + 15 . 3 + 18 . 2 + 21 . 1 = Rs.150. Hence to get 10 % profit S.P. of ten kg mixture = 150 + 15 = Rs.165. ∴ S.P. of the mixture = Rs.16.5 per kg.
- 40. Exactly 29 matches are required to determine the winner. As winner of the first match between any two players will play with the third player, their winner with fourth, . . .
- 41. Let the principal in each case is P. Since the amount is same interest in both cases must be same.

:.7 P n / 100 = 8 P (n - 0.5) / 100 \Rightarrow n = 4 years. (Since 6 months = 0.5 years)

Also 2560 = P [1+ (7 . 4/100)] \Rightarrow P = Rs.2000. Hence the principal is Rs. 2000 and the respective periods will be 3.5 years and 4 years.

- 42. Let us arrange 16 apples in a row. To divide these 16 apples among 4 persons so that each of them gets at least one apple is equivalent to inserting 3 partitions in 15 available places. Thus no. of ways = ${}^{15}C_{3}$
- 43. There is no short test of divisibility by 7. By test of divisibility by 7 these numbers need not be divisible by 7. Let the number is ABAB dividing it by 101 we get quotient = AB and remainder = 0. ∴ These numbers are divisible by 101.

AB ABAB AOA BOB - BOB 000

Alternate solution:

Let AB be a two digit number, then the new for digit number will be ABAB, Now, AB X 100 = AB00, Also AB00 + AB = ABAB, Here first the assumed number is multiplied by 100 and then the same number is added to the result i.e., in turn the number is multiplied by 101.

- 44. \triangle ACD being an equilateral triangle $\angle A = 60^{\circ}$. In triangle ACF, B is the mid-point of AC and BE // CF. As BE is perpendicular to AD and CF is perpendicular to AD, AF = 2AE = 2 = AB. \therefore AB = BC = 2. \therefore area of \triangle ACD = (side)² $\sqrt{3}$ / 4 = 4 $\sqrt{3}$
- 45. The roots of $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$ are ω and ω^2 . Let $\alpha = \omega$ and $\beta = \omega^2$ Then, $\alpha^{19} = \omega^{19} = (\omega^3)^6 \omega = \omega$ and $\beta^7 = (\omega^2)^7 = \omega^{14} = (\omega^3)^4 \omega^2 = \omega^2$. The equation whose roots are ω and ω^2 is $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$
- 46. From first station 9 different tickets are available, one for each of the remaining 9 stations; similarly from second station, 8 different tickets are available; and so on. Hence total number of available different tickets are = 9 + 8 + 7 + 6 + 5 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 1 = 45 Six person can select any 6 tickets in ${}^{45}C_{6}$ ways.
- 47. Since the largest angle is opposite the largest side , we have $CosC = (3^2 + 5^2 7^2)/(2)(3)(5) = -15/30 = -1/2$ Therefore $C = 2\pi/3$
- 48. Given number is $(27)^{4N}$. If the powers of 27 are of the form 4k+0, 4k+1, 4k+2 or 4k+3 the digits at units place are respectively 1, 7, 9 or 3. \therefore The digit at units place of $(27)^{4N}$ is 1. Hence digit at units place of given number is 1 + 1 = 2.
- 49. In the formula A/Q = $(1 q/Q)^h$, Q= 180, q = 60, n = 3. \therefore A = 180 $(1 1/3)^3$ = 53.33. \therefore After three days 53.33 liters of wine will be there in the vessel.
- 50. Let m, s, g, and p respectively be the number of mules, sheep, goats and pigs. $\frac{50m+40s+25g+10p}{m+s+g+p} = 30 \Rightarrow 20 \text{ m} + 10 \text{ s} - 5\text{g} - 20 \text{ p} = 0. \Rightarrow 4\text{m} + 2\text{s} = \text{g+4p}.$

 \therefore 2 (2m+s) = g+4p. Since LHS is an even number and (4p) from RHS is also even g has to be an even number. Hence required number of goats = 2.